St. Louis Post-Di[spatch]

VOL. XXVIII. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1879.

BROWN'S
Camphorated Saponaceous
DENTIFRICE

Large Bottles, 25 Cents.

CAMPHOR, united with SOAP and other pure and valuable ingredients, in this preparation, undoubtedly presents THE BEST DENTIFRICE yet offered to the public. It hardens the gums, kills animal and vegetable parasites, SWEETENS THE BREATH, makes *the Teeth glisten with Whiteness and prevents their Decay.*

A TOWER OF STRENGTH.
Purely Vegetable & All-Healing.
BROWN'S
WORLD-FAMED
HOUSEHOLD PANACEA
HAS NO EQUAL
FOR RELIEVING PAIN.
Purely Vegetable and All-Healing.

We appeal to every family to buy one bottle of BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA for trial. It can be had of almost any druggist for 25 cts. It will save heavy doctor's bills, and when once introduced will prove to be INDISPENSABLE. It quickly
HEALS FRESH WOUNDS--CURES SEVEREST PAIN.
USE IT EXTERNALLY AND INTERNALLY FOR
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Chills and Fever, Summer Complaints, Burns, Cramps, or any Distress in the Side, Back, Stomach or Bowels, not excepting Cholera.
Will extract the fire from a burn immediately, and remove all pain and soreness.
WARRANTED DOUBLE THE STRENGTH of ANY OTHER ELIXIR or LINIMENT.
Small Bottles, 25c.; large 50c. Sold by all Druggists.

BROWN'S
VERMIFUGE
COMFITS
For Destroying Worms.
25 CENTS.

A substantial and effective confection, *stronger in remedial action than any other medicine of its kind, but which is very pleasant to the taste, and can do no possible injury to the most delicate child.* This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and can be relied upon as a

Specific.



A NEW BOOK.
"The HORSE and HIS DISEASES."

No one who owns or works a horse can afford to be without this book. It is just the complete and practical manual that has long been needed by horse owners. It is written by a well known Veterinary Surgeon of great experience, so that no matter of importance relating to the Horse is omitted. It is invaluable when horses are attacked with diseases requiring prompt attention, and in districts remote from Veterinary Surgeons, because it enables any one to doctor their own horses. It gives the best rules for telling the age of a horse, with a fine engraving showing the appearance of the teeth at each year. Also much other INFORMATION of great value to every horse owner. Actually worth as much as other Horse Books costing from five to ten dollars, but condensed so as to give all that is necessary to know and sent by mail post-paid on receipt of the price, 50 cents, or 5 copies to one address for $1, either in stamps or money. Ask two of your neighbors to buy one copy each and thus get

A HORSE BOOK FREE!!

DR. WM. H. HALL, Canandaigua, N. Y., says: "I have bought books from England that I paid five and ten dollars for, which I do not like as well as I do yours." The Editor of the "WESTERN SPORTSMAN and LIVE STOCK NEWS," says of it: "It is a book that every owner of a horse should have. It has 35 engravings illustrating positions assumed by sick horses, and we would not exchange it for any book on the horse and his diseases that we have ever seen, and we have read some books of the kind that cost ten dollars." Its usage would allow we could give hundreds of testimonials in its favor.

AGENTS WANTED to canvass every County for this Valuable Book.
Farmers, Merchants, Doctors, Stable Keepers, and every owner of a horse, buys on sight; it outsells all others.
53 Thousand Sold. Sample Copy and Terms to Agents sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of 50 cents. **Address all orders to S. E. PRENTISS & CO., Springfield, Ohio.**
We refer to the Merchants, Bankers, Express Agents, Postmaster and Manufacturers of our city.

THE STRIKE.

Six Hundred Coopers Quit Work

For an Advance of Two and Three Cents on Their Work.

Large Meeting at National Hall This Morning.

History of the Strike---The Plasterers and Hod-Carriers.

The strike of the coopers is now an accomplished fact. After weeks of talk, and after the men in several shops had quit work, nearly the whole body of coopers in St. Louis, numbering some 600 men, have turned out on a strike. An organization has been perfected, and everything is in running order to keep up the war, especial pains having been taken to secure the sinews thereof—pecuniary aid.

The present is the busy time of the coopers, and, of course, they have seized the advantageous opportunity to compel the bosses to accede to their demands. The first inauguration of the strike took place on Monday, July 10, but the movement did not become general until Thursday. St. Louis is a large center for the cooper trade, and there are probably more barrels made here than in any other city. Over 65,000 barrels are manufactured in this city weekly. The rate of pay hitherto paid the coopers has been 5 cents for hand and 7 cents for machine work, and the workmen now demand 7 cents for hand and 10 cents for machine, an increase of 2 and 3 cents respectively. They claim that at the rate they have been paid the average rate of wages per week that a man could earn was only $6 25, and at the prices they now demand the average workman can only make $8 50 weekly. This they say will not support a man and his family. For this amount, in the large shops, of which there are about a dozen in the city, the men work ten hours per day, while in the small ones twelve and thirteen hours' work constitutes a day's labor. The strikers claim that they have been forced into taking their present action; that the wages they earned barely enabled them to escape starvation. As one man said, no single boss was responsible for the strike; it was

STARVATION FORCED THEM TO IT.

As before stated there are about 600 coopers in the city; of these over 500 are out on a strike. All of these men do not belong to the Coopers' Union, a joint organization has been formed which embraces union and non-union men alike, and to which all the striking coopers belong. The officers of the organization are James J. Coffey, president; Leopold Leffler, vice-president; Samuel Miller, secretary, and Nicholas Devereux, financial secretary. Appeals have been sent to all the Coopers' Unions in the States and in Canada, and to other trades unions, and promises of aid have been received. Next week it is expected that a large amount of money will arrive here from workingmen's organizations elsewhere. Aid has also been solicited in town, and the men so far have been very successful. A finance committee has been appointed by the strike organization and sits daily in National Hall, Broadway and Chambers, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Meetings are now also held daily at 9:25.

The President of the Coopers' International Union has issued an appeal, calling upon the coopers in the States and Canada to help the St. Louis coopers. The strike of the coopers here has assumed a great importance, as it is claimed that if they succeed there will be a reorganization of wages in this branch of business throughout the West. For this reason, the coopers in other towns will probably render substantial aid.

The headquarters of the strikers is at National Hall, and at any hour of the day numbers of them can be seen in that locality. They are peaceful and orderly, and thus far no disturbance has occurred. It is a notable fact that the men are all temperate. Even the saloon under the National Hall is not patronized, and if the men drink it is evident that now, at least, they do not squander the money they receive from their support fund. In the morning, before the meeting, some three or four hundred men congregate in the vicinity of the hall. As a class they appear to be hard working, intelligent men. It is plainly apparent that they mean to fight it out on the line of 7 and 10 cents if it takes all summer, and there are no indications of their yielding. The bosses on the contrary are reported to be inclined to compromise. Before the strike commenced the men appointed a committee to wait on the bosses and conferred with them on their demands and then endeavor to obtain their increase without striking. Some of the bosses, it is said, were even then willing to agree to the men's terms. At present the coopers want the bosses to pay seven and ten cents for work and sign a contract to pay these prices for one year. At their meetings every allusion to their determination to hold out until these terms are agreed to is greeted with immense applause.

To-Day's Meeting.

At 9:30 this morning President Coffey called the organization of strikers together at National Hall.

The minutes of yesterday's meeting were read by the secretary.

Mr. Cardell, for the committee appointed to wait on the glass-blowers to solicit aid, reported that aid would be forthcoming from them Saturday and next week. Report accepted and committee continued.

Stephen Coffey, chairman of the committee appointed to wait on the men at the Harrison Wire Works, reported slight donation from another source. The committee had not yet visited the wire works, but intended doing so on Saturday.

August Gahb, of the committee to visit the machinists and blacksmiths at the Pacific machine shops, stated that he had done so, but found that the men there were paid on Monday. They were the same as any other mechanics; they didn't carry money in their pockets. The men gave the committee encouragement, and they would visit them on pay-day.

John Knapp, of the same committee, said the machinists had promised to contribute freely. The report was accepted and the committee discharged, and the President was authorized to attend to the matter.

Mr. Henningfield, of the committee to visit the men at the co-operative furniture shops, said the workmen there informed him they were just paid enough to live. Even most of their wages was paid to them in grocery orders. They hoped, however, the coopers would hold out. Committee discharged.

Albert Albery and S. A. Ball were appointed a committee to visit the men at Lambert's shop and Lutz's two stores, and endeavor to induce them to quit. These shops are what is termed tight-barrel shops.

The various committees appointed yesterday to call at some of the smaller shops, where some men were still working, and induce them to join the strike, then reported. Many of the men thus visited quit work.

A rather ludicrous incident occurred to the committee calling at Cass' shop, on Eighth and Allen avenue, where the boss told his men to go out and join the strikers, but the men refused. This was a bottle beer barrel store.

Altogether it was ascertained that only ten coopers were working in the southern part of the city.

The president remarked that the bosses would all soon come to their terms. All they had to do was to stick a little longer. [Applause.] Some one told him the bosses would commit suicide if they held out much longer. [Laughter and applause.]

Mr. Cardell said he would speak for one boss who, although he had not committed suicide, had a bad case of palsy. [Great cheering and laughter.]

Mr. Cardell then suggested the appointment of a committee to wait upon the millers. They were fighting the boss coopers fairly and not the millers. They could ascertain from the millers what the bosses got for the barrels. The bosses, too, should understand they were not fighting the millers for them. He also advised the strikers to apply for financial relief when they really needed it.

Mr. Leffler differed from the above gentleman's view as to the committee to visit the millers. They were fighting their own battle for "seven and ten." [Applause.] He then recited instances where such action towards the millers had proved futile.

Stephen Coffey was also opposed to the appointment of a committee for that purpose. The matter then dropped.

DANGEROUS BARRELS.

The president then called the attention of the meeting to the fact that barrel-rack wagons were going around picking up old barrels that had been in cellars and were mildewed and decayed, had been used by rats, etc., and that the bosses were putting them in use as flour barrels. The attention of the public should be called to this fact. Some of these barrels were used for sugar, and the people had to eat it after it had been placed in these filthy barrels.

Mr. Kellogg said these "gutter snipes" were collecting these refuse barrels, so hard pushed were the bosses. These old barrels had been placed in back alleys, cellars and other damp and dirty places. Rat poison, etc., was frequently placed in them. Then the "gutter snipes" carried these barrels to some stagnant pond, washed them, scraped them inside and sold them to the millers and refiners. Flour, sugar, cornmeal, etc., was put into them. The Board of Health should see to this as a sanitary precaution. It was for the benefit of the public that this should be known. He thought it would be well for the coopers to take action and at the next legislature procure the passage of a law prohibiting the use of such damaged barrels for this purpose. He advised the coopers to stand firm in their demands; their honor demanded it, for they had appealed to their brethren throughout the country. "Never go to work until you are forced to do it for want of a meal." [Immense applause.] Every one was in sympathy with them.

Mr. Leffler reiterated in German, for the benefit of the members of that nationality, the preceding speaker's remarks. He particularly called attention to the fact that this organization was not one of Union men only, but of all coopers. "Remain true and firm, and then you will obtain the victory."

Mr. Kellogg said that an eminent Chicago physician had stated that if a barrel filled with flour had been in a house where small-pox had prevailed it would convey the infection elsewhere.

Mr. Cardell proposed the appointment of a committee to wait on the Sanitary Commissioners to call their attention to the use of these barrels.

Mr. Stephen Coffey opposed the idea.

Mr. Leffler also objected.

Mr. Devereux would swear that he had seen these filthy barrels washed in the gutter and ponds.

Messrs. Cardell, Coffey and McCloyne were then appointed as the committee.

The reporter ascertained that over 2,000 old barrels were collected in the city a week, and were ordinarily used as potato barrels.

It was stated that the boss of the Hyde Park shop was willing to sign the contract if the other bosses would do so.

Daniel Johnson said Mr. Schmieding, the hardware man, had told them to stand out.

It was then decided that the Treasurer should make no report of the funds in hand as heretofore. The disposition of the fund was to be left to the Finance Committee, who would keep an account and report when the strike was over. It was folly, they thought, to disclose the amount of their funds to their enemies.

It was also stated that the coopers in Cairo had obtained an increase of two cents.

The President then requested members to come forward with appeals for subscriptions. These appeals all bear the stamp of the union and the men will collect money with them. He also requested those members desiring pecuniary aid to come to the Financial Committee when the meeting was over.

Adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The Plasterers.

The plasterers have already been out on a strike some time. They demand $3 per day. Some of the contractors who have pressing work to do are already paying this rate. To all appearances the plasterers will hold out until the contractors come to their terms.

The Hod-Carriers.

The hod-carriers in a few days will, it is said, join the plasterers, and also demand $3 per day. Should this turn out true it will almost entirely stop the erection of the buildings now in progress throughout the city.

MR. SIMEON D. ARNOLD and three companions started for a tour of the northern lakes yesterday. They went up by way of the Mississippi River in a skiff, and expect to row all the way to the Falls of St. Anthony. The last time Mr. Arnold was seen the drops of sweat on his brow were as big as gooseberries.

Last Edition

A BOSTON HORROR

Light Thrown on the Fate of Jennie Clarke,

The Girl Whose Dead Body Was Found in a Trunk.

The Mystery Surrounding Her Fate Cleared Up.

Arrest of the Parties Implicated—Details of the Crime.

By Western Associated Press.

BOSTON, July 16.—The mystery that has long shrouded the death of Jennie P. Clarke, whose body was found in a trunk at Lynn, now is said to be solved. Late last night those implicated were arrested and lodged in the Tombs.

THE PARTIES ARRESTED

were Mme. C. C. Goodrich, female physician, 21 Lagrange street, and who is the alleged abortionist in the case, Dr. Kimball, who lived in the same house with that woman, and is charged with being one of the principal accessories, Mr. Allen N. Adams, at Highlands, at whose house Jennie last worked, and two women, mother and daughter, living in Somerville, at whose house in the south part of that town Jennie Clarke is said to have died. The two ladies, however, whose names are just now suppressed for obvious reasons, but who in this narrative will be referred to as Smith, are held principally as witnesses in the case. They have always borne a good reputation in Somerville and are supposed to have been guiltless of any criminal intent in the share they took in the transactions, though their names are included in the complaint against the parties arrested, charging complicity in procuring abortion upon the body of Jennie Clarke. They, it appears, were nurses of Jennie at the house in Somerville.

THE FACTS OF THE CASE,

as they are related by them, and corroborated by the testimony, are that on the 12th of February last, when the Clarke girl left her home in Highland, she went direct to the house of Mme. Goodrich, and there the abortion was performed, and she remained for a few days, and, on the 15th of February, left Boston for Somerville, going to the house of the Smiths. Shortly after her arrival, she was delivered of a fœtus, and for a while exhibited symptoms of getting well. Soon, however, her illness took an unfavorable turn, and, on the 25th inst., she died. Dr. Kimball and the "Madame" had previously been notified of the turn matters were taking, and the doctor went to Somerville, arriving there shortly after Jennie's death, and assisting in packing up the body, first, with a pair of dentist's forceps, cutting off the nose of

THE DEAD GIRL.

The body of Miss Clarke was then put into a trunk, and on the following evening Kimball carried it in a buggy in the direction of Lynn. He was unable to sink it, as desired, as most of the streams were frozen, but on reaching Fox Hill Bridge, on the Saugus River, he put it overboard through the rails.

This is the substance of the story of the two nurses of Jennie Clarke, as told this morning to detectives.

MANY DETAILS

are yet unknown, and the principals refuse to divulge anything, claiming their entire innocence, but their denial will be met by strong evidence in the hands of the officers, and the indictment of all the parties by the Grand Jury at its next session will probably follow. A Dr. Jas. L. Simonds, so-called dentist, who owns the building on 21 Lagrange street, where the abortion was performed, was also arrested. He is notorious as the proprietor of several other dens of a similar character.

The Buford Trial.

By Western Associated Press.

OWENTON, KY., July 16.—Among the witnesses called this morning for the defense was Mrs. Annie Wallace, the lady to whom Buford addressed a letter just before the murder. The lady strongly sustained the theory of the prisoner's insanity. After a few other witnesses had given in their evidence the defense closed, with the privilege of introducing a few other witnesses who are expected to arrive to-morrow.

The Red Devils.

By Western Associated Press.

GALVESTON, July 16.—A News special from Fort Davis says: The Indians attacked the Deutscheurer ranch three miles east of here and killed Juan Josia, a herder's, wife, and drove off sixteen horses. A party of fourteen citizens and a detachment of troops are in pursuit.

The Hull Murder.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Mr. Rollins opened the case of Chastine Cox for the prosecution, and at the conclusion of his address Dr. Hull was placed on the stand.

A Lucky Murderer.

By Western Associated Press.

TORONTO, July 16.—Edward Thickpenny, sentenced to be hanged in September, for the murder of Catharine Thompson, at Markham, has had his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.

EULOGIZING THE DEAD.

The Merchants of St. Louis Honoring the Memory of Wm. J. Lewis.

Resolutions of Respect Adopted on 'Change This Morning.

The death of William J. Lewis cast a gloom over the entire business community. There were few more useful or better loved men in St. Louis, and his loss is keenly felt. To-day at 12 o'clock the Merchants' Exchange passed a series of resolutions of respect to Mr. Lewis. Eloquent and touching speeches were made by Gen. John W. Noble and Mr. Web. M. Samuel. The preamble and resolutions were as follows:

THE RESOLUTIONS.

The death of an honest, enterprising, active business man is a public calamity in any community. Such a calamity has fallen upon this city. Wm. J. Lewis is dead. The modest, unassuming gentleman, whom we were wont to meet daily upon this floor, is no more. Words are inadequate to express the sentiments of regret that fill our hearts among the members of this exchange. In banking circles, and in fact in the whole community, there is a deep, heart-felt sorrow and regret that we shall see the face of our friend and associate no more. The ways of Providence are inscrutable and we do not understand them now. We bow in humble submission to the Divine will which has permitted this loss to come upon us, assured that what is now hid shall be made plain to us hereafter. It is meet and propper, however, to come together to-day to give public expression of the high esteem in which our late fellow-member was held by us all and to place upon the records of time our humble tribute to his worth. Therefore,

Resolved, That we bear willing testimony to the high standing of Wm. J. Lewis in this community, where his name has ever been a synonym of all that was upright and honorable and where his word was never doubted nor his character ever questioned. As President of this Exchange, to which you elected him in 1870, he won the approbation of all by his modest dignity and courteous bearing. To the many positions of honor and trust which he was called upon to fill, he brought correct business principles and fidelity, coupled with such a high sense of honesty and uprightness as to give confidence to any project placed under his management. Although for many years beyond the necessities of active business, he has nevertheless employed his means and his energies in developing the resources and extending the commerce of the city of his adoption, and has always been ready and willing to assist any enterprise looking to the good of this city or the welfare of this people. Was he successful? Such a man is sure of success.

Resolved, That in his business life, in his social circle and in his home life he has always been known as an honest man, a genial and warm-hearted friend, and a devoted husband and father. Peace to his ashes. May he enjoy through all the great hereafter the rewards given to those who in this life "have served their God and loved their fellow-men."

Resolved, That to his bereaved and afflicted family we extend our most sincere sympathy, assuring them that not only in his home will he be mourned, but that his memory will long be cherished, and his loss deeply felt by his business friends and associates.

Resolved, That the hall of the Exchange be draped in mourning for thirty days, as a token of respect to the memory of our honored friend and ex-President, and that the Exchange be closed on Thursday, the day of his funeral, until 11:30 a. m.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of the Exchange, and that copies thereof be furnished to the family of the deceased.

WEB. M. SAMUEL,
JNO. P. KEISER.
JNO. M. GILKESON,
E. O. STANARD,
JOS. S. NANSON,
MILES SELLS,
Committee.

A FLAMING PIT.

The Pennsylvania Coal Mine Still Burning Fiercely.

Ineffectual Efforts to Quench the Subterranean Fire.

Lucky Escape of Miners from the Infernal Furnace.

A Destructive Conflagration at Buffalo, N. Y.

By Western Associated Press.

CENTRALIA, PA., July 16.—The vein coal at Prevost's colliery is still burning fiercely, together with the dirt and rock banks. The mine is being flooded now, but with poor prospects of overcoming

THE FLAMES,

which gained considerable headway during the night, now endangering the working of the Continental and Hazeldell mines, which are only divided from the burning vein by a pillar of coal thirty feet thick. Should the workings take fire, this town would be ruined. Several valuable pumping engines were destroyed, together with breaker, office and all buildings except stables.

THE LOSS

is estimated this morinng at $200,000; breaker was insured with Provost and Herring, Philadelphia, but to what amount is not known.

Just before the fire commenced, a car-load of miners, who were descending into the pit, made a narrow escape from destruction, receiving timely warning from two boys who escaped the flames.

Conflagration at Buffalo.

By Western Associated Press.

BUFFALO, July 16.—Another disastrous conflagration occurred in this city this morning at Pitt's agricultural works, entirely destroying the immense establishment, with the exception of the store-house containing finished machinery, and the office building. It is supposed the cause was spontaneous combustion. The works were established in 1851 by John A. Pitts, but had lately been merged into a stock company, of which Mrs. Mary A. Brayley was the President. The total insurance is $106,000. No estimate of the loss has yet been obtained.

A MILLIONAIRE'S FATE.

Horribly Mutilated by a Railway Train.

Struck by the Cowcatcher and Thrown Two Hundred Feet.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Anthony Zabriski, a millionaire living at Central Morrisania, a member of an ancient, historical and very eccentric family, was instantly killed this morning at Central Morrisania by the New Haven express train.

MR. ZABRISKI

had just left the grounds surrounding his house, which is in the rear of the car repair shop at Central Morrisania, accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Martin E. Green. They intended to take the train for the city which leaves the Central Morrisania Depot at 9:10 o'clock. As he approached, he saw a train approach from the north, and supposed that it was the train he meant to take and that it would not stop at the depot, which was about 100 yards distant from him. He, therefore, hastened across the track, but the train, which proved to be the New Haven express, did not stop, but rushed down upon him at a rate of forty miles an hour, and the cow-catcher,

STRIKING HIM,

threw him a distance of two hundred feet on a side-track, where he struck on his head frightfully mangled. Zabriski's property is estimated at $10,000,000. His sister is so shocked that her condition is considered precarious.

Iowa Prohibitionists.

By Western Associated Press.

CEDAR RAPIDS, IA., July 16.—The Prohibition Convention met to-day, Rev. Isaac C. Lusk presiding. Committees were selected, and J. P. Pinkham was made permanent president. The Convention, by a vote of 23 to 21, postponed until after reading the resolutions a motion to nominate a full State ticket pledged to prohibition. Considerable debate ensued on the motion binding all the members to support the action of the convention. A desire was manifested to exclude all who took part in the Republican State Convention.

Jailed to Answer.

The case of Ned Lundy and Tom Brennan, charged with grand larceny, was heard by Judge Cady to-day, who ordered them committed to jail to answer in default of bond in the sum of $1,000 each. On the night of the 4th inst., the defendants stole $102 from B. Robinson, of No. 718 Olive street.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Orleans Family Plotting Against the Bonapartes.

Large Numbers of English Operatives off for America.

Terrible Ravages of Diphtheria in Bessarabia.

The Cholera Makes its Appearance in Smolensk.

England.

A NEW COMMONER.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, July 16.—Mr. Tennant, Liberal, has been elected to the House of Commons from Glasgow, without opposition, in the place of Alexander Whitelaw, Conservative, recently deceased.

SCHOUVALOFF OFF.

Count Schouvaloff has gone to the continent. He will visit Russia before he returns.

OFF FOR AMERICA.

In consequence of the depression in Lancaster large numbers of operatives are emigrating to America.

ANOTHER FAILURE.

Jackson, Gill & Co., iron masters, of Middleborough, have failed; liabilities estimated at £50,000.

THE BRITISH FLEET.

A dispatch from Constantinople reports a etter from the British fleet, announcing that the fleet will arrive in Besika Bay next week.

Russia.

WEIMER'S TRIAL.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, July 16.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg denies that Dr. Weimer, the alleged accomplice of Solovieff, has been tried and sentenced to suffer death. The date of his trial has not yet been fixed.

RAVAGES OF THE CHOLERA AND DIPHTHERIA.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, July 16.—A Berlin dispatch says cholera has made its appearance in Smolensk. The terrible epidemic, diphtheria, continues its ravages in Bessarabia, where the order of the Governor is published, ordering universal fumigation of the dwellings and clothing of the peasantry.

France.

PLOTS OF THE ORLEANS FAMILY.

By Cable to Western Associated Press.

LONDON, July 16.—It is intimated that the meeting of the members of the Orleans family at Geneva announced to be held next Saturday is intended to discuss the course to be taken by them in the view of improvement, their prospects in consequence of the split likely to occur among the Bonapartists because of unpopularity of Prince Jerome Bonaparte.

HONORS TO HANLAN.

Arrival of the Champion Boatman at Toronto.

Tendered a Splendid Reception at His Home.

By Western Associated Press.

TORONTO, July 16.—Hanlan, accompanied by D. Ward, James Heasley and D. E. Shaw, arrived by the steamer Chicora from Niagara at 6 o'clock last evening. He was met a short distance out in the lake by a large

FLEET OF STEAMERS

and yachts, all of which were crowded with people, and escorted to the city. The wharves along the route were densely packed with spectators, who cheered as the Chicora passed, which Hanlan modestly acknowledged.

IN THE EVENING

he visited the Horticultural Gardens, where he was presented with an address by Mayor Beattie, on behalf of the citizens, to which he briefly replied.

Base Ball.

By Western Associated Press.

BUFFALO, July 16.—Base ball yesterday, Bostons, 4; Buffalos, 3.

Pennsylvania Democratic Convention.

By Western Associated Press.

HARRISBURG, PA., July 16.—The Democratic convention for the nomination of a State Treasurer met at noon in the Opera-house, which is about two-thirds full. The convention was called to order by Chairman Speer.

THE DOOMED DEGONIA.

A Faint Hope that the Governor May Yet Interfere.

The Condemned Man Calmly Awaiting His Fate.

Joseph Degonia sits quietly in his cell in the murderers' row of the city jail, apparently not giving a thought to the fact that within forty-eight hours the pulsations of his heart will be stilled in death. He is resigned to his death, which is as uncompromising as fate itself, and not one murmur against it has he uttered throughout the long, hot day. He remarked last night that he would die an innocent man, and that as there was no further hope for a reprieve, he would dismiss every thought from his mind but that of the God before whom he would shortly appear. Two of the Fathers from St. Alphonsus' Rock Church have passed the day with him in prayer, never quitting his side. Sheriff Wallace and Deputy Hill arrived from Potosi last evening for the purpose of conducting him to the jail of that little city. A noose has been secured from Marshal Mason, and to-morrow morning Degonia will bid good-bye to the St. Louis jail forever and go back over the Iron Mountain railway to Potosi, accompanied by the Sheriff and his deputy, and then on Friday, between the hours of nine in the morning and four in the afternoon, his life will expiate all. The scaffold has been erected in the jail yard, and Degonia will be its first victim. The execution will be conducted in public and will be the third in the history of Washington County, only two persons, Armstrong and Jolly, who were hanged at Potosi, eight years ago, having died legal deaths at the end of a rope within its confines. No trouble is anticipated by Sheriff Wallace, but twenty-five deputies armed with shot-guns will surround the gallows to hold off the crowd and frustrate any attempt at rescue which might be made.

Sheriff Wallace in the course of a lengthy conversation with a POST-DISPATCH reporter to-day said that it pained him to know that poor Joe's (meaning Degonia's) day of reckoning was so near at hand. Every preparation had been completed for the execution and he thought that it would take place without a marring accident on Friday. Sheriff Wallace has not fully decided as to the hour that the trap will be sprung, but it is expected to take place at or about noon.

A Faint Hope.

Mr. Garesche, counsel for Degonia, received a telegram from the Governor's private secretary this afternoon, inquiring if further mitigating circumstances could be shown by Degonia should a reprieve be granted. Of course the answer was in the affirmative, and it is possible Governor Phelps is considering the advisability of giving the condemned another chance.

False Report.

There was a rumor in the city this morning that there was a terrible fire raging at St. Charles. It proved, however, to be without foundation, as the following telegram shows:

ST. CHARLES, Jan. 16, 1879.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Only a shanty burned—not worth mentioning.

G. R. BUCKNER,
Postmaster.

A THIEF'S CONFESSION.

How He Entered and Robbed a Jewelry Store.

Shadowed by Detectives, He is Captured and Jailed.

Other Crimes Revealed in the Courts to-Day.

Between five and six o'clock on last Sunday morning the jewelry store of William Rhineholdt, on the corner of Fourth and Myrtle streets, was burglarized of ninety-six gold rings and forty-five silver ones, all of the value of $450. The robbery was a bold one, and had been executed almost in an instant, and there was no clue to the thief or thieves. Mr. Rhineholdt had opened up his store and stepped into the back yard for a moment, and on his return his stock of rings had disappeared. It was so early that no one was on the street at the time, and the robbery was shrouded in mystery. Acting Chief of Police Lee was notified of the robbery, and detailed Detectives O'Neil and Stewart to work up the case.

THE DETECTIVES

spent Sunday in a fruitless search, and started out Monday morning with hope deferred. Near the corner of Third and Locust streets O'Neil observed two young fellows dividing up some money, and from the suspicious actions of one became convinced that they had been in some devilment. At any rate he concluded to take them into custody. The lads were arrested and taken to the Chestnut Street Police Station, where they gave their names as Barney Lynch and John Masoni. On being searched, a pawn-ticket calling for one plain gold ring was found in Masoni's possession, and a further investigation revealed the fact that Lynch had just secured it through pawning a ring given him by Masoni for that purpose. An examination of the ring showed it to be one of those stolen from Rhineholdt's, and Masoni was locked up and Lynch released. This morning Masoni, who had told several different stories as to how the ring came into his possession, weakened, and confessed that he had plundered the jewelry establishment. He had been passing by and, observing the proprietor step out, stepped in and secured the trays of rings. On leaving the store he hastened through an alley up to the business portion of the city, and then, seeking out Levi Sterth's fence-house, at No. 932 North Eighth street, disposed of his entire haul with the exception of one ring which he gave Lynch to pawn, for $35. Steritz was at once taken into custody and his place searched, but none of the rings were found, the supposition being that he had melted them down as soon as they came into his possession.

A WARRANT

will be issued for his arrest this afternoon, on a charge of receiving stolen property, while Masoni will be transferred to jail on a charge of grand larceny. Masoni comes of a family of thieves, though this is his first crime. He has one brother in the Colorado Penitentiary and another doing time in the Cincinnati Work-house, both on charges of larceny. The cases will be brought before the grand jury without delay, and, ere many weeks, Jefferson City will receive two new accessions from St. Louis.

A Murderous Moke.

In all probability, Hugh Donnelly will go to the rocks for fifty-six days. On last night, Officer Armstrong found him down near the corner of Sixth and Poplar streets with a butcher-knife, sharp as a razor, and he was informing the natives of that delectable locality that he was thirsty for gore. The policeman managed to disarm him and take him to the Station-house, from whence he went up into the First District Police Court this morning on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. On a hearing of the case Judge Jecko entered up a fine of $25 and costs.

Kenny's Crime.

"Dismissed for want of prosecution, at the prosecutor's cost," was the entry made in the case of Dan. Kenny, by Judge Cady this morning in the Court of Criminal Correction. Assault and battery was the charge and Dan's part consisted in giving May Osten a beating at No. 1006 Washington avenue a fortnight ago. Some understanding had been arrived at between the two parties by which the case was allowed to be dismissed.

Hunt Housed.

Samuel Hunt appeared before Judge Cady this morning to answer to a charge of assault to kill preferred by Abraham Cook. On the 25th of last month Hunt and Cook got into a drunken altercation, which resulted in the former knocking out the latter's eye with a bottle. On the examination to-day the charge was changed to one of mayhem, and the court holding the defendant guilty ordered him committed to jail to answer for lack of bond in the sum of $1,000.

Emma Batiste's Fine.

Emma Batiste, who conducts a notorious colored fence and panel house, was arraigned before Judge Jecko this morning on a charge of violating the city ordinance in being a keeper. She pleaded not guilty, but as it was not her first appearance the Judge let her off lightly with a fine of $100 and costs.

At Prosecutor's Costs.

The case of John Ford, charged with committing an assault and battery on the person of Pat H. Dorcey on Jefferson avenue last Sunday, was dismissed from the Court of Criminal Correction to-day at prosecutor's costs, an amicable understanding having been arrived at.

A Family Row.

Kate Philips, one of the most notorious colored madames of the city, has been arrested at the instigation of Tim. T. Kiely, on a charge of grand larceny. The article which Tim claims to have lost is a gold watch of the value of $125, which was lost on the night of the 3rd of last April.

First District Police Court.

Hugh Donnelly, a murderous moke, was caught carrying a butcher knife by Officer Armstrong, and fined $25 and costs.

Emma Batiste, a notorious keeper, was assessed $100 and costs on a charge of violating the city ordinance.

Annie Menel and Kate Woods, inmates of naughty boarding-houses, were fined $10 and costs.

John Boyle, Annie Hamilton, Wm. Timpe and Annie Farley were fined costs for drunks and disturbances of the peace.

Second District Police Court.

Thirty-four cases were docketed in this court to-day.

Seven cases of disorderly women were disposed of with fines.

Teresa Schlottman, Margaret Cassidy, Ellen Eagan, Mary Sheehan, Mollie Moore, B. Johnston, Dallas Sandford, and Gus. S. Doering were fined for disturbing the peace.

Geo. Chambers, Anthony McGarvey, Peter Wertz, William Beckman, and Granville Carter were fined $10 each for trespassing.

Frank Ross, Otto Heinberger and William White were fined $3 each for swimming.

A number of cases were continued.

Court of Criminal Correction.

Lydia Spencer, grand larceny; defendant held in bond of $1,000 to answer.

Ned Lundy and Tom Brennan, grand larceny; defendants committed to jail to answer for lack of bond in the sum of $1,000.

John Ford, assault and battery; dismissed at prosecutor's costs.

Dan Kenny, assault and battery; dismissed at prosecutor's costs.

[...]

It Has Entirely [...] from Memphis.

A Rush of Business and a General Feeling of Hopefulness.

The Sanitary Condition of the City Excellent.

MEMPHIS, July 16.—The only restrictions against Memphis freights now being enforced are by the Memphis and Little Rock and the Mississippi Central railways. All other roads have revoked their quarantine orders. Merchants report a rush of business, and a general feeling of hopefulness as to the future exists.

PHYSICIANS NOW SAY

young Ray will recover. Dr. Henning, who was reported having left the city, returned the next day with his family and resumed the practice of his profession. No new cases have been reported for a week.

The Sanitary Condition of Memphis.

[From Yesterday's Appeal.]

A careful examination of a few of our contemporaries reveals the fact that they are not informed as to the present sanitary condition of Memphis, and are as far from the real origin or cause of the few cases of yellow fever we have had as it is possible for them to be. They lay as much stress upon filth as a factor or promoter of the dreadful disease, as if our streets and alleys, the bayou and the houses and the yards of our citizens were in the same condition as last year, when the accumulations of years were everywhere making themselves felt as deadly poisons. Since January last, when the new government was organized, the Board of Health has been active not only in removing the stores of other years, but the daily accumulations to the extent of nearly forty thousand cart loads. Garbage and ash collection systems have been established and are doing efficient work, and most of our white citizens, under the stimulus of the auxiliary sanitary association, have within their private premises inaugurated a system of cremation of everything but excreta, so that there was little to cart away but ashes, and the carts were thus used to carry away to the dumps the festering accumulations of the days when the people lived in defiance of the simplest rules of sanitation, and were as reckless of health as if it were as bountiful in supply as the water in the great river that washes our shores. A vast improvement has been effected in the sanitary condition of the city, and, what is quite as encouraging, the people have been awakened to a sense of the necessity for daily sanity work. Meanwhile we can safely assert that we are in a much safer condition than last year, and that we are by so much better able to withstand the yellow or any other fever.

HER OWN PROPERTY.

So Mrs. Sarah Goldsoll, Wife of Mayer Goldsoll, Claims

Was the Furniture in the House on Kennett Place.

Accordingly, She Brings Suit Against Kennard & Sons and the Chatham National Bank, to Recover Value.

Two suits with formidable-looking titles were filed in the Circuit Court to-day. One was State of Missouri ex rel. Sarah Goldsoll and Mayer Goldsoll, her husband, vs. J. Kennard & Sons, Samuel M. Kennard and George A. Weinberg; the other, State of Missouri ex rel. Sarah Goldsoll and Mayer Goldsoll, her husband, vs. the Chatham National Bank, John Ch. D. Block and Louis J. Holthause. Goldsoll's connection with the ill-fated Broadway Savings Bank is well-known, and it will be remembered that on the 26th of May, two of his creditors, Kennard & Sons, and the Chatham National Bank, attached the household goods of Mayer G., who is now supposed to be rusticating in Texas. His elegant mansion was No. 1831 Kennett Place. Persuant to the writ of attachment Sheriff Finn seized a lot of household furniture on May 26, to satisfy the claim of Kennard & Sons. No sooner had the Sheriff done this than Sarah G. appeared on the scene. She delivered a claim to the Sheriff for the goods taken, which she vaued at $800. These goods she averred were her exclusive, sole and individual property. Finn was rather a doubting Thomas, but to secure himself he went to J. K. & Sons and required a bond of $800 to indemnify him in case Mrs. Goldsoll could make out her claim. They immediately gave it, with Samuel M. Kennard and George A. Weinber as sureties. When Finn had this bond in his pocket he felt he was right and went ahead. He sold the goods at the direction of J. K. & Sons, and for their benefit. Now Mrs. Goldsoll has recourse to the law and sues Messrs. Kennard & Sons for the amount of the bond, $800.

On the same day of May the Sheriff also seized a great quantity of furniture, silverware, clocks and a gold watch on a writ of attachment obtained by the Chatham National Bank. Sarah G. again appears before the Sheriff. All those goods were her sole property, not her husband's. She valued them at $4,400. Finn was again sceptical, but he marched double quick to the bank and called for a bond. This the bank furnished to the amount of $4,400 with John Ch. D. Block and Louis Holthause as securities. The Sheriff whistled and went on with his work. He was indemnified and happy. The goods all passed under the auctioneer's hammer and the proceeds went to the bank. But now Sarah G. sues, as in duty bound by law, conjointly with Mayer G., her husband, for the amount of the bond, $4,400, and is seeking to compel the bank to make good that amount. Ed. Cunningham, Jr., is Mrs. Goldsoll's attorney.

DOOMED AT LAST.

The Police Board Decide to Give the Gamblers and Lottery Men a Last Warning,

When the Warfare Upon that Fraternity Will be Begun in Dead Earnest.

A meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners was held yesterday afternoon at 4 p. m. Of course it was a secret meeting. The proceedings of this august tribunal are not allowed to become known to the outer world, to be hoi polloi to the public. The police authorities delight in paths that are dark and ways that are devious. The doings must be secret: ergo, as usual, the Board met in secret session. It was an important session. Of course, the morning papers did not try to penetrate the sanctum where the Police Commissioners sat in solemn conclave. That, as a matter of course, was left for the P.-D. to do, and accordingly this afternoon the veil is lifted. The Police Commissioners met. There were the Vice-President, the magnificent "war-horse," Basil Duke, Judge Finney and Leslie Moffett grouped around the table while, the silent and discreet Secretary Galvin took notes. The minutes were read. Then came the business. The talk was of lottery and gambling. Much time was spent in discussion, but at last it was agreed that the deep-laid plans of the Commissioners had been perfected, the net had been stretched out which was to haul in the victims. But there was further talk. Then it was finally determined to give those luckless wights, the lottery men and gamblers, one more chance. Accordingly the board instructed Vice President [...]

[...] lot [...] that [...] by [...] and gamb[...] Board to s[...] week. This [...] The declaration [...] and next week it will [...] thentic.

It remains now to be seen [...] can and will carry out their pla[...]

Until To-morrow.

Depositions in the suit against the Dir[ectors] of the United States Savings Bank are postponed till to-morrow afternoon.

ST. LOUIS WHEAT MARKET.

Receipts Here Larger Yesterday than at Any Other Point in the Country.

A Bright Prospect for the Year's Grain Trade.

The heavy receipts of wheat at St. Louis for the past few days have been somewhat remarkable. The receipts for the week ending July 15 were 821,820 bushels, while the receipts for the week ending July 8 were only 413,485 bushels, or a fraction over half. The shipments of wheat for the week ending July 15 were 331,084 bushels against 62,737 bushels for the week preceding. The following table shows the receipts of wheat yesterday at the six principal grain markets of the United States:

St. Louis	235,819 bu
Chicago	105,396 bu
Milwaukee	28,900 bu
Toledo	122,000 bu
Baltimore	211,237 bu
New York	130,000 bu

It will be seen by this showing that the receipts of wheat here yesterday were larger than those of any other market in the United States, more than twice as much as Chicago, and nearly double as much as New York.

THIS IS CERTAINLY VERY ENCOURAGING, even if it is only temporary, as it shows plainly that under certain conditions St. Louis may be a very great wheat market. There are several reasons, however, which enter into this pleasant state of the case. There is, to begin with, a very fine crop of wheat in the territory tributary to St. Louis, and it has been [...] harvested. It is now ready safely and spe[...] for the market, and as the prices are good, the farmers are rushing it into market. In the next place, the wheat that is raised around Chicago is spring wheat, and is not yet ready for the market. The wheat that comes to St. Louis is mostly winter wheat, and is harvested much earlier than spring wheat. Besides this, the crop that comes to St. Louis is much better than that which will go to Chicago this year. The indications now are that the receipts of wheat at St. Louis this year are going to be nearly twice as large as ever before.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

The Municipal Muddle—Rev. Father O'Halloran's Funeral.

The true inwardness of the late actions of the Council is becoming public. The friends of Mr. Shannon state that he was suspended by the votes of some of the Councilmen to whom it was represented that he failed to do the duties connected with the office. The statem[ent of Mr.] Rafter, the "independent" mem[ber ...] in an interview publish[ed] a few days ago, to the effect that he thought Mr. Tissier's removal from the office of City Clerk and Mr. Shannon's reinstatement were to the interest of the city, has excited considerable talk. Mr. Tissier now says that he has in his possession a document wherein Mr. Rafter, in consideration of Mayor Joyce's appointment of Jesse M. Freels (Mr. Rafter's partner in law), as special City Attorney, promises to support Mr. Tissier until next April and vote a certain way in the W[ater] works question. Mr. Tissier would not consent to have a copy of the document published, but when the reporter expressed his doubts concerning the genuineness of it, he produced it. It was a number of stipulations, of which the above is one, between several of the Councilmen, and was signed by Maurice Joyce, Mayor; Ernest W. Wider, J. C. Prottsman, Boismenue and Jas. J. Rafter. Heretofore it was not dreamed of that "considerations" entered into the actions of the Councilmen.

The funeral of Rev. John O'Halloran took place this morning from St. Patrick's Church. Rev. James O'Halloran, uncle of the deceased, officiated, and was assisted by a large number of priests from St. Louis, among whom were Rev. Father Brady, pastor of the Annunciation church; Father McCaffrey, of St. Patrick's; Father Kielty, of the Holy Angels; Father Zeigler, of St. Malachi, and a number of others.

A requiem high mass was sung, at the conclusion of which Rev. Father O'Reilly delivered an eloquent sermon on the life of the deceased priest. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the casket was borne to the hearse by Messrs. John O. Butler, James J. Rafter, P. C. Connolly, Thomas Graney, Michael Murphy and P. Stack, and the funeral procession started for Calvary Cemetery.

LOCAL PERSONALS.

Col. Upton M. Young and family, Vicksburg, are at the Planters'.

E. D. Sweeney, Rock Island, Ill., and [...] Berry, Indian Territory, are at the Planters'.

W. H. Bunker, Warrensburg, Mo., and S. [...] Rainey, Jefferson, Texas, are at the Planters'.

Hon. George W. Easley, Hannibal, Mo.; C[...] G. B. Purcell, Moberly, Mo., and J. R. Est[ill], Howard Co., are at the Planters'.

H. S. Townsley, Little Rock; C. Addison Davis, England; R. Crespi, London, Eng.; O. P. Rogers, Columbus, O.; W. Mayer and wife, Washington, D. C.; Hon. J. B. Elorn and family, Louisiana, and J. W. Fletcher, Texas, are at the Laclede.

G. W. Cummings, Boston; H. Herold, Shreveport, La.; Chas. D. Ballard, N. Y.; Lew Frank, Cincinnati, O.; Herrmann Schneider, N. Y.; James P. Brennan, B. Selig, E. Hart, Philadelphia; C. B. Newell, Mass.; E. P. Durant, Albany, N. Y.; Chenney, E. A. Watchburn N. Y.; P. C. Doyle, Buffalo; Edward V. Preston, Hartford, Conn., are at the Lindell.

Gen. D. T. Kirby, Washington, D. C.; W. E. Danchy and wife, Newark, N. J.; James Rouquette, Joseph Keller, New Orleans; Tom Padgitt, Waco Tex.; W. C. Padgitt, Dallas, Tex.; S. Sternberg and family, Memphis; M. O. Harrington and wife, Boston; J. A. Givens, Mt. Sterling, Ill.; W. P. McNally, Little Rock; Geo. Burruss, Miami, Mo.; A. M. Pattison, Carthage, Mo.; W. W. Kellogg, Detroit, Mich.; F. L. Honore, Chicago; N. G. Rhodes, River; E. Littlefield and wife, Texas; Louis Erb and family, Memphis; Mrs. Dare and two daughters, are at Hurst's Hotel.

Three of a Kind.

Charles Murray, George H. Bailey and John H. G. Washington were arraigned in the Criminal Court to-day, and sentenced in accordance with the verdict to three years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

Charles Murray, on the 8th of May, went [into] Schoenthaler's drug store, [...] the c[orner] of Pratt and Chouteau avenues, and [stole a] silver watch and $20 in money. G[eorge] Bailey stole a horse and wagon fro[m ...] Strubler on the 8th of last April, an[d ...] ton, on the 25th of last May, stole [a] watch from James Co[...] at No. [...] Main street. The trio will go up to the[ir] home on Monday.

Cafferatta's Nemesis.

The case against Angelo Cafferatta, saloon keeper, of failing to file a bond with the City Register, was heard before Judge Cady this afternoon and dismissed at prosecutor's cost. Another complaint was sworn out by Frank Bemis on the same grounds and set for a hearing on the 28th inst. The warrant was defective in one or two instances, which caused Judge Cady to dismiss the proceedings.

An Untrustworthy Thermometer.

Captain Hercules has a pet thermometer without any roof. It is supposed that the mercury broke the top out last summer trying to outdo itself in the heated term. As it is the machine is almost always too fast or too slow, but the captain's heart goes out to it, and in spite of its conceit, broad and radical ignorance of temperature, Hercules swears by his thermometer.

Mad Dog Scare.

An alleged mad dog in the Power Tobacco Warehouse created something of a sensation at the Dispensary at three o'clock to-day.

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...scriptions on
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...ll not be considered
...money.

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...he POST-DISPATCH is pub-
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...vents of the week and a choice selection
...ing matter, making it the most popular and
...viceable

WEEKLY PAPER

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Subscriptions to the SATURDAY POST-DISPATCH will be received at the rate of $1 00 per annum, in advance.

Single copies, 5 cents.

Address,

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111 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

INDICATIONS.

By Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, southwest to northwest winds, warmer, clear, followed by cooler, partly cloudy weather, falling, followed by rising barometer. For Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, north and west winds, rising barometer, cooler, partly cloudy weather and local rains, followed by clear weather. For Up... Lake Region, rising barometer, stati...ry or lower temperatures, northwest w...s. For Lower Lake Region, falling, fo...wed by rising barometer, southwest wi..., stationary temperatures, veering to co...r northwest winds, cloudy weather a... local rains, followed by clearing weather.

NOTICE.

We advertise free situations wanted; and "wants" help, miscellaneous, for rent, for sale, lost and found, if the advertisements do not exceed five lines, and are not of a business character.

Persons who cannot obtain the Post-Dispatch at News Agencies, on Railway Trains, Steamboats and other places where usually sold, will confer a favor by reporting the facts to us, giving dates and particulars.

Persons leaving the city for the summer can have the Post-Dispatch mailed to them, postpaid, on leaving their subscriptions for the same at our counting-room. The address of a paper may be changed at any time.

Commencing about the first of September next, the WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH *will be an eight-page paper, larger and better in quantity and quality than any other weekly published in St. Louis.*

THERE is to-day less liberty in Germany than in Turkey.

IF some newspaper reporter should find Sanders, the murderer, the detectives would be awfully mad about it.

THE scare and excitement at Memphis have subsided, and the various points that established ...rantine have withdrawn all ... ...ravel and traffic.

IT is thought that this year's cotton crop will be the largest ever produced in the number of bales, and that it will also yield the largest amount of money, as the cotton crop in India is a failure.

THE Chicago papers are engaged in picturing St. Louis as the great hot-house of America. An article from the *Times*, printed elsewhere, shows that Chicago is the great graveyard for babies.

JOHN SHERMAN will open the "reform" campaign in a few days in Maine. The election in that State takes place in September. "Reform," in John Sherman's eye, consists in putting him into the White House.

THE Republicans were actually in a minority of 1,250,000 votes at the last election. They can only carry the election in 1880 by dividing the opposition and getting enough stupid Greenbackers and Democrats to throw away their votes.

A GREAT European emigration seems to be one of the certainties of the near future. There is no reason why Missouri should not get its full share of the newcomers. And it will have them if the State Board of Emigration goes at the matter in the right way.

So Mr. Ramsey, the ex-Senator of Minnesota, is to be Mr. McCrary's successor. Mr. McCullagh should not grieve too much. One so young, so handsome and so talented as he can afford to wait. If Joseph will keep up his courage and the boom, he may be a bishop yet.

IF the political reaction in Germany does not lead to revolution it certainly should lead to emigration. It would be very strange if intelligent and educated people like the Germans should prefer to be Bismarck's slaves when they can become American freemen.

A YOUNG lady sends to the POST-DISPATCH a contribution collected from nineteen of her little friends to buy ice for the poor. The offering of the kind little people has been turned over to the ladies of the Flower and Ice Mission. All amounts left at the POST-DISPATCH office will be as promptly delivered.

A CABLE dispatch states that Monsieur ...esseps said, in a recent speech, that he ... greatly upon the friendship of the United States in the construction of the Darien Canal. At the time M. De Lesseps made the speech he must have forgotten Mr. Burnside and his fiery reassertion of the Monroe doctrine.

The Police Commissioners are disposed to distrust the Chief of the "finest police in the world" who will let a well known murderer, with only fifteen minutes start, get completely away from a multitude of detectives and all the other minions of the law whose special business it is to capture fugitive criminals.

A STALWART Republican, who is indignant at the prominence we have given to the good Dr. Preetorius, authorizes us to say that he will put up any amount of money upon the distinct proposition that both the

...wart

...ght Company is the ...hat wants the authority ... in the northern part of the ...supply the people with cheap gas. ...e new company proposes to furnish twenty-four candle power gas for $2, and to light the city lamps at $20 each, where the Laclede Company now furnish ten and twelve candle power gas for $2 50 and light the city lamps at $37 50. As the "Municipal" company proposes to occupy the territory now controlled by the Laclede company, it will be interesting to know what the Laclede company is going to do about it.

A CORRESPONDENT in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH makes a suggestion to the Municipal Assembly. The Council has reduced the appropriations for the Police and Fire Departments, and the bill is now before the House of Delegates. Our correspondent thinks, quite properly, that the pruning-hook should have been applied to some less important department of the city administration. It is suggested, for instance, that the office of Commissioner of Public Buildings is entirely useless and might easily be abolished. We do not know exactly how onerous or important the office is, but we are inclined to the opinion that it is more ornamental than useful.

THE cases of three more imprisoned murderers were continued yesterday, the defendants not being "ready." These were Matt. Lewis, who killed his wife two years ago; Ross, who clubbed Montgomery to death at Cheltenham, and Joseph Kotofsky, who murdered Augusta Simons last October. In the case of Kotofsky it is stated that the only plea he will enter is that of insanity, and what earthly excuse there can be for delay we cannot see. Nor can we imagine why a wife-murderer whose crime was committed two years ago has not been tried, nor how he is enabled to secure continuances from term to term. It would be better, certainly more definite, to enact a law that no malefactor should be tried until he announces himself ready.

SENATOR BAYARD was interviewed just before he sailed for Europe last Saturday. His views, as usual, are interesting and well expressed. Speaking about the recent political conflict in the extra session, he said:

"Great reforms have been accomplished. There was the army bill, so manifestly unjust that it is scarcely worth talking about. Then there was the jury test oath bill, that practically disfranchised from service on juries ninety per cent of our best Southern citizens. No people with any respect for itself could submit to such class legislation as that. That is now out of the way. Then the President has taken an attitude which I think is utterly indefensible, and I feel certain that he will find it so. He has in effect constituted himself a *third house of Congress, and because a law is unrepealed has sought to coerce Congress into the granting of supplies*. That will never do. No President of this country can assume to be a third house of Congress; the people would not tolerate it. I am certain the President will yet acknowledge that the course he has taken is a mistake, and is utterly indefensible on the constitutional principles of our Government."

"THREE SCORE AND TEN."

If distinctions of class and prejudices of caste mark aristocratic countries, what must be thought of prejudices of *skin* in a *free* country?

Democrary means liberty. Democracy means equality. Democracy means humanity. But what sort of liberty, what sort of equality, what sort of humanity is it if a person is to be degraded and ostracised in spite of the greatest possible merit, simply because his skin may be dark and in his veins may be some drops of African blood?

Deeply rooted prejudices, we know, are not quickly eradicated. They die slowly. Yet they die. Thanks to the power of progressive ideas and the spirit of enlightenment, there is a constant diminution of bigotry, superstition, stupidity and prejudice. If, to-day, we compare the prevalent ideas about religion or American views about foreigners and foreign ideas, or the present condition of the negro, with those of twenty or thirty years ago, we will find a revolution in sentiment and thought.

Yet it is astonishing how slowly progressive, liberal ideas advance. Even in this age, at this very day, a journal like the *Republican*, speaking about the unpleasant situation of the solitary negro cadet in West Point and the prejudice of color, says:

It will not be very long, we fancy, before this ridiculous attempt to abolish "the prejudice of caste" is abandoned. That prejudice may be very unreasonable and very objectionable in view of the fifteenth amendment, but nevertheless it is a fact, which can neither be gotten over, around, nor under. *The youngest child now living, if he live to three score and ten, will not see it removed.* Such efforts as this at West Point do far more harm than good.

This is a very illiberal, small, shallow, undemocratic and untruthful view. Does the world go backward after all? Prejudices of caste and color are certainly not one-tenth as strong as they were twenty years ago. Will they grow or decrease in the future?

We are glad to think and perfectly sincere in believing that the world is growing more enlightened every year, not less. And we should feel sorry, indeed, if the "youngest child now living, if he live to three score and ten," should not see any diminution of the prejudices of caste and color that are now prevailing.

On the contrary. We sincerely believe and hope that "three score and ten" will utterly eradicate those prejudices and bigotries.

Judge a man by his work, his head, his heart, not his skin! Remember that it is but little more than "three score and ten" when, already in the days and State of Tom Jefferson, Baptists were tarred and feathered, mobbed and driven out of the State, on account of their religious beliefs.

In "three score and ten" mo... we trust people will read the opi... of our esteemed contemporary ...

...of the ...for the sake of ...wn down this petty, con- ...pirit of the past. If this coun...s great to-day, it is because it has had freedom and has given everybody a chance. Give the men with dark skins a chance. Help them, educate them, improve them! Do not pursue them with prejudices that are unworthy of our age, unworthy of our country, unworthy of our civilization and especially unworthy of our much-boasted Christianity.

TEXAS AND ST. LOUIS.

If the energy that is wasted in Texas in denunciations of the *Globe-Democrat* for telling the truth about events in that State were directed to the punishment of crime and the administration of impartial justice there, the reign of lawlessness would soon be over. We humbly ask an experiment of this kind. —[Globe-Democrat.

If the *Globe-Democrat* were to devote as much time to telling the truth about Texas as it does to slandering it, it would perform a better work than it has hitherto accomplished. The fact is, that the people of Texas are as peaceful and law-abiding as other States, if their peculiar circumstances are considered.

The *Globe-Democrat* pictures them as desperadoes and murderers. This may be profitable to the *Globe-Democrat*, but it is not only untrue and an outrage on Texas, but is positively injurious to St. Louis. Its effect in Texas may be judged by the following extract from the Sherman (Texas) Register:

We know of several merchants who have already determined to buy nothing from merchants who advertise in the *G.-D.*, while there are others who have hitherto bought their stocks in St. Louis, who declare positively that so long as the *Globe-Democrat* continues its misrepresentation of Texas, they will buy nothing more in the Future Great.

Even in the face of this rebuke and warning the *Globe-Democrat* continues to retail its slander upon a State that is the most important trade tributary to St. Louis, and upon an orderly and industrious people whose only offense is a refusal to accept the political faith of the *Globe-Democrat*.

Suppose Texas were a Republican State like Kansas. Does anybody believe there would not be a radical change in the course of the *Globe-Democrat?*

Kansas is as overwhelmingly Republican as Texas is Democratic. Kansas is the most thoroughly rotten and corrupt State, politically, in the Union. Yet who ever hears one word about that from the Grant organ?

The billingsgate of our Republican contemporary about Texas is nothing but partisanship of a low order.

JAY GOULD AND VANDERBILT.

Competition is the life of trade. Without it monopoly reigns supreme. And if ordinary corporations have no souls monopolies are particularly exacting and oppressive. This is the reason why we hope something will come out of the effort which is now being made to establish a telegraph line in the West that will compete with the Western Union.

The petition for an injunction, which was filed yesterday by the Western Union, against the Central Union, the American Telegraph Company and the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway, indicates that the Western Union will contest the ground it now holds inch by inch. The combinations made by the Central Union, which is another name for Jay Gould, are said to be very strong, however, and the Western Union will have its hands full in maintaining the fight it has inaugurated. As the Western Union is largely represented by Vanderbilt, the fight is really between him and Gould, and an idea of what the contest will be may be drawn from the great wealth and the peculiar character of the two men.

We know nothing of the technical law points to be raised, and which may possibly decide the fate of Gould's project. But it seems to us a great injustice to allow one company the monopoly of the telegraph privilege, as more telegraph lines will secure cheaper telegraph rates. And this is what the people need.

The Western Union is the greatest monopoly in the country. Its rates, like the laws of the Medes and Persians, never change. They were made high, and they remain high. Its stock pays an enormous dividend, and a few men are enriched at the expense of the many. Of course, they will never permit competition if they can prevent it.

The Western Union deserves much credit for the enterprise it has always displayed. Its lines encircle every part of the country, and its wires have preceded or followed the march of civilization in every direction. Indeed, too much cannot be said in favor of its remarkable energy and the perfect system which made it an indispensable auxiliary in commercial and social affairs. But the Western Union has reaped a rich reward for its industry and cannot fairly claim a continuance of those exclusive rights which have made it the most powerful monopoly on the continent.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

Vicksburg Herald (Dem.): The Brookhaven Ledger has hoisted the names of Tilden and Hendricks for President and Vice President in 1880. Mr. Hendricks would adorn either place, but Mr. Tilden will never again awaken the enthusiasm of the masses.

Cincinnati Enquirer, (Dem.): Billie Chandler, who has a lot more sense than old Zach, doesn't think much of Foster, and is frank enough to say that Father Taft ought to have had the nomination for Governor. He can come out here to Ohio and procure thousands of indorsers to those sentiments.

Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle (Dem.): If Mr. Davis meant that the women of the South were true to the pure ideal of the cause of their country, and faithful to the grave of valor in defeat, he spoke truly. But if he meant that Southern women keep alive the ugly features of sectional strife, he did not do them perfect justice.

Philadelphia Times (Ind.): No Democrats will be turned out of the Treasury Department, at Washington, for the reason, according to Senator Sherman, that there are no Democrats employed there. Mr. Sherman believes first, in looking out for those who helped to steal the Presidency, and the Treasury Department is full of these.

New York Star (Dem.): General Ewing can't be said to be alarmed over the prospect in Ohio, for he goes to give them a lift in Maine. This is dangerous, for during the General's absence Charley Foster will be sneaking through the lanes and by-ways securing the baby vote and giving a pair of shoes or a chromo with every speech.

THE ST. LOUIS CLUB.

Their Building to be Ready September 1st.

Description of Its Internal Appointments.

The Establishment to Be the Most Splendid Club House in the West.

The St. Louis Club Building, Nos. 1530 and 1532 Washington avenue, will be ready for use September 1. The lease by which it came into the possession of the club was signed only a month or two ago, but the changes already made are very striking, and indicate that nothing is going to be spared to make the place one of the handsomest of the kind in the country. The building, originally constructed for two residences, has always been a notable-looking one, being three stories high, with extensive grounds on both the west and east, taking up nearly, it not quite, a quarter of a block. The St. Louis Club took it with the expectation of putting in $30,000 worth of improvements on the grounds and in making necessary changes in the building. The general supervision of the work was entrusted to Messrs. George D. Capen and David B. Gould, both of whom have been untiring in their efforts to make the club and its undertaking a success. The first thing done was to give the exterior of the building

A SPLENDID FINISH,

which was done by putting on several coats of paint, and changing the front to a splendid imitation of light sandstone. The imitation is so perfect that one passing along the street would never suspect that it was other than genuine. The large windows of the front—some sixteen in number—have their casings painted in dark green, and the contrast between that and the light stone color is very pretty. There are two large doors at the entrance, and those lead into two halls from which run two grand stairways to the third story. On both the west and north sides, there are bay windows, and all the walls between them have arched openings so that from one to the other, through the entire building, there is a wide passage way. The ceilings of the rooms on all the floors are very high and the light and ventilation excellent. It has been found that there are many advantages and conveniences in having the two buildings to convert into one. On the west side of the front entrance is to be the main dining-room. It is to be made of what was originally a parlor and dining-room, and will, therefore, be quite large. The folding doors that formerly existed have been taken away, and the archway that remains is to have a screen or curtain, which may be put up or not, just as may be desired. This grand dining-room is to be a model of beauty. The frescoing, under the direction of Mr. A. R. White, is just now being done, and is of the

QUEEN ANNE STYLE.

Enough has been done already to give a fair conception of its artistic delicacy and beauty. It is the first time any frescoing in Queen Anne style has been done in any public building in St. Louis, and there is none to be found here anywhere except in a single private residence. It was first employed some fourteen years ago in Buckingham Palace, England, and is now becoming quite fashionable in New York and Boston. It does not consist of any free-hand work, such as angels, female figures and vines and flowers, but depends for its attractiveness upon a combination of brilliant colors, black and gold being largely employed. The wood work of the grand dining room is to be finished in gold colors and is being done by Mullen & Hoppius. The furniture is also to be of the Queen Anne style, this corresponding with the frescoing and woodwork painting, and is being made to order by the Mitchell Furniture Company of this city. It will be the most splendid set of dining-room furniture ever seen in the city. The carpet will correspond, and is to be furnished by the Kennards. The tableware, silver and general appointments will all be in harmony, and, when complete, the grand dining room will be a dazzling array of all that is novel and elegant.

Directly across the halls from the grand dining-room is

THE GRAND PARLOR,

and back of this is the library. Both these are to be finished and furnished in the Eastlake style, frescoing, furniture, carpets and chairs corresponding. The walls will probably be gray and the frescoing done in black and gold. The lambrequins for the windows of both the dining-room and parlor are to be of leather and are to be made in New York. They are of an entirely new style and are said to be exceedingly rich and luxurious in their appearance.

Back of the dining-room is the kitchen, the appointments of which have not been fully determined upon and cannot, therefore, be described, but it is known that it will contain the most complete cuisine arrangements in the city. Connected with it are the wine vaults and storage rooms, and above it are the servants' rooms and other quarters of a corresponding character.

Back of the grand parlor and library is the coffee room, which is to be a place to take a hasty lunch when there is not time nor disposition to engage in a more pretentious meal.

The second floor is reached by two flights of stairs. On the west side of the second floor is a private dining-room, which is to be frescoed and finished in a style hardly second to the grand dining-room below. It consists of what was originally two rooms, and, when completed, will be a perfect "gem of beauty."

On the east side, just across from the private dining-room, is the ladies' parlor, which is probably to be furnished in blue and gold, furniture and all apointments corresponding. Back of the ladies' parlor is the directors' room, a place for the meetings of the officers of the club. This is also to be handsomely furnished. The third floor is cut up into a number of small rooms, the largest one of which is the billiard parlor. The other rooms are for the convenience of private parties of gentlemen who may wish to consult with one another about business or enjoy themselves socially.

It can be easily seen from this description that the St. Louis Club building is to be a most complete and magnificent establishment, and such an one as will be a pride and an honor to the city. The merchants of St. Louis have long felt the need of a place where they could go and consult at some leisure with one another, and where they could entertain guests from abroad. As will be seen, whenever a distinguished visitor comes to the city he can be treated in a style comporting with the character of the merchants of St. Louis.

WATERY GRAVES.

Two Cases of Accidental Drowning in the Southern Part of the City.

Two cases of drowning took place in the Second Police District yesterday afternoon.

At 8 o'clock Martin Dugan, forty-five years of age, unmarried, and an employe of the Iron Mountain Railroad, accompanied by a party of friends, went down to the foot of Lesperance street for a bath. Dugan plunged from a raft into the water and began swimming out towards a steamer. He had accomplished something like fifty yards, when he sank and never came to the surface. He had been in ill-health for some days past, and it is presumed that his strength failed him and he was carried down to death before having time to call for assistance. He leaves a few effects at his boarding house, No. 2000 De Kalb street. The body has not as yet been recovered.

Henry Dalbot, an eleven-year-old colored boy whose parents reside at No. 1616 South Seventh street, was drowned at 5 o'clock in a pool of water near the intersection of Carroll street and the Iron Mountain Railway. He went into the water alone, and it is supposed got beyond his depth and was drowned before assistance could arrive. His clothes were found on the edge of the pool by a party of boys at dusk and identified by his parents. The pool will be dragged to-day for the body.

AMUSEMENTS.

PINAFORE.

...o affect the enthusiasm of the ...assemble nightly under the ...Nuns's Garden. Wet weather and cold and hot all come and go, and so do the people who applaud the same bright, sparkling and well rendered music of Pinafore. Notwithstanding the intense heat indoors last night the air at Uhrig's was delightfully cool. Although the attendance is as large as ever the management announces a change of bill to-morrow night, when "Les Cloches de Corneville" will hold the boards.

CLOSE OF A BUSY LIFE.

Death of Robert T. Van Meter, a Once Prominent Kentuckian.

Robert T. Van Meter died at his residence, No. 1417 Olive street, yesterday morning, from whence his remains will be buried in Bellefontaine Cemetery at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The death of Mr. Van Meter closed an eventful and busy life of 68 years. He was born at Martinsburg, Va., May 11th, 1811, and had been identified with many public measures and men. Removing to Kentucky at an early age, he became a farmer and came into prominence through being a candidate for Congress against Calhoun, who defeated him by a majority which would in these days be speedily contested. He was associated with Benton, Calhoun, Clay and Shields in many great national measures. In 1868 he quit Kentucky for Missouri, locating in Lafayette county, but retired from business some six years ago, and came to the city, where he has since resided. He leaves a family consisting of two daughters, one of whom is the wife of Sergeant Frank Watkins of the Central Police District.

THE LATEST MONSTROSITY.

A Pretty Girl With an Enormous Left Leg and Foot.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

Last night Mrs. Taylor, a widow residing in Newport, brought to the office of Dr. L. C. Carr her little girl, who has the misfortune to be singularly deformed. The left leg and foot are of prodigious size and extremely unshapely. The mother said she was desirous of bringing the case to the attention of the medical fraternity. A large-sized photograph of the girl was sent to this office. The child is a handsome girl, 9 years of age, very intelligent, and apparently happy. The limb is six inches longer than its mate. The extra length is in the tibia and tibula. The muscles are enormously developed in front of the limb, owing to the position the child assumes in walking, giving them the appearance of a calf. There is no development in the rear of the limb. The knee and upper parts of this member are developed in proportion, but the great deformity is in the foot, which is ten times as large as its mate around; the ankle and heel, also the outside of the foot, embracing two or three of the toes, although greatly enlarged, have a natural look. The rest of the foot shoots out enormously, enlarging as it goes. It then stops suddenly, and the remaining two toes are as large as goose eggs. They are on either corner of the mass of flesh, with a space of five inches between them. They still have the nails in position. The child was deformed at its birth, and the deformity has been growing with the child, who is a living skeleton. Otherwise she has never had any trouble in getting around. She skips the rope, jumps and plays, and does not seem to be embarrassed by the malformation.

Illinois as the Granary of England.

[From the London Spectator, June 28.]

Mr. George M. Higginson, who says he has lived thirty-six years in Chicago and has engaged in a great variety of businesses, sends a letter to the Times, on the prosperity of Illinois and its chief city, Chicago. The area of Illinois is equal to that of England, and is almost all prairie, 90 per cent of which is capable of profitable cultivation, though there are still 1,000,000 square miles untouched by the plow. The crop of Indian corn in the State in 1877 was three times the English wheat crop, while the wheat was one-third of the latter amount. Chicago, which depends, to a great extent, upon the productiveness of the State, had only 4,000 inhabitants in 1840 and now has 500,000, doubling every five years. Mr. Higginson believes that, owing to the geographical position of Chicago in respect to the lakes, this progress will go on at the same rate and that Chicago will become in 1890 a city of 2,000,000, it being possible, by a little improvement in canals, to enable wheat ships to sail straight from Chicago to Liverpool and return laden with manufactured articles. Mr. Higginson calls attention to the often forgotten fact that America has, population for population, more labor than any country, the males, owing to immigration, outnumbering the females by 600,000, whereas in England the difference is just the other way. The whole account is an ominous one for the British farmer, the object of Illinois in creation being to feed Great Britain cheaply.

An Ice Cave.

A correspondent of the Pittsburg Post, writing from Butler, says there is within about four miles of Millerstown and a like distance from Buffalo Furnace, on Buffalo Creek, in that county, a place where natural ice forms in a few minutes upon water exposed in shallow vessels, even in the hottest months. This is no recent discovery, as it is mentioned in the Encyclopædia Britannica, but it is known to but few in this country. Several men of undoubted veracity have tested the matter carefully, and no doubt can be entertained of its correctness. It seems that the heat of the sun has no influence, as the experiments were made, as we are reliably informed, in full glare of the sun, and the thermometer actually indicated but three degrees above zero, having fallen to that point in less than ten minutes, and going down through some seventy degrees in that time. There is no body of ice discoverable, and we do not attempt to account for the phenomenon, leaving that to professional scientists.—[Oil City Derrick.

The Blessed Baby.

[From the New York Sun.]

James Tighe, three years old, fell last night from a fourth story window of his parents' residence, No. 311 East Thirty-ninth street, to the sidewalk without hurting himself seriously.

FEMININE FRIVOLITIES.

The length of a lady's train should never be under a foot.

Every man could have a wife if he only maiden effort. But a lass, he won't.

Of course women can keep a secret, but it takes a good many of them to do it.

"There's a woman at the bottom of it," as the man said when his wife fell in the well.

An electrical girl has been discovered in Canada; she ought to marry a good conductor.

A wife costs ten cows in Zululand. What can be the matter with the cows?—[Boston Post.

A cruel-hearted man says his wife's new bonnet isn't nearly so big as the roll of bills that bought it.

Women, like newspaper foremen, are sometimes troubled about making up their forms.—[Waterloo Observer. Particularly if there is a scarcity of live matter.—[Ottawa Republican.

"Somebody is Waiting for Me." was wailed out by the man who had been to the lodge, lost his night-key, and could see the shadow of his wife's mother's night-capped head on the curtain of the sitting-room.

Time—Midnight. She—"Hark! what is that?" He—"H'sh! it is the—hic—cat!" She—"No, it isn't the cat. It is Mr. Pinaphor coming home drunk as usual." He—"Yes, I know that is—hic—so." Tableau.

Mistress (to new cook)—"Now, Sarah, remember if you are strictly honest and economical in your marketing, I will give you a few shillings extra per month." New Cook—"Thank you, Ma'am. I will think it over and let you know in the evening."—[Funny Folks.

It isn't the frail, delicate girl, with the soft, gazelle-like eye, that the divine afflatus of spring-poetry rests upon. Not at all. The genius of rhyme and rhythm is more often found in the robust and somewhat wrinkled maiden of forty summers, with a good appetite and superb digestion. Young man, beware of the rhyming female. She is the most expensive kind to feed.

Infantile Precocity.

Proud Mother—Come, Mamie darling, what is three times three?

Mamie hesitates.

P. M.—It is nine, darling.

Smart child is not quite prepared to answer.

P. M.—Now, isn't it nine, precious?

Smart child sees safety in its mother's eyes, and nods.

Admiring female relatives pass the dear child around the osculatory circle.

TO A GLASS VASE.

BY PAUL PASTNOR.

[From Lippincott's for July.]

Frail, fluted column,
With thine urn terete,
How delicate thou art!
How hardly meet
For the rude pressure
Of the flowerets' feet!

Methinks thou mightest
With ambrosial wine
Throb thy clear heart away
In fragments fine,
Or of sweet perfume
Breathe excess divine.

I come not nigh thee—
Yes, am half afraid
The earnest of mine eyes
Will cause thee fade,
And tinkling ruin
Check mine ... ...

ANTICS OF ANIMALS.

The Part They are Playing in Life.

Contributions Made by Newspapers of the Day to Natural History.

Panthers in the Southwest—Dog, Rat, Rabbit, Tiger, Bear and Deer Stories.

[From the New Orleans Democrat.]

A shocking tragedy is reported to have occurred near the Forrest Place, in St. Mary's parish, on Tuesday evening last. A little before dark on that day, it seems, a colored man and woman started to visit a neighbor some distance off, and a small boy of ten years desired to accompany them. On being prohibited from doing so, the little fellow waited until they had started, when he followed them "from afar off." The road he had to traverse led through a dense forest, near which is a thick cane-brake. When in the road opposite this wood the boy was heard to utter an agonizing cry for help, and on the man returning a part of his clothing was found in the road, and a track of blood led toward the undergrowth. The man was too frightened to enter the forest, but immediately secured assistance, and, upon entering the woods, a portion of the skeleton of the unfortunate child was found, bearing unmistakable signs of having been mangled by the jaws of some powerful carnivorous animal. It was supposed that a panther had done this horrible work, and a number of the best dogs were put in the woods to hunt it, but no intelligence of the chase has reached us. As is natural to suppose, great excitement prevails in the neighborhood.

JACK RABBITS SUBSTITUTED FOR PIGEONS.

[From the Idaho (Boise City) Statesman.]

Immediately after the afternoon dance on the Fourth there will be a grand shooting match on the Agricultural Park grounds, in which jack rabbits will be substituted for pigeons. W. H. Ridenbaugh will furnish for this purpose one hundred rabbits, as they are being caught daily in large numbers in his model traps on the Morris farm. The rabbits will be turned loose at the distance of twenty-one yards from the shootists, who, apart from the glory of winning the prize and carrying off the belt, will be under a strictly moral obligation not only to hit, but to kill the rabbits, as these victims of their sport will have previously been deprived of their ears, which are worth two and a half cents each at the door of the county treasury. It will not do to miss the rabbit or fail to stop him, as in that event the rabbit will hide in the sage brush until his ears grow out again and thus leave the county liable to pay for a second crop of ears from the same rabbit.

MATERNAL AFFECTION FOR PUPS.

[From the Yankton (Dakota) Press.]

J. S. Grable, of this city, has a female canine who is a mother of twelve pups. These pups were in his barn last night during the heavy rain. Shortly after 1 o'clock Mr. Grable was aroused from his sleep by a scratching at the back door. Upon getting up he found the old dog with a pup in her mouth trying to get in. After taking them in he went to the stable and found about six inches of rain water over the pups' nest and one of the pups drowned. The others had been deposited by the mother upon dry places—one had been laid upon a box, two upon a keg and still another upon a pile of bricks that was above the water. Had they not been thus disposed, all would have been drowned, being too young and helpless to save themselves. This is another illustration of something more than mere brute instinct.

WHAT A RAT DID.

[From the Boston Herald.]

Miss Katy O'Boyle, of Summitville, N. Y., arrived at her home July 2, suffering painfully from lock-jaw, which was the result of a rat bite, that threatened to prove fatal. She was employed in the family of Theodore Coleman, near Michigan, in the town of Walkill. About ten days ago she caught a rat in the pantry, when it bit her through the finger. The wound healed and caused no trouble, but finally her hand and arm began swelling and lock-jaw set in. She was able to ride home on the cars Wednesday, but she suffered great pain from nervous spasms that came over her, contracting the muscles and causing her to cry out in her agony. After her arrival home she grew worse, and the Catholic priest at Ellenville was telegraphed for to come and administer the last rites of the church.

TWO LIVES SAVED BY A COLLIE DOG.

[From the Manchester (Eng.) Guardian.]

Two farm laborers near Stonehaven found the other night, while fishing beneath the rocks near the farm, that the rising tide had separated them from the shore. Neither could swim, and they despaired of their lives until one thought of sending to the farm a message by means of a collie dog that was with them. A message was written, informing their friends of their perilous position, and fastened to the dog's collar. The dog was then put into the sea, and the captives had the pleasure of seeing him swim straight to land and run off in the direction of the farm house. The paper having been observed, a messenger was sent to a fishing village, about two miles off, for assistance, and a boat, which was pulled around the rock, rescued the men.

HORSES KILLED BY EATING SAND.

[From the Easton (Md.) Star.]

A farmer in the upper part of this county last year, at different times, lost five horses. All were taken sick pretty much in the same way. The last one was cut open after it died, and its maw was found to be completely packed with sand. There is no doubt that the sand killed it, and as little doubt that the others were killed by sand in their maws. The man on the farm that preceded this gentleman carried on the butchers' business, put up a great deal of cornbeef, and was in the habit of pouring out the pickle in the field back of the barn, where it was very sandy. In licking the ground to get the salt the horses had filled themselves with sand. Indeed, it is said, they pawed a deep hole in the sand to get the salt.

A DOG SHOOTS HIS MASTER.

[From the Astoria (Oregon) Astorian.]

John Conly, of Sheridan, was out hunting deer recently, and while trying to get a shot his dog ran over him and the gun was discharged. The ball penetrated the arm near the wrist, and passed through the muscle of the forearm, came out and entered the muscle above the elbow and lodged near the shoulder. The ball was extracted, but left a painful wound.

KILLED WHILE DEER-HUNTING.

[From the New Orleans Times.]

John Sherwood, of Bonham, was out deer-hunting with a party of gentlemen, and a gun in the hands of one of the party was accidentally discharged, killing Mr. Sherwood instantly.

GEORGIA BEARS.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

Five bears were seen in a swamp in Dougherty county recently, and a large one, weighing 300 pounds, was killed on one of Col. Lockett's plantations.

BRUIN IN LOUISIANA.

[From the New Orleans Picayune.]

A bear weighing 338 pounds was shot last week at English Branch, six miles from Covington.

AN IOWA ROMANCE.

How a Poor Young Girl at Boone Dreamed Out a Long Lost Father—Years of Poverty and Years of Coming Plenty.

[From the Boone Standard.]

For ten or more years there has lived in Boone a family consisting of a man and wife and large family of children. The earnings of the man have been barely sufficient to keep soul and body together, with little for comforts of home and nothing for its luxuries. Patiently and in silence they bore their lot, until finally death came to the relief of the woman, and she was laid away. The eldest girl, but fourteen or fifteen, took on herself the care of her younger brothers and sisters, and the father came and went with the burdens of life as usual, until a second flame was kindled and he brought home another wife. This union did not prove a congenial one. The woman was accused of unfaithfulness, and a divorce followed.

Again the patient daughter, who had felt to the quick the stings of an unworthy mother-in-law, took up the care of the younger children, until recently a second woman was introduced to the house as head of the family. The proposition to remain and endure this renewed trial was rejected by the daughter, who sought asylum and honorable work with others. The enraged father in a moment of passion let out the secret of his former life by blurting out, "Go, then, you are not my child, anyhow!" She went; and as she journeyed she thought. Day after day the possible truth of the words of anger dawned slowly and as from a confused mist of recollections on the memory of the girl, now grown to full-fledged womanhood. She knew her mother's maiden name, and she was able to recall that they came from a certain State in the East when she was a little girl. Finally this recollection was sufficiently clear that a letter was written and mailed at a venture to the post-master of a given town making inquiries. He turned it over to an old inhabitant, who proved to be an aunt of the Boone girl.

A correspondence lasting several months followed, and as the result the young lady has discovered her full history. Her mother eloped when she was a little girl, leaving the two other children with their father, and came to the West with the man was with her at her death and the father of the children here. The deserted father hunted long but ineffectually for his lost child, finally married again, and is, as he always was, a man of account in his place of residence and the possessor of a competency. He is expected every day here to claim his long-lost daughter and remove her to his home and supply the needs of neglected education and society for the sphere in life to which her birth and his means entitle her. What course he may see fit to take with ... destroyer of his early happiness is yet ... developed.

We give th... ...ry as it was recited to us, the culmination ...ents in this case making concealment no l... necessary.

A... True Tale.

[From the ...s (Ill.) Democrat.]

Twenty-three ...s ago this summer three journeymen printers left St. Louis to hunt a location for a printing office in the West. They halted at Topeka, Kansas, where they invested their slender means ...n a small printing office and went to work. Fortune favored them and they prospered. Two of them learned to subdue the demon appetite, and although no teetotalers, were temperate men. The third was one of the "boys," as the world has it. To-day one of the first named is ... the Supreme bench of Kansas, the other is a State official, and the other, the last one named we met in Petersburg last Saturday, blind drunk, penniless and friendless, hunting for enough work to pay his way to the next town. This plain and unvarnished statement of fact, furnishing, as it does, food for a half page article ... give to the reader, presuming that all can ... the moral to which it points.

An Old Maids' Socie...

The young ladies of a suburb ... Cleveland during the war, when young men ...e scarce, formed an "Old Maids' Society," ...nd have kept it up ever since. The other day ...ey had a picnic on Geauga Lake, at which ...eventy members were present. The laws ...gainst members marrying are very rigorous; ... one doing so is subject to a fine of a box of c...e, or one hundred big brass pennies, and, by ...vote of the Society, may have the letters ... D I branded upon the sole of the right foot; ... it has yet to be done. No gentlemen were all...ed to participate until about 4 o'clock p. ..., when a limited number to take them boati... on the lake was permitted. During the la... year six members were married, including the president, but a large number were "sworn in" to make the vacancies good.

He Timed it to an Hour.

Nathaniel Root, of Coventry, Conn., ninety years of age, arose on the morning of the day he died, and meeting a neighbor, said to him: "I expect to die to-day." The remark was so coolly made that but little was thought of it. He worked some during the forenoon, appearing well, and, immediately after dinner said: "I'll go and lie down now and die." No one supposed he was serious, but upon going to his room, half an hour later, he was found dead.

ABOUT TOWN.

BURN Eupion Oil.

THREE fire alarms last night.

Two deaths from drowning yesterday.

GENERAL apathy cured by Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

THE jail is being visited almost daily by distinguished guests.

EUPION Oil gives a brilliant light.

LIFE in St. Louis in these days does not begin until nine in the evening.

A NUMBER of five cent ice tickets were sent to Capt. O'Neil in South St. Louis.

EUPION Oil is the best family oil.

THE libraries are well patronized, and fresh, cool-looking ladies may be seen in every alcove.

ALL ladies use Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

SOUTH ST. LOUIS continues to have more altitude in its temperature; 100 in the shade yesterday.

THE Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen hold their annual picnic next Saturday, at Klausman's Cave.

EUPION Oil does not crust the wick.

A GENERAL renovation was begun at the Post-office yesterday, and the sound of the mop is heard in the land.

THE best medicine, Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

THE funeral of Wm. J. Lewis will take place at half-past eight to-morrow morning, from St. George's Church.

THOMAS MCEVILY is suing J. Wertheimer for the large sum of fifteen cents before Justice Mullery. The costs will be about $15.

ASK your grocer for Eupion Oil.

OTTO PAUL, a saloon-keeper at 3613 North Ninth, died yesterday at 2 o'clock from sporadic cholera, according to Dr. Borek's report.

REED'S Gilt Edge Tonic prevents malaria.

A FAMILY in South St. Louis yesterday, having used Paris green to kill insects about the house, were made very sick by accidentally inhaling the poison.

No accidents can occur from Eupion Oil.

THE shaft of a butcher wagon carelessly driven by a man named Smith impaled a horse belonging to Henry Westenfeldt yesterday evening. Smith was arrested.

EUPION Oil is absolutely non-explosive.

THE striking coopers met yesterday at the Vorwaerts Turner Hall, and a number of important communications were read. They adjourned to meet this morning at 9 o'clock.

REED'S Gilt Edge Tonic strengthens the system.

SAMUEL FARQUER and Henrietta Fletcher, of Clinton county, Illinois, a rural couple, were yesterday united in the holy bonds of matrimony by Justice Farrel at the Western House.

EUPION Oil has no unpleasant odor.

GEORGIANNE MCDOWELL, a bright little girl eight years old, is at 1914 Jackson street. She says her parents died of the fever at Memphis, and she is looking for her uncle, who lives here.

EUPION Oil insures the safety of the family.

AT 9 o'clock last night an unnecessary alarm of fire was turned on from box No. 183, caused by the explosion of a coal oil lamp in Mary Martin's residence on Bacon street, near Parsons street, which did no damage.

DELICATE females praise Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

MORNING NEWS CONDENSED.

FOREIGN.

It is reported that the Russians are rapidly marching on Mero.

The Irish University bill has passed a third reading in the House of Lords.

The Khedive's firman from the Sultan does not empower conclusion of treaties.

Several of the Liberal members of the German Parliament are agitating the subject of retiring from public life.

WASHINGTON.

Four men-of-war are busily engaged enlisting boys for the United States Navy.

Ex-Senator Rumsey, of Minnesota, is the President's choice for Secretary of War.

A formal meeting of the Mississippi River Improvement Commission will be held at an early day.

The returns of crop reports to the Agricultural Department make a fine and flattering showing.

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

A Miss Ella Patterson, of Bonham, Texas, bitten by a centipede.

Lucien Bates crushed to death by a falling horse at Victoria, Texas.

Charles Forrest shot to death while resisting arrest in North Carolina.

John Hines run over by an engine and instantly killed at Louisville.

One tramp murders another in the course of an altercation near Lincoln, Ill.

John Sanld, a tramp, suicides at Iona, Mich., by cutting his throat with a pen knife.

The Buford murder case progressing at Owenton, Ky., under the defense of insanity.

One fallen woman killed by another at Lawnville, Ill., in an altercation over a fickle lover.

Henry Lyon suicides in the Rockford, Ill., jail, where he was confined on a charge of bastardy.

Ill health induces Henry T. Brush, a prominent architect of Detroit, to blow out his brains.

The Oakland, Ill., Post-office robbed of a considerable amount of currency and stamps by unknown parties.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Lumbermen agree to go on a strike at Rock Island, Ill.

The Farragut Club of Chicago defeat the Modocs in the first race at Keokuk.

State Conventions of the Greenbackers were held in Pennsylvania and Wisconsin on yesterday.

San Francisco Call (Dem.): Three million Chinamen in this country, working for twenty-five cents a day, and taking the place of three millions of Americans who demand wages sufficient to support a family, would be the worst blow capital could possibly receive. While the American laborer would be impoverished and degraded, the American capitalist would be ruined.

Cincinnati Gazette (Rep.): Resumption proved a success, and now, instead of looking forward to resumption as something to be feared, the country looks back to it as an accomplished fact. The difference is between resumption promised and resumption accomplished, and this will prove a very great difference in its effect upon the voting population.

THE plainest face is made beautiful and refined by the use of HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

SONGS OF THE SILLY SUMMER.

A FREE TRANSLATION FROM VIRGIL.

[From the London Truth.]

"Hark! three ha'pence and tuppence," cries bright little Jack,
"Say the clattering hoofs of our cantering hack;
Or te-slick-ut, te-slock-ut is p'raps more the sound
Of his merry tun'd hoofs as they hammer the ground.

VARIOUS VERSES.

I.

There is a young maid in Thibet
Has a grizzly bear for a pet;
And in spite of bronchitis her greatest delight is
To cuddle him while he is wet.

II.

And she was four and he was five, and so they walk'd together,
She whisp'ring sigh'd she'd be his bride when came the summer weather!
But he had got a poodle dog and she had got a linnet,
And so he said they might be wed quite well at any minute!

III.

Kitty and Alan were two little chicks,
They ran after a robin with two little sticks.
Said Kitty to Alan, "Of course we shall tail;
We've entirely forgotten the salt for his tail."

IV.

Little Miss Hilda, she would suck her thumb;
She sucked it from morning till night,
Till at last, sad to say, it dwindled away
And quite disappear'd out of sight.

V.

Tick tock, the jolly old clock
That calls us up in the morning;
Dong, ding, the stupid old thing
Of bed-time gives us a warning.

VI.

Oh, there was a young man in a stall
Who said: "My requirements are small."
When I ask'd him, "How much?" "Oh, a toothpick and crutch,"
Said this brilliant young man in his stall.

PENCILINGS.

—To the hot weather—All we want is to be let alone.

—Mint-juleps stood this morning at 15 cents ... the shade.

—Sarah Bernhardt's husband is like Tom Col...l... He can't be found.

—... is generally feared that the Manitoba wa... has been sunstruck.

—O... case of yellow fever is a bigger man than ... thousand Sioux Indians.

—Per...ns who eat cucumbers do not hav... their la...r for their pains, but the reverse.

—Carey the man who refused to stay and get killed with the prince, doubtless missed a very pretty funeral.

—Sitting Bull's real name is Tatanka-Yotanka. But he always allowed us to call him "Bull" for short.

—Gen. Grant will not come home for nearly a year at least. We infer that his supply of whisky is far from exhausted.

—George Eliot thinks of visiting America, and for such an honor we should even consent to be roughly handled in her next novel.

—The Ohio people thank the Lord for the hot weather. The politicians are temporarily laid up in hammocks in the shade of the trees.

—Sarah Bernhardt has a great many new clothes. A great many are necessary in her case. She is so thin that she cuts through 'em.

—We are informed that the sharks have not arrived at Long Branch. A real nice shark is always particular as to the society he keeps.

—An exchange asks this pertinent question: "Is it hot?" Well, the temperature is not particularly warm in Greenland, but if a man should take a promenade on the roof of the Post-office, say noon, attired in an ulster and a seal skin cap, it might be different.

—Prof. Swift's new comet resembles a bank note detector in one particular. It hasn't got a tail. If the comet travels in thoroughfares much frequented by bad boys and old tin cans, the absence of such an appendage is more of a blessing than otherwise, but the discomfort experienced in fly time more than overbalances this advantage.

—Mlle. Jeanne Samary, of the Comedie Francaise, is one of the reigning beauties of London, and her favorite relaxation of cracking nuts with her teeth is being adopted in high society. The young swells of the day have invented a new expression. A lady with beautiful teeth is described as having: "Haw! haw! fine nut-crackers; haw!"

—The boy stewed on the burning deck
Whence all but him had fled;
And when they shouted, "Leave the wreck!"
He turned and hotly said,
"I'm going down with this 'ere ship,—
Hulk, mast, jib-boom and spanker,
And, when I've made my briny trip,
You'll find Casa-by-anchor."

—In China, in China
It's lovely and fair—
The chances are Grant will
Remain over there
Until after the meeting of the Republican Convention.

Beside the shale and shingle,
Likewise beside the bar,
Now thinks the pretty maiden
She sees the evening star
When the hotel clerk comes along with his diamond.

—Chicago Slanders: St. Louis people are being as wicked as possible, so as to go to the bad place and cool off.—[Times. Business in St. Louis is looking up—looking up to the top of the thermometers.—[Times. Weather is measured in the shade because, we suppose, it is put in the shade by the weather of St. Louis.—[Tribune. Bob Ingersoll is guilty of paltry equivocation. He says there is no hell merely because he knows that St. Louis is the other name for it.—[Tribune. St. Louis is headquarters for heat. The wicked of St. Louis will get pretty well used to it before they die.—[Inter-Ocean.

ON THE BILLOWS OF FAME.

Brooklyn Presbyterians Worried Over the Success of Dr. Talmage's European Tour.

[Special to the Courier-Journal.]

NEW YORK, July 14.—Dr. Talmage's brethren are getting the water hot for him, so that immediately on his return from Europe they can put him right into it. The cable accounts of his carriage being carried for a half mile by an enthusiastic English mob, of his lecturing to a $4,000 audience, of his being carried, legs and all, over the heads of a packed house to get to the pulpit to speak, has not tempered the jealousy of his fellow-Presbyters who are in obscurity while he is riding on the billows of fame. The Presbyters who have taken an appeal to the Synod from the acquittal of Talmage on charges of falsehood and deceit have prepared an elaborate statement of their causes of complaint. Their object is to get the case sent back to the Brooklyn Presbytery to have the judgment reconsidered and a new vote taken, for, as noses are counted now, the anti-Talmage faction claims to have a majority of two or three, and, if it gets another chance at the troublesome pastor, it will make short work of his ecclesiastical relations to them. The venerable Dr. Samuel Spear, appreciating the importance of the situation, has reconsidered his determination to drop the case on account of feeble health, and will join with the other Presbyters in going before the Synod in the fall to defend the Presbytery in its action. Dr. Talmage's active brethren boldly charge that the dispatches sent here about the extraordinary fuss which is made over him are lies concocted for a purpose.

The Pride of Missouri.

[From the Cassopolis (Mo.) Democrat.]

Sunday evening last Miss Florence Graham, a young lady of this village, about twenty years of age, was taking a horseback ride, and when about a mile and a half south of town, two young fellows, William Miller and Ruple, drove up, each in a buggy, whooping and hallooing like wild savages, scaring the horse of the fair equestrienne, and causing it to rear and plunge violently. In the intervals of the rearing of the horse, Miss Graham assured the yahoos that if they would get out of their buggies she would dismount and take pleasure in "thrashing the ground with them." To this they returned jeers and laughter and drove on. Soon after she met Miller again, near the residence of Simon Stettiner, south of town, who saw and relates what followed. As she met the buggy she hastily dismounted and unsnapped the lines from the bridle of the assailant's horse, which, thus freed from control, ran into a fence corner, when young Miller alighted. Miss Graham had followed closely, and as he alighted received him warmly, "cuffing him to a peak" with her left hand while holding her horse with her right, administering at the same time sound maxims on etiquette and the proper way for young gentlemen to behave themselves in the company of ladies. Miller had a driving whip in his hand, which the irate equestrienne wrenched from him, and lashing him with it, bade him depart, which he speedily did, while she, remounting, rode victoriously into town. The next morning Miller, Sr., came as an envoy to recover the whip, which, on his application, was handed over to him. A subscription was immediately started and a sum sufficient to buy Miss Graham a dress was raised and handed to her by admirers of her pluck and self-reliance.

CHICAGO HORRORS.

How the Babies are Dying in Crowded Tenement-Houses.

Indescribably Filthy Condition of Houses and Alleys.

[From Yesterday's Times.]

The actual condition of the poor people of the city, their miserable surroundings, the painful sufferings which they experience during the hot months of the summer, and the [illegible] which poverty and degradation produce will never be known till every tenement house and hovel in the city has been visited and explored. It can not be realized till seen that suffering and poverty have reached their hands out over so many dwelling places of men and women and blighted them. The twenty-five volunteer physicians, whom Dr. DeWolf will [illegible] out into the different wards of the [illegible] will never come in contact with a [illegible] part of the sick and suffering women and children who need such help as they might give. Let the number be multiplied by one hundred, and then a systematic effort to search out the destitution and pestilential surroundings, which the people themselves can do little to improve, might be of avail. To say nothing of the streets, the alleys are crowded with offal and garbage, and are

BREATHING POISON EVERY MINUTE

of the day and night in some wards of the city.

"What can you expect," asks the Health Commissioner, "when I am given but one man to look after the alleys and houses of a whole ward, especially when his directions about cleaning are not obeyed after he gets out of sight. For example, Dr. Fitch is required to keep the Fourteenth Ward in good sanitary condition so far as his supervision may extend. The Fourteenth Ward includes the vast area which lies on the West Side north of West Ohio street and Chicago avenue. In it are fifty-two thousand people to be looked after. Four men could not do the work well."

In looking after the condition of the poor it is quite natural to visit the tenement-houses, known as such, and forget the crowded hovels which have been already referred to in these columns, which were never intended for more than one family, and which are, nevertheless,

CROWDED TO SUFFOCATION

with those who care not to live better or who can not. The so-called tenement-houses are palaces in comparison with many of these, The number of them is great, too. They are scattered over the entire city, and startlingly close to respectable homes. They are hotbeds of disease, and must be injurious to the whole neighborhood.

Perhaps nothing more horrible could be conceived as existing in such a city as this, than what came to the notice of a Times reporter on last evening. He was told that

A CHILD WAS DYING

in the rear of a frame house black with dirt and rickety with age, on North Union street, near Ohio. A board walk along the side of the house led to the rear. A dozen feet below, and on the steps leading out of a basement room, there sat two women, and, by their side, lay the babe. The reporter descended the steps which led down to them. The babe was stretched out on a pillow, and was covered with a piece of coarse tarlatan, which lay so close to its face and bare arms that the flies found access to it through the meshes. The babe was apparently sleeping when the reporter first saw it, but it tossed, and threw its arms about continually. The mother gave the age and condition of the child unfeelingly. She said it was eight months old, and had been sick for a week. It had the cholera infantum, and "the doctor said there was somethin' the matter with her head, and that she'd die 'fore midnight. I've had five children, and buried two afore this one. There's the two left, out there, asides this one, which won't live." And the woman pointed to a boy and a girl in the yard, so ragged and dirty as to be almost unrecognizable.

"What are you doing for that poor child?" asked the reporter.

"Oh, I'm givin' her some wine, which the doctor said would be all we could do for her, since she was goin' to die any way," and she produced a bottle of the vilest looking stuff imaginable. It had been bought at a low groggery a few doors distant. It was that which the woman had poured down the throat of a dying babe.

"How long has your child been sick?"

"Nigh onto two weeks. She was stout and healthy, but got sick, I think, from the filth about this house," and the woman proceeded to give some account of the condition of things surrounding her, which the reporter more fully investigated, and will refer to below.

The mother had feeling enough left to endeavor to get the little dying creature at her feet out of the narrow and close stoop on which it had been lying. She picked up the pillow and carried it back into the rear of the lot and placed it

IN AN OLD EXPRESS WAGON.

It seems an incredible thing, but them other paid little attention to the babe after that. She sent her boy away for a small pail of milk and drank it with her other child and the boy, and that constituted their supper. Another woman shortly after joined her in the yard, and the two laughed and chased each other about the wagon in which the babe was parting with life so hardly. It was a scene too painful to be long endured. The neighbors held aloof for some reason and shut the sight of it from their eyes.

While the woman was in the yard the reporter went back and pushed into the solitary room occupied by the family. The door was still retained in its place by a single hinge. Will it be credited if the truth is told as to the contents of that room? A little light struggled into it through one window, the only one it had. On the floor were a few rags and in one corner stood a tub and wash-board.

THESE WERE ALL.

No table, no bed, no chairs—simply nothing else was there. The neighbors said this family had been possessed of some of the minor articles of furniture until within a week or two, but the last had been pawned for drink. The stove had gone the way of all the other articles. The family slept now on the floor or on the ground in the yard, and ate from their hands such scraps as they could gather up. The neighbors told of the pitiful cries of the little babe night after night, when no relief was brought it. The mother, no longer ago than Sunday, slept the night through without heeding its cries and the pleadings of her other children who begged of her to "wake and give Anna something to eat." A woman living near said that the child was actually raw with the dirt and filth which was allowed to accumulate on its body. Other things related are not fit for publication, which would but characterize the mother as an unparalleled monster in human form.

The ground on which these houses stand is unusually low. As stated before, there are no sewers from them. The reporter could not endure an investigation of more than one of the houses to determine the results attending this lack of sewerage. In one of the houses water was conducted through pipes to each of the floors. Pipes and slop-boxes conducted the waste water and swill—where? Directly to the ground underneath the house, where on last night it formed a sea of filth several inches in depth. It was there all the time, the occupants said, and was very much worse a week ago than now. The inmates threw slops of all sorts out of the windows, and the refuse from their tables went the same way. The reporter was asked to thrust his head out of the bedroom window of an occupant in the basement, and see what those living up-stairs threw down.

A MASS OF DECAYING AND PUTRID GARBAGE,

held in solution by the liquids which came with it from the second and third story windows, was discovered. The exhalations were foul and thick with the seeds of cholera. One of the inmates said he had dug a trench to a neighbor's sewer, and had succeeded partially in draining the cesspool under them. This pool is kept full by seven families, who occupy that house, four of whom live in the basement. Some one in the house is constantly sick. One man, who had nothing but rags for clothes, said he had just given a doctor $10 to save the life of one of his children, who had been sick for weeks. The character of the rooms which the people have may be judged by the rent they pay, which varies from $1 to $3 a month. The seven houses spoken of are

OCCUPIED BY TWENTY FAMILIES.

There was on eighth house, or shanty, in the rear, but it had been torn down by some city officials, who came so near to the others and did nothing to better their condition. Its occupant, an old woman known as Mrs. Crane, had been sent to the Bridewell and the demolition was effected during her absence. She returned to the city on yesterday and was wandering about last night, wondering where she would sleep, since the neighbors seemed unwilling to take her in.

Altogether it was a scene for hell and not for earth.

A Deserted Town.

[From the San Francisco (Cal.) Examiner.]

[illegible]at, Sonoma county, is a good example [of a de]serted mining town. Five or six years ago, when this part of the country was all excitement on account of the quicksilver discoveries, Pine Flat was a very lively town of three or four thousand inhabitants. Six or eight hundred men were to be seen in the streets, the hotels could not accommodate all who came, and business of all kinds was just "booming." Houses were put up in a day, canvas tents stood upon every available spot, a system of pipes supplied water to the town and the wave of prosperity threatened to swamp everybody with riches. But a change came o'er the spirit of their dreams. The price of quicksilver declined, the wave of prosperity subsided to a calm and then receded, until to-day, by actual count, there are two and one-half houses to each inhabitant, and there are fifteen houses.

OF INTEREST TO TRAVELERS.

The Pan Handle and Pennsylvania Line

Is now enabled, by the perfection of its extensive railway system, to offer the traveling public facilities and advantages never before presented on the American continent. Our trains run through without break or detention between all principal cities of the West and East.

Our various roadways, originally designed with skill and care, have been improved by the introduction of steel rails, and iron bridges, and the utilization of all the approved appliances for safety, durability and comfort. Our rolling stock has been perfected in every possible way, and is not excelled by that of any railroad in this country. These results have been followed by the introduction of through trains of unparalleled speed, safety, luxury and economy.

The pleasure of a trip over this wonderful line must be experienced in order to be appreciated. Every American who travels or reads, has seen or heard of, and the pencils of many artists have labored to portray for popular gratification, the attractions of the Allegheny Mountains, the Juniata, Susquehanna and Conemaugh Rivers, and the wonderful agricultural vales of Lancaster and Chester counties, Pennsylvania, through which this line runs. Long sweeps of wooded hills, lofty mountains and dark ravines, picturesque valleys opening into landscapes, follow in rapid succession.

Our dining stations are conveniently located at such points along the line as to offer at seasonable hours well cooked and well served meals at popular prices. The dining halls on this line have become justly celebrated and popular, for on no other line in the world are the wants of the inner man more carefully catered to.

THE SHORTEST ROUTE!

It is to the advantage of all, whether you travel on business, or for pleasure, to select the shortest route—by so doing you save time, and time is money. Remember this fact when you go East, and purchase your tickets via the "Pan Handle and Pennsylvania Route," on sale at all ticket offices in the West.

Miss Kellogg in London.

[From the London Hornet, June 25.]

In the part of Aida Miss Clara Louise Kellogg made her first appearance in this country since, if I recollect rightly, the year 1873. In the interim the lady has, with truly artistic industry, been further studying and gaining fresh experience in her art on the various town and provincial stages of the United States, and she comes back to us a very different artist from that of six years ago. Her voice was then thin, shrill, hard and unsympathetic; it is now matured, mellowed and most pleasing in quality, if it has somewhat decreased in power. That she has made considerable advance in histronic ability there can be no question, but, above all, there was throughout the performance of Thursday the consciousness that Miss Kellogg was a thorough and conscientious artist. There was no attempt to force her voice, not the slightest tendency to over-act. Very properly reserving her forces in the first act, it was not until the great scene between the daughter of Pharaoh and her captive handmaiden in the second act that Miss Kellogg began to show the audience the sort of artist who now appeared before them. This scene, where the Princess seeks to deceive her slave, in order to extract from her the secret of her love, with the defiance hurled at the head of Pharaoh's daughter, and the instant change to a tone of piteous appeal when the slave recollects she must not disgrace her name and kindred by disclosing her rank, was most powerfully rendered by both Miss Kellogg and Mme. Trebelli, both artists manifesting greater dramatic force than their best friends could have suspected. But the greatest surprise came in the scenes on the shores of the Nile, first between Aida and her father, and secondly between Aida and her lover. Although Signor Galassi cannot boast the polished style of Signor Graziani, who created the part at Covent Garden, he, fired by the example of Miss Kellogg, suddenly disclosed remarkable dramatic power, and the passage where Amonasro invokes the wrath of the blood-stained cities of Ethiopia on his daughter's head was delivered with a force which fairly brought down the house. Miss Kellogg's share in this important scene, and in the still more trying duet with her lover which followed, was marked by the rare ability of a genuine artist.

Syrian Ladies.

[Emma D. Southwick, in Boston Traveller.]

After a few moments the lady entered, making excuses for her husband's absence through our interpreter and requesting most earnestly that we would make our visit to her, and soon sending for her sister, who spoke French, we spent half an hour very enjoyably with them. They are Syrian women of the best type, with fine, bright faces and in European dress, that of our hostess being an embroidered white wrapper, with red silk girdle about her waist and, like her sister, artificial flowers in her hair. Both ladies when they entered had over their slippers wooden clogs, which are used by the peasantry, and slipped them off before stepping on the carpet: and referring to this custom, they said "they were put on when crossing the court-yard from habit, as it was often damp, and thus their feet were raised above the ground. We thought they must be difficult to walk with; but they were much amused at the idea, and produced a pair which were higher than any we had seen, saying "that those were the kind a lady wore just after marriage, to make her look tall and of more importance than heretofore, raising her at least a foot above the ground, but they were only worn a short time." I suppose she meant until her friends were fully impressed with her importance. Referring to our free, untrammeled life, Madame—putting her hands to her mouth several times and throwing them out gracefully—said, "How happy we must be to be able to smell the wind." She did not doubt that in the three days we had passed in Damascus we had seen more than she had seen in all her life. According to the custom of the race these women almost never go outside of their own doors. Having been married at fourteen, our hostess is now, at twenty-three, the mother of five or six children, and shut up with them within these walls from one year's end to the other. We sympathized with her most heartily when she sighed over the dullness of the life it was her lot to lead.

A £4,000 Ball.

[From the London World, July 2.]

I shall be much surprised if the ball given on Thursday last in Mr. Gladstone's old house by Lady Olive Guinness be surpassed by any entertainment this season. The hostess's sister-in-law, Mrs. Guinness, had what may be called a floral fete of marked brilliancy only a week before; but on this occasion the flowers were, in beauty and abundance, hitherto unheard of in London, though perhaps to be equaled at Rome or Nice. There were festoons of real roses, banks of gardenias and mantelpieces of stephanotis; while here and there towered huge blocks of ice, with hot-house blossoms frozen into them. The effect was admirable; but I am not surprised to hear that it was attained by an expenditure of rather over £4,000. What chance has the common-place ball-giver after this?

A New Form of Investment.

The influx of wealth into this country after the past seven years of dullness is beginning to increase the speculative feeling in all channels of trade. Already the business centers are lively with the praises of mining, manufacturing, railroad, real estate and other speculations; but strange to say, so great is the well deserved confidence in the strict integrity characterizing every action of the managers of the celebrated Lyuisiana Lottery that its tickets for the monthly grand drawings which cost two dollars are a favorite purchase of the leading bankers and brokers in all the large cities. M. A. Dauphin, P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La., or at No. 319 Broadway, New York city, will give all desired information.

STYLISH—A seal skin jacket is no doubt very stylish, but is a perfect trap for catching cold. We would advise all ladies wearing the same to keep Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup handy. Price 25 cts.

The Central Baptist predicts that the crop of D. D.'s this year will be remarkably small.

A TERRIBLE CRIME.

Startling Story of Violence in Northwest Baltimore.

A Young Girl Chloroformed on the Street, Placed in a Street Railway Car, Carried into the Suburbs and Brutally Assaulted.

[From the Baltimore Gazette.]

An outrage which it is believed has no parallel for boldness and atrocity in the history of criminal acts in Baltimore was perpetrated in the northwestern suburbs on Saturday night, the victim being a young and respectable girl of nineteen, and her fiendish assailant an unknown man who succeeded in making his escape after accomplishing the horrible crime. The punishment for such an offense is death. The story is a remarkable one, and but for the fact that an investigation establishes thoroughly the statement of the helpless victim it would scarcely be credited. That a young woman could be approached on a public street at an early hour in the evening, suddenly chloroformed into a condition of semi-consciousness, assisted on a street car, carried into the suburbs and brutally outraged, seems almost incredible, and yet the startling story, in all necessary essentials, has been fully verified. The fact that the girl is a friendless orphan, absolutely alone in the world, aggravates the crime, and when the facts are laid before the public, as they are now for the first time, they cannot but excite the utmost horror and indignation of the entire community.

THE VICTIM AND THE CRIME.

The victim of the fiendish outrage is Miss Georgie McComas, less than twenty years of age. At the death of her parents, when a child, she was admitted to the Home of the Friendless, at Druid Hill avenue and Townsend street, where she remained until about 12 years of age. A situation was then procured for her in the family of Dr. Murphy (since deceased) at Port Deposit, Md., where she resided until less than a year ago. Soon after reaching the age of 18 she came to Baltimore in the hope of securing a more desirable position, and upon reaching the city at once applied to Mrs. Frances A. Crook, president of the Home, and requested that lady to secure her a place in a family. Mrs. Crook referred her to Mr. John W. Cornelius, superintendent of the Maryland industrial school for girls, and Miss McComas was sent out to the institution. Upon becoming aware of the character of its inmates, she at once asked to be returned to the city, and after remaining at the school for a few weeks Mr. Cornelius secured her a place in a family residing at 60 Conway street. She remained in this position six months and, again becoming dissatisfied, Mr. Cornelius obtained her a place in the family of Geo. W. Almack, 317 Mulberry street, with whom she remained until Saturday night.

CHLOROFORMED ON THE STREET.

After finishing her household duties on the evening of Saturday, she left the house saying she intended to take a short walk, as was her usual custom, confining herself, however, to the square on which she lived. The street is rather dimly lighted between Fremont and Chatsworth streets, affording her assailant an opportunity of coming alongside of her almost before she was aware of his presence. He seized her by the arm, and, as she turned in alarm to ascertain his object, drew from his pocket a small bottle containing a liquid of some kind—chloroform or some other anesthetic—and applied it to her mouth and nostrils. At the first inhalation she lost the power to make an outcry, and was soon in a condition of half consciousness, and almost paralyzed with terror and the effects of the drug. Her assailant then, drawing his arm through hers, led her in the direction of a street railway line, supposed to be the Citizens', and assisting her into the car, placed her in a seat and took one himself by her side. They rode together until near the upper terminus, in the neighborhood of Druid Hill park, when the man stopped the car, assisted her off, and half dragged her, as supposed, beyond the city limits into a woods.

BRUTALLY OUTRAGED.

The physical condition of the unfortunate victim was such that she was unable to offer the slightest resistance, but she has no recollection of the assault, as before it was made she lost entire consciousness. Her face was scratched, and her mouth bore evidence of rough usage. As near as she can determine, it was about 11 o'clock when she was restored to consciousnees, and upon attempting to rise from the ground, saw her assailant in the act of leaving her. He probably remained to see that she had not been fatally assaulted, and upon seeing her partly restored, offered no further violence and quickly disappeared from sight. After a great effort the girl, suffering terribly from horrible treatment, and still under the influence of the drug, raised herself and began the effort of returning to the city. She was totally unacquainted with the locality, but from the description she gives of the scene of the outrage, it was probably in the neighborhood of the Liberty road and Fulton avenue. For more than an hour she wandered aimlessly around, and finally reached Harlem Park, and from there passed along Edmondson avenue.

FIRST INTELLIGENCE OF THE OUTRAGE.

It was nearly 1 o'clock yesterday (Sunday) morning ween she reached Edmondson avenue and Carey street, where her appearance, wandering alone and apparently intoxicated, attracted the attention of a couple of gentlemen who were returning home. The girl passed, walking slowly and with difficulty, and after going half a block sank down exhausted on the steps of a dwelling. Subsequently the gentlemen approached and inquired the cause of her trouble.

HER APPEARANCE AND CONDITION.

She was found crouched down on the steps and suffering terribly from nervous prostration, superinduced by the brutal treatment she had received and alarm at finding herself alone and unprotected. She was neatly but plainly attired and her demeanor was modest and appearance attractive. She is slightly above the medium stature and of rather slender physique.

Upon being addressed she at first gave vent to her grief, but soon recovered upon being assured that she would be afforded protection, and briefly outlined the story of the outrage as given above, the particulars of which she afterward related more circumstantially to the wife of one of the gentlemen. A glass of water was obtained for her and an offer to permit her to remain at the residence of the gentleman was gratefully accepted. It was evident that she was still suffering from the effects of the drugs she had inhaled. Her articulation was indistinct and she walked with great difficulty the two or three blocks to the residence, where the wife of one of the gentlemen after a conversation with her, and convinced of the truth of her startling story, provided for her comfortably during the night.

In conversation with a representative of the Gazette last evening the girl reiterated the story of the terrible crime, relating with great particularity her meeting on Mulberry street with her assailant. She was unable, she said, to determine what the drug was, but thought it was chloroform. While half conscious she was in a perfectly helpless condition and continued so until she reached the outskirts of the city, where her assailant again applied the liquid to her nostrils and she became totally unconscious. In these and other respects her statement conformed to the account published above. She said she had never before seen her assailant, but could readily identify him.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIEND.

The girl gave quite an accurate description of the man, from which it is learned that he is slightly above the medium height, heavily built, with black mustache, dark hair and eyes and respectably dressed. He was of powerful strength and almost lifted her from the ground as they walked and upon reaching the woods referred to threw her heavily to the ground. She denounced bitterly his brutality and said that during all her life she had striven to deport herself correctly and felt a greater necessity for being prudent from the fact of her being an orphan.

ACTION OF THE POLICE AUTHORITIES.

After investigating the case as thoroughly as it was possible to do so within the limited time at his disposal the Gazette representative sent to police headquarters last night a communication conveying all the particulars given above. This was, of course, the first knowledge the authorities had of the shocking affair, as the girl had not communicated with a policeman and in fact was in no condition yesterday to do so. Marshal Gray will, of course, act with usual promptness in the matter and if convinced that the girl's statement is absolutely accurate—as it appears to be—will leave nothing undone to bring her brutal assailant within the clutches of the law.

NO RETAIL PROFITS

For Quadruple-plated Ice Pitchers, Tea-sets, Casters, Spoons, Forks, Knives, Etc.

Buy Direct From the Manufacturers.

Special discounts to hotels and restaurants. Replating and repairing a specialty.
21 WADSWORTH & CO., 612 Olive street.

Free of Charge.—All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," not exceeding five lines and not of a business nature, will be inserted free. We propose to make the Post-Dispatch the medium by which the people of St. Louis can supply their various wants. A postal card containing the advertisement mailed in the morning will reach the office in time to secure the appearance of the advertisement the same afternoon.

PERSONAL.

ALL THOSE ready to build send for Illustrated Building Guide, published by A. Druiding, Architect. Price, 10c. Office, 511 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo. 9

10000 Standard new and old books—Boydell Shakspeare, $150. D. Linahan, 4th and Washington ave. 11

A YOUNG MAN wishes the company of a nice lady to go to Queen's Lake, July 27. Address J. L. D., 700 South Seventh street. 14

AT Henson's, 502 N. Third street, you can get a pair of Home-made Congress Alexis or English Walking Shoes for $2 50. 14

AT GRAY'S, 308-709 Olive, books, stationery, periodicals, late papers. July monthlies. 16

A. B. PEARSON & CO., Manufacturers of Pearson's Patent Scales and Beams, 409 and 411 Morgan. 7

A YOUNG gent of means desires the acquaintance of an intelligent and pretty young lady. The gent has horse and buggy and knows how to use them. Address in confidence, F. W. Clark, City Post-office. 10

BY gentleman of culture and standing, 35 years of age, a lady correspondent. Address Banker, Carrollton, Mo. 8

BY a young merchant doing good business, lady correspondents; object matrimony; send photograph and age. Address, Merchant, Ritchey, Mo., Newton county. 30

BEAUTIFUL card pictures $1 a dozen; all other sizes in proportion. Hammersley's, 520 Franklin avenue. 24

CHRISTIAN lady as a correspondent. One who ignores the vanities of this world, not over twenty-seven years old. Ad. M. Christian, Warrensburg, Mo. 15

CIGARS & TOBACCO

The finest brands on hand, at P. J. Curran's, 404 Locust street. 7

DR. J. SMITH, Dentist, 1310 Franklin avenue. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. 17

DISCOVERY by which money can be saved. Do not throw aside your old sewing machine, but send it to J. Dressler, No. 804 Pine street, who can rebuild and make your old machine as good as the day it was bought. Also, new machines for sale at greatly reduced prices. 21

DIVORCE SUITS attended to by J. M. Fulton, Attorney, 505 Chestnut street. 28

FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN wants a situation. Best city references. Ad. F. A., this office. 12

HARNESS.—Those about to buy ought to call on me. Harness for $16 and up. Geo. R. Alderton, 419 N. Eighth street. 13

J. A. SEIBERT has reopened his photo gallery, No. 415 Franklin avenue, between Fourth and Fifth streets, where he is ready to accommodate his friends and the public in general. Pictures guaranted to suit.

KITCHEN ranges $15 to $40; Baltimore heaters. Dana & Co., 115 and 117 Washington evenue. 7

LADY correspondent wanted. Object matrimony and fun. Ad. O. G. D., Forney, Tex., Box 35. 10

MORGENS, THE FANCY DYER, 118 North Sixth street, near Pine. 14

MRS. L. BARTLETT WHITE, the great St. Louis natural clairvoyant, trance, test and business medium, 1429 Morgan street. 15

MR. A. G. BROWN—A letter in the Globe-Democrat office for you. T. R. S. 16

MELOPHINE—Ask your Grocer for it. Cleans paints, carpets and stone fronts, etc. Also use our Ladies' Toilet Cream. Give it a trial. Office 713 and 715 Washington avenue. 1

PERSONAL—1,000—Bill heads, $1 50 per 1,000, business cards $1 per 1,000. Tanner & Bro. 414 N. Third street. 17

PILES cured by Drs. Wortman & Co., 906 Pine st.; no knife or pain; not a cent if not cured. 11

PEACHES—Peaches received daily at David Humphrey's, 712 Broadway. 14

PERSONAL—Down go the prices on picture frames. Call and see for yourself. Hazenstab, 302 Market st. 25

PAINTERS', plasterers' and whiteners' brushes at Eastern prices at J. S. Costello's, 1005 N. Fifth. Brushes of all kinds made to order. 9*

PERSONAL—Chronic and private diseases speedily cured. Dr. H. Schwartz, 521 Pine, bet. 5th & 6th.

PERSONAL—Calf shoes, $3 00, to measure, at Jno. Lottrup's, 614 N. Fourth street. 17

PERSONAL—Bill-heads from $1 50 to $3 per 1,000, and all printing proportionately low; A. R. Fleming, 305 N. Third st. 8

RETIRED physician, 55 years old (bachelor), desires to correspond with a lady of about 35, with view to an early marriage; must be healthy and robust, have good education and some culture. Ad. Chas. Heidel, Carrollton, Mo. 16

THE acquaintance of a gentleman of means desired who would assist a talented young lady to go on the stage. Address Bessie Thornton, this office. 5

THE Great Five Dollar English Walking Shoes for $3 50, warranted sewed. R. Robinson, 718 Olive.

THE address of a teacher of elocution and dramatic manners. Address L. C., this office. 5

TO correspond with a young lady. Object pastime and amusement. Ad. H. W. R., Forney, Tex., P. O. Box No. 1. 10

THE address of one Mrs. Mayo, who has employed a woman whose name was Florence Prinston, who, on leaving Mrs. Mayo, went to Memphis, Tenn. Address Mrs. Smith, 2134 Gravois Road. 5

WANTED—Furniture—Persons moving, breaking up housekeeping or having surplus furniture, carpets, stoves or housekeeping articles of any description to dispose of, in large or small lots, can obtain the highest cash price by calling on or addressing R. N. Wardlow, 717 N. Sixth st. 7

WOULD like to make the acquaintance of a lady not over 24 years of age who controls $800 or $1,000. Object honorable. Ad. G. E. H., this office. 15

817 MARKET ST.—Call and examine the coal oil and gasoline stove at C. Herboth. 11

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

ANY lady or gentleman that wants to go to San Francisco, Cal., and will pay my way there and treat me half right, I will work for them three months gratis; a refined white and middle-aged widow. Address Mrs. Lacraft, 1412 Chesnut st., St. Louis, Mo. 8

BY a young lady of good business ability, a position in store or office; quick at figures and a good writer. Address J. C. A., this office. 9

BY a girl 15 years old, a position in some kind of store. Wages from $2 to $2 50 per week. Ad. May, this office. 5

FAMILY or plain sewing by a lady who is a neat seamstress. Address or call on Mrs. C., 1010 Pine street. 7

FIRST-CLASS seamstress wishing to leave town for a while will make engagement with some good, substantial farmer's family, to sew six hours per day for her board; can bring her own machine. Ad. Mrs. Cross, 924 N. Fifth street, St. Louis. 8

LADY with a grown son will take the best care of any private residence committed to her charge. Best of reference. Address Mrs. GREY, Florissant, Mo. 2

SITUATION by a competent nurse willing to assist up stairs; plain sewing; would travel; good ref. Call at 924 N. Eighteenth st. 12

SITUATION by a middle aged woman, to cook or do house work in private family; willing to leave the city; the best of ref. Apply at 924 N. Eighteenth st. 12

SITUATION WANTED—As housekeeper for hotel or widower; or to take charge of house for the summer. G. M., this office. 14

SITUATION wanted as house-girl, dining-room girl or house-keeper. Best reference. Address for three days No. 1532 Broadway, up stairs. 15

SITUATION as governess; is prepared to teach all English branches; Latin and French reader; also elocution. Reference given and required. Ad. H. L. P., Kirksville, Mo. 19

WANTED situation as housekeeper and plain seamstress. Address H. H., this office. 3

WOMAN wants a place to care for children and sew or house-work; is a Protestant. Call at 811 N. Sixteenth street. Good references. 3

YOUNG woman would like to keep house for a widower, one that has children. She would be willing to sew and make home comfortable. Ad., with full particulars, this office, Annie. 1

YOUNG married lady would like to keep house for a widower or couple that have children. Can give the very best of references; would be willing to do their sewing and take full charge, as necessity compels. Address, Mrs. R. A. R. 1

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

A FEW LADY CANVASSERS on part salary and commission. American Sewing-machine Co., No. 10 North Sixth street.

GERMAN girl for cook in American family; smal family; no washing; 2919 Washington avenue. 12

GIRL for general housework at 2650 Buel st. 16

SMART little colored girl, between 12 and 13, to do light chores for lady. Reference required, 1501 Chestnut st. 15

WANTED—3 good shirt makers on W. & W. machine. Apply, Freeman's, 611 N. Eighth street. 9

WOMAN or girl who understands cooking. Apply at Restaurant on Broadway, East St. Louis. 10

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Sunday evening, a gold breastpin, on Seventeenth, bet. Cass ave. and O'Fallon. Return to 1327 N. Seventeenth and receive a suitable reward. 16

LOST—This (Saturday) morning on track of St. Louis Jockey and Trotting Association, near judges' or timers' stand, one Horse-Timer. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. 12

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. BRENNAN, office 802 N. Fifth street. Dr. Brennan gives special professional attention to all medical and surgical patients; also to all diseases of women and children. 3

DR. J. E. Brecht, Dentist, 1605 Olive street, St. Louis. 23

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

A NEW ZEALANDER, stranger in the city, would like a situation—used to dry goods and clothing; willing to work at anything. Good references. Address Fidus, this office.

A COLLECTOR of six years' experience wants something to do. Address D. B. G., this office. 12

A YOUNG MAN wants employment at anything. Address F. W. J., this office. 30—C

BOY, 17 years of age, desires to learn the architect business. Address O. Olfe, 739 S. Seventh street. 11

BARKEEPER—A young man who has had experience desires a situation. Wages moderate. Address Harry F., this office. 11

BOY of fifteen desires a situation in office or commission house. Address, J. W. Overstreet, Union Stock Yards. 26

BY A BOY OF 15—A situation as an office boy or place in a store; writes a good hand. Apply between 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. Colter, s. e. corner Fifth and Olive, room 2, Insurance Exchange. 8

BY expert penman, copying, manuscript work, circulars, legal, or any kind of writing at two cents per 100 words. Address Need, St. Luke's Hospital, Tenth and St. Charles streets, city. 10

BY a first-class drummer a situation to travel; thoroughly acquainted with A 1 grocery, liquor and cigar trade through Arkansas, Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee, speaking French, German and English. A 1 references. Address DAN, Post-Dispatch. 11

BY a steady young man, employment at anything at which he can make a living. Ad. J. L. P., 728 S. Second st., city. 8

BY a competent man, not a resident of the city, situation as bookkeeper, assistant bookkeeper or clerk; good correspondent. Will furnish first-class city references. Wages moderate. Ad. Mc., this office. 5

BY A YOUNG MAN—Situation as clerk in a grocery, or collector; can furnish No. 1 city references. Ad. A. S. B., 2909 Laclede avenue. 1

BY a young man, a position as account and bookkeeper, or in any capacity in a store. Address with terms, I. M. C., 519 Market street, St. Louis. 16

COMMERCIAL traveler, with the very best city references, wishes a position to travel for some house; no salary asked on trial trip. Ad. O. K., this office. 8

EXPERIENCED short-hand correspondent and accountant desires a position in some good business house. Address Advance, this office. 9*

EMPLOYMENT as collector; can give reference and security. Ad. A. B., this office. 5

I WISH to get a situation in a dairy. I have had thirty years experience; good reference given and satisfaction given or no pay required. Address S. R., this office. 2

SITUATION as bar-tender by a young man of experience; good reference. Speaks French and English. Address, A. J., No. 2628 Mills st. 1

SITUATION—By an intelligent young man of 18, who is not afraid to work. Can give the best city reference. Salary $25 to $50. Address Elmer V. Williams, 801 North Sixteenth street. 8

SITUATION by a man 58 years old as collector or watchman, or something that I can make a living at honestly. City reference given. Address K, 714 Clark avenue 5

SITUATION by a young man of twenty years; is able and willing to work; wholesale house preferred. Please address J. Coleman, 2112 South Spring street. 9

SITUATION by a competent man as bar-keeper; lately from the East; city references. Address J. E. C., 1010 Pine street. 7

SITUATION by a young man as bar-tender. Good city reference. Address C. W., this office. 2

SITUATION by a horse-shoer; no objections to the country. Address Horse-shoer, this office. 1

SITUATION, by a boy fourteen years old, in office or store; can furnish reference from former employers. Address Geo. Roberts, 1014 North Tenth street, city. 10

SITUATION—As porter, by a married man; writes English and German; can mark; best of references. Address W. F., this office. 3

SITUATION by a young man in a grocery store. Has experience in the business, and is able to keep a small set of books. Salary moderate. Speaks German and English. Address Grocer, this office. 12

SITUATION by a young man of 23 as porter or salesman in a wholesale house. Temperate and good habits. Best of city references given and exchanged. Address J. E. D., 2319 Exchange street. 12

SITUATION by a man of 25 (stranger in the city) who is able and willing to work and is a good manager of horses. Has 5 years exp. as undertaker. Wages very reasonable. Address A. C. B., this office. 12

SITUATION to travel for a boot and shoe house in Kansas or Missouri. Reference given. Address P. O. box 8, Glasgow, Mo. 12

SITUATION wanted by a good boy; writes a good hand; would like to have a place in an office or grocery. Address Jos. F. Buggle, this office. 15

SITUATION as foreman on vegetable garden or farm. Address Foreman, care Jno. Bentzen, Union Market. 16

SITUATION by a young man to go to a country town. Ad. C. D., No. 900 South Third st. 15

SITUATION by young man as clerk or steward in good restaurant; with 3 years' experience. Ad. for one week, Stephen Hubbell, 3014 Dickson street, city. 3

SITUATION as collector—a man of experience; can give good reference and security. MacD., 627 Olive street. 8

WORK—By a carpenter; good framer. Address H. C. C., this office. 14

WANTED—A good boy willing and able to make himself generally useful, wants to be employed in some prosperous wholesale business. Wages no object. Best refs. Paul L., this office. 15

WELL-EDUCATED young German, speaking both English and German fluently, would like to tend some store, or get any kind of work, in exchange for board. Address L. Graff, office of this paper. 15

YOUNG MAN wants situation to drive horse and carriage. E. C., this office. 5

YOUTH of 18, well recommended, who can read and write, speaking two languages, desires a situation; is willing to work and can take care of horses. No objection to going to the country. Address, Charley Fluehr, 2207 Franklin ave. 8

YOUNG man of good address, twenty years of age, with experience in the wholesale business, would like to obtain a situation; is willing to work cheap. Address Clerk, City Letter Carrier 80. 14

YOUNG man just retiring from cigar business, has a good education, would like a position in or as traveler for some wholesale house; good ref. Ad. Box 825, Hannibal, Mo. 3

WANTED—MALE HELP.

20 LABORERS wanted on Ware and Franklin avenues. P. Fanning. 14

BAR-TENDER—One that can speak German preferred. Good reference required. Address with full particulars and stamp, Saloon, Jerseyville, Ill.

BARBER—Who has his own chair and tools. Address Elliott House, Centerville, Ill.; summer resort. 14

BARKEEPER at Stout's Branch, 715 St. Charles street. 16

BOY, white or colored, to attend horse and buggy and make himself generally useful around the house. 2206 Gamble avenue, two squares south of Clark avenue. 11

FIRST-CLASS restaurant cook, white or colored Call at 119 Olive st. 9

MILLER WANTED.—First-class, sober, industrious man immediately, to go to Iron Clad Mills, Hillsboro, Ill. Glenn Brothers.

TWO young men wanting situation on farm. Call at 927 North Fourteenth street, by 6 a. m. 16

WANTED—AGENTS—Every style chromos cheap. Samples and catalogue free. American Art Co., 2102 Olive.

YOUNG men with $25 to $50 capital to run on different railroads in Illinois in the capacity of news agents. Apply with stamp to A. E. Kinney, Decatur, Ill. 15

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

A FURNISHED hall for a society, within eight blocks of new Custom-house. Apply T. S. Cox, this office. 2

BY a gentleman and wife, two large unfurnished rooms in Stoddard Addition or vicinity; possession on September 1. "D. J. L.," this office. 12

BY careful parties for light use, a horse and spring vehicle; to be kept in the country for two months. Address, J. B., this office. 10

FURNISHED room by a lady where they are not too particular; must be low in price. Address MORTEN, this office. 11

FURNISHED ROOM—With southern or eastern exposure, between Twelfth and Fifteenth streets, Washington av. and Chestnut st. State terms. A. B. C., this office.

GIRL wants family mending and plain sewing by hand to take home. Address Miss Wells, 914 Morgan street. 23

I WOULD take a situation of any kind for the use of two unfurnished rooms. Call at 700 S. Seventh, J. D. 10

LADY would like to have some sewing to take home; can cut and fit; makes wrappers from 50 cents upwards. Address, Miss D., this office. 1

MUSIC teacher would like a few pupils at 25 cents a lesson. Address, H. A. B., this office. 1

ON or before September 1, a good store, about 20x50. Must be good location and reasonable rent. Address B. Y., this office. 11

ROOM and board for lady and two children in the suburbs. State lowest terms. Reference ex. Address F. W., this office.

THREE or 4 rooms, unfurnished, first or second floor, west of Fifteenth street, or cottage; no children; must be reasonable. Address, Cottage, this office. 3

TO PURCHASE a part interest in an established cigar store. Give location and terms. Harry Lester, 214 Myrtle street. 14

WANTED — AGENTS —Every style Chromos cheap. Samples catalogue free. American Art Co., 2102 Olive.

YOUNG gent with good reference to join advertiser in renting furnished room. Address G. G. C., P.-D. office. 16

BOARDING.

2625 PINE STREET—With board, to gentleman and wife, third-floor front room, southern exposure, unfurnished, except carpet, $35 a month, or to two gentlemen, furnished, same price. References.

A ST. LOUIS lady has a house of 12 rooms at Ocean Grove, near the ocean, and can accommodate three or four more St. Louis people with pleasant board and rooms. Inquire at 614½ Olive street. 12

BARGAIN—Boarding-house, elegantly furnished; can show receipts $500 monthly. Address, Estelle, this office. 3

COUNTRY BOARD—High, healthy, well shaded; twenty-two miles from St. Louis on O. and M. R. R. Address Bishop House, Lebanon, Ill.

WIDOW LADY of respectability, to board and care for a boy ten years old, for a reasonable compensation. Address W. G., 2736 Penrose st.

EDUCATIONAL.

MOUND CITY Commercial College, 210 and 212 N. 4th street. Est. 1859. T. A. Rice, A. M., LL. B., Pres't. 34

M. A. WO[illegible]

M. A. W[illegible]

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DEALER IN
Government, State, City and County Bonds, United States Land Warrants and Texas Land Scrip.
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This is an elegant Pocket-Book of a new design, made of Russia leather and handsomely finished with nickel plated mountings and clasps. It is arranged with pockets suitable for either silver, scrip or bills, and has a beautiful silk handle with tassels attached. They are equal to pocket-books sold in the stores for $1.25 to $1.50, and yet we send one by mail post-paid as a premium to any one sending five subscribers to Farm and Fireside at 50 cents a year. We are confident that our lady readers will be delighted with this new premium, and are sure that a more acceptable present could not be found.

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It is only because they are manufactured in large quantities especially for us that we can afford them at such a low price. FARM and FIRESIDE is the most popular Agricultural and Home Journal in the U. S. It is suited to the home circle in city, town or country, and is a welcome visitor in every household. Farm and Fireside is published twice a month, it contains 8 large pages, and the circulation is so large that we can afford to publish it at 50 cents a year, although each copy contains as much reading matter as most journals costing $2 to $4 per year.

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ADDRESS ALL LETTERS plainly to PUBLISHERS of FARM and FIRESIDE, Springfield, Ohio.

FOR RENT.

107 NORTH Eighth street, first-class unfurnished rooms for rent, from $3 50 to $10. 8

1223 CHESTNUT STREET—One or two nicely furnished front rooms; first floor unfurnished; suitable for housekeeping. 5

1324 OLIVE STREET—Two or three nicely furnished rooms; good location. 5

1504 PINE—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, single or en suite.

1806 OLIVE STREET. Furnished room for rent with board. Southern exposure; private family and all modern convenience. 2

1825 OLIVE ST.—Rooms fur. and unfur., single or en suite, with board; also, day board. 12

FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms for rent; references required and given. Address "Rooms," Post-Dispatch. 1

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms to rent with or without board. Call, 1129 Locust st. 1

PLEASANT rooms and board at Webster Groves; no other boarders; terms moderate. Ad. A. K., this office. 8

PART OF HOUSE TO RENT—For light housekeeping; owned by occupant. 1526 Papin street. 14

TWO gents wanted, for first-class front-room, at 928 North Sixteenth street, convenient to park. 9

TWO handsomely furnished second-story rooms, southern exposure, at 1410 Olive st. 14

WELL ventilated third-story front room, southern exposure; furnished or unfurnished; 1421 Pine street. 7

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR sale or exchange, 340 acres unimproved land in Jefferson county, Mo., 47 miles from St. Louis, near Vineland station, on Iron Mountain Railroad; will sell cheap, or trade for city property and pay some cash. A. Mittelberg, No. 8, N. 7th street.

FOR SALE.—$5,000 will buy 500 acres of first-class farm land, all under fence, with 430 acres of it in cultivation, soil deep black, sandy. Four good frame houses on it; one of them has four rooms and three of them two rooms each. Plenty of good water and as fine grass for stock range as in the State. Address, F. W. Abney, Abney's Farm, Denton County, Texas.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—1,100 acres, stock and grain farm, situated on the waters of Hickory Creek, in Denton county, Texas. The above is well improved, and has 500 acres in a high state of cultivation. Has five tenant houses, a good barn, residence of eight rooms, plenty of good water and an extensive stock range. With the farm are 300 head of improved cattle and sheep. The whole or half the above would be sold to one who would aid in the general management of stock or farm. Address T. W. Abney, Abney's farm, Denton county, Texas. 23

WE HAVE a neat residence and grounds in this city worth $700 that we will trade for small property in St. Louis. A. M. Lapham & Co., Springfield, Mo. 14

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL KINDS OF OFFICE DESKS FOR SALE cheap; desks, store and office fixtures made to order. F. BOLLHAGEN, 711 Pine st. 1

A WELL-TRAINED 3-year-old Newfoundland dog. Enquire at 2131 Franklin av. 12

AN evening paper route in central part of the city. Inquire at 1710 Franklin avenue, or at POST-DISPATCH office between half-past three and half-past four p. m. 30

BREAD and cake bakery in the best business st. A good business. The best chance to keep a restaurant and ice cream saloon. Cheap rent or lease. Inquire at 801 St. Charles st. 11

BEST STAND ON LUCAS MARKET—For sale or rent. Apply at 111 North Thirteenth street. 19

LAUNDRY for sale cheap with plenty of work and good location; fine opportunity. Apply, 611 N. Eighth st. 8

MOSQUITO BARS and Wire Screens to suit everybody at Chas. Dauernheim, 604 Market st. 28

TO sell a drug store at a bargain in a flourishing country town. Good business point and good reasons for selling. Address J. Quinine, P. O. box 511, Louisiana, Mo. 16

TEN SHARES of the capital stock of the German Literary Society (Amerika) of St. Louis. Address C. Martel, this office. 3

ALL SORTS.

BEST SEWING MACHINES of all makes. Largest stock. Greatest variety. Lowest cash prices, with privilege of exchange. Most extensive and reliable repair department. Repairs called for and delivered. Open evenings. Edwin Handy, 1521 Franklin avenue. 1521. 17

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

GET your Bath and Flesh Brushes of Laitner Bros., No. 8 S. Fifth street. We have the largest assortment of brushes of all kinds in the city, for the least money *17

GONZALES REX, The best 5c Cigar in the world, at Bay's Everett House Cigar Stand. *16

INVENTORS and builders of machinery wanting patterns and models well made will do well to call on D. Strawbridge, 907 N. Sixth street. 17

LIBERAL premium paid for 1851 and 1852 U. S. half dollars. Send stamp for list of American coins wanted by E. F. Gambs, 621 S. Fifth st. 1

LIGHTNING Steam Laundry, 304 N. Seventh. Satisfaction guaranteed. Call and see us.

MRS. LANKTON, Indian Fortune-Teller, 921 N. Seventh street (Side entrance), St. Louis.

N. JACOBS PAYS THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR gents' cast-off clothing; 308 Locust; send postal card. 18

PATTERNS AND MODELS OF wood and metal; patterns for malleable iron a specialty, at A. WIMMER'S, No. 7 N. Third st.

THE best Bronzing is done at [illegible]s, 112 North Seventh street. Also, sec[illegible] Chandeliers equal to new. 21

UMBRELLAS and Parasols [illegible] repaired and covered at 920 Washington [illegible] charges moderate. 7

WM. N. TIVY, successor to Tivy [&] Purcell, 424 N. Second street, has choice d[illegible] and creamery butter always on hand. *16

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELERS [AN]D PAWNBROKERS: If you want your w[atc]hes repaired good and cheap, call or send for pri[ce] list. Th. Bungens, 315 Locust street. 28

W. F. OSBOURN, practical taxidermist, 215 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

STORA[GE]

BEST storage [illegible]

[illegible] surve[y] [illegible] two 98-1[illegible] TUESDA[Y] [illegible] between the ho[urs] [illegible] and five o'clock in [illegible] east front door of the C[ourt-house] [illegible] Louis, State of Missouri, [illegible] cash, to the highest bidde[r] [illegible] property, charged with said lien [illegible] cution and costs.

Sheriff C[ity St. Louis.]

St. Louis, Mo., June 19, 1879.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1879, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, and against Margaret Primm, Hubert Primm, Jacqueline Poepping and Bernard Poepping, her husband, Amelia Noel and Perry Noel, her husband, Vincent B. Primm, Jean B. Primm, Adolph Kleinecke and Edward Beckman, her trustee, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit: The following described real estate situate, lying and being within the City of St. Louis, to-wit: 1st. A lot of ground in block No. 83 of Eller's survey, and in city block numbered 2944 of the City of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 65 5-12 feet on Third street by a depth of 115 10-12 feet, and bounded on the north by land of Taylor, on the east by Third street, on the south by Illinois street, or avenue, and on the west by land of Primm. 2d. A lot of ground in block No. 83 of Eller's survey, and in city block numbered 2944, said lot having a front of 30 feet on Third street by a depth of 115 10-12 feet, and bounded on the north by land of Crawford, on the east by Third street, on the south by land of Taylor's, and on the west by land of Primm. 3d. Lot numbered 10 in block No. 82 of Eller's survey, and in city block No. 2951 of the City of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 25 feet on Fourth street by a depth of 137½ feet. And I will, on

TUESDAY, JULY 15TH, 1879,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN, Sheriff City St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 19, 1879. 222

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL Estate.—Notice is hereby given that, as Public Administrator, in charge of the estate of Catharine Bresch, deceased, and in pursuance of an order made by the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, at the June term thereof, 1879, I will sell on

MONDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1879,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, at public auction, to the highest bidder—First: The following described property, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, to-wit: A lot in block one of J. G. Bryan's addition to the city of St. Louis, and in block 1935 of said city, having a front of 61 feet on the eastern line of the Bellefontaine Road by a depth of 175 feet 6 inches on the north line of Grand avenue to Fourth street, on which said lot fronts 60 feet 11¾ inches. Second—A lot in the same block, having a front of 35 feet 4½ inches on the eastern line of said Bellefontaine Road by a depth of 164 feet 4½ inches along the northern line of lots 3 and 12 of said block to Fourth street, on which said lot fronts 35 feet 4 inches, more or less. Both of said lots were acquired by Catharine Bresch from Louis Bresch by deed dated November 24, 1874, and recorded in book 508, page 455, and from Caroline and Kate Bresch, by deed dated October 2, 1874, and recorded in book 511, page 105, of the records for the city (late county) of St. Louis. The first piece of property is well improved and brings a good rent. Terms cash. For further particulars, apply at my office.

MARTROM D. LEWIS, Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.

Office—Northwest corner of Sixth and Locust streets, Insurance Building, room 10, second floor.

PHILIP S. LANHAM, Actioneer.

St. Louis, July 9, 1879. 235

DR. WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of all Venereal, Sexual and Chronic Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know; patients everywhere. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, or Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or mercurial affections of the throat, skin or bones, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Speedily, privately, with entirely safe medicines. Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Confidential. A friendly talk or his opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed, where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours: 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 1 P. M. Pamphlet for Men, 1 Stamp; for Women, 1 Stamp; German for both, 2 Stamps.

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[From the Missouri Democrat Aug. 15, 1865.]

SOMETHING PRACTICAL.—Dr. Whittier, No. 617 St. Charles street, having made private and chronic diseases the study of his life, has, regardless of expense, fitted up an establishment occupying a whole house, in which may be found consultation, waiting and office rooms; also an extensive laboratory and the purest drugs. The Doctor has been longer engaged here than any other so advertising, as the back files of our paper show.

[From the Missouri Republican, 1869.]

If experience, permanency of location, or facilities for curing disease are matters of importance, invalids should consult Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles street, whose practice is confined to special diseases.

PRIVATE matters cured safely, speedily, advice free; no matter who have failed; no fee until benefit, at old office, 705 Chestnut. Dr. Jacques, 9 to 7.

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The finest Carriages in the City furnished at lowest prices than any other stable.

Party calls..........$3 00 Theater calls....$3 00
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To any of the cemeteries. Special attention given to funerals. Having secured the services of a first-class Undertaker, who has had fifteen years' experience in the business, I have opened an Undertaker establishment in connection with my stables, and am prepared to furnish Funerals at low prices, and furnish the best quality of goods.

Large Sizes. { Im. Rosewood, Glass-face Coffins..........$15 00
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And small size Coffins and Caskets at prices in proportion. Metallic Cases and Coffins on hand at low prices. Also a full supply of all articles appertaining to funerals. ☞ Call and examine for yourselves.

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S. M. EDGELL, President.

F. B. HOMES, Secretary.

Office: Chamber of Commerce, Rooms Nos. 126 and 128. Entrance from Chestnut street. RISKS taken only in the City and County of St. Louis.

[illegible] east fr[ont] [illegible] Louis, M[o.] [illegible] between the ho[urs] [illegible] m. of that day, the [illegible] viz.: Lots number [illegible] 25, 24, 21, 20, 9, 8, 7, [illegible] number three, Page ave[nue] [illegible] on plat of said subdivision no[w] [illegible] office, and as described in said de[ed] [illegible] said notes and costs.

HENRY M. [illegible]

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—W[herea]s, Thomas Gilmartin (single), by his cer[tain] deed of trust dated the 4th day of September, 1875, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis (formerly county of St. Louis), State of Missouri, in Book 523, page 467, conveyed to the undersigned trustees the following described real estate situated in the city and county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lots numbered twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) of the subdivision of block number one (1) in survey number four of the former city of Carondelet, now city block No. 3061 of said city of St. Louis, said lots No. 21 and 22 containing an aggregate front of fifty feet (50) on the east line of Fifth street, and running eastwardly of equal width 140 feet in depth to an alley, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes fully described in said deed; and whereas, all of said notes have become due and payable, and several of them remain due and unpaid, now therefore notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustees, in pursuance of the provisions in said deed, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, will, on WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF JULY, 1879, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

FRA[NK] J. KARLESKIND, FREDE[RI]CK HILL, Trustees.

227

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas John W. Miller by his certain deed of trust, dated the first day of December, A. D., 1874, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in deed book No. 516, page 46, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated and being in the then County of St. Louis (now city), State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots number three (3), four (4), seven (7), fourteen (14), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25), twenty-six (26), twenty-seven (27), thirty-five (35), thirty-six (36), thirty-seven (37), forty-one (41), forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44), forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) in block No. eleven (11); and lots number two (2) three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), twelve (12), thirty-seven (37), thirty-eight (38), forty (40), forty-one (41), forty-two (42), forty-four (44), forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) in block No. ten (10); also lots number six (6), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and sixteen (16) in block No. eleven (11), all of said lots being in South St. Louis suburbs and being the same property purchased by said John W. Miller of George B. Murray, a plat of which is on file in said Recorder's office, and which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein fully described, and, whereas said notes have long since become due and only a part of them been paid, and the remainder remain unpaid. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I, the undersigned trustee will on

SATURDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1879,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described premises, for the purpose of satisfying said notes, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

MARSHALL P. SANGUINET.

St. Louis, July 2, 1879. 231

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1879, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, and against Margaret Thorwegen, William H. Thorwegen, her husband, Margaret B. Dean, Bernard J. Reilly and John Clancy, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit: The following described real estate, situate, lying and being within the city of St. Louis, to-wit: A lot of ground in block No. 967 of said city and in block No. 2 of Stoddard Addition, containing 14½ feet front on Mills street by a depth of 71 9-12 feet, bounded north by Mills street, east by Wilson, south by Butterfield a[nd west] by Fitzgibbon; and I will, on

TUESDAY, JULY [15TH, 1879,]

between the hours of 9 o'cl[ock] [illegible] 5 o'clock in the afternoon [illegible] front door of the Cou[rt-house] [illegible] Louis, State of [Missouri] [illegible] cash, to the hi[ghest bidder] [illegible] ty, charged with sa[id lien] [illegible] and costs.

[illegible]

St. Louis, Mo., June 19, 1879.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and [authority of a special] execution issued from the offic[e of the] Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Lou[is, re]turnable to the October term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Philip Stock and a[gainst] B. Weitkamp, I have levied upon and seized all [the] right, title and interest of the defendant, B. We[it]kamp, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: The following described lot of ground or parcel of land in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, being part of the tract kn[own] as the St. Louis Commons, and known as lot number sixteen (16) and south half of lot number seventeen (17), in block number two (2) of the second subdivision of the city commons, made under ordinance 3126, approved Februrary 3, 1854, containing in the aggregate a front of thirty-seven feet six inches (37 feet 6 inches) by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet (125 feet), bounded west by Kansas avenue, on the north by the north half of lot seventeen, east by alley and south by lot fifteen, and being in the northeast quarter of block fifty-nine of said commons, according to the survey thereof made by Chas. Deward, by order of the Board of Aldermen of said city of St. Louis, and I will on

TUESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JULY, 1879,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named B. Weitkamp, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN, Sheriff City St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., July 3, 1879. 233

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1879, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of the State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, and against John L. Ganzhorn, Maria Ganzhorn, wife of John L. Ganzhorn, John D. Dare, trustee of Maria Ganzhorn, the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, cestui que trust, and Robert S. Thomas, trustee, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to wit: The following described real estate, situate, lying and being within the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot number one: A lot on Belle Glade avenue, being 50 feet in front or width and 142 feet and 2 inches in depth; and being lot 6 in block 4 in Prairie Pla[ce]. Number two: A lot on Belle Glade avenue, being [50] feet in front, and 142 feet and 2 inches in depth, being lot 7 in block 4 in Prairie Place; and I will [on]

TUESDAY, JULY 15TH, 1879,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon [and] 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front door of the Court-house in the city of St. [Louis,] State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for [cash, to] the highest bidder, the above described pr[operty,] charged with said lien, to satisfy said executi[on and] costs.

JOHN F[INN,] Sheriff City St. [Louis.]

St. Louis, Mo., June 19, 1879.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and auth[ority of a] special execution issued from the o[ffice of the] Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. [Louis, re]turnable to the October term, 1879, of [said court,] and to me directed, in favor of George [illegible] Catrina Maria Rinkie, his wife, and Joh[n] [illegible] her trustee, for her use, and against C[illegible] and also against her separate property [illegible] her trustee, Isadore Isaacs, I have [levied upon] and seized the following described [real estate, sit]uated in the city of St. Louis an[d] [illegible] sourl, and described in said execu[tion] [illegible] to-wit: 1. A lot of ground in block N[o.] [illegible] of St. Louis, beginning at a point in [illegible] Pine street, fifteen (15) feet west of [illegible] thence northwardly and parallel w[ith] [illegible] line of Fifteenth street, seventy (7[illegible]) less, to a private alley three (3) [illegible] westwardly along the south line of [illegible] (20) feet, thence southwardly parall[el with east]ern line of Fifteenth street, seventy [illegible] or less to Pine street, thence eastwa[rdly] [illegible] northern line of Pine street, [illegible] feet to the place of beginning [illegible] beginning in the north line of Mor[gan street] [illegible] said city of St. Louis, twenty (20) fee[t] [illegible] intersection of said nor[th] line of [illegible] with the eastern line [of] Fourteen[th street] [illegible] running eastwardly al[ong] said [illegible] of Morgan street thirty-ei[ght] (38) feet, the[nce north]wardly and parallel with [the] eastern line [of Four]teenth street seventy-one (71) feet, more [or less, to] an alley, thence westward along said [alley] [illegible] eight (38) feet, thence sout[hwardly] along [the] said eastern line of Fourt[eenth stree]t [illegible] (71) feet, more or less, to the pla[ce of beginning,] is composed of and includes [lot No.] 11, and eight feet off the eastern side of lo[t] No. 12 of block No. [illegible] N. P. Taylor's addition to sa[id] city of St. Louis, as laid down upon a plat of said [a]ddition on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said county. 3. A lot in city block No. 266, beginning at a point in the eastern line of Thirteenth stre[et] in the center of the south wall of a brick dwelling [illegible] a lot which was conveyed by a deed dated the 4th day of April, A. D. 1865, and executed by [illegible] Hillis, to Gustave Osann, said point in the middle line of said wall being situated to be seventy-two (72) feet, more or less, south of the south line of Wash street, thence southwardly along said eastern line of Thirteenth street to the middle line of the wall next south of said first mentioned wall, thence westwardly along said [illegible] line of said last mentioned [illegible] ninety-seven (97) feet and four [illegible] inches to an alley, thence northwardly along said alley to said middle line of said first mentioned wall and thence westwardly along said center line ninety-seven (97) feet and four inches to the place of beginning, and I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF JULY, 1879,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, the separate estate of Celia Nichols, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN, Sheriff City St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., July 3, 1879. 233



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... STREETS.

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...ch 2-ply Hose, including Coup... Clamps, only $3 50. 50 feet ¾ inch ...y, including Couplings and Clamps, only ... 00. We keep all grades of Rubber Hose manufactured, including our First Premium, Carbolized, &c., &c. We have the most complete stock of Garden Hose Reels in the City, from $1 75 to $4 00 each.
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GEO. B. THOMSON, Agt.,
400 N. Fourth st.

HERBERT'S is the coolest spot in the suburbs. The park was crowded with visitors, yesterday.

MR. F. L. MARSHALL is the duly authorized traveling agent of the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, and is authorized to canvass for the paper outside of St. Louis.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS is the only authorized advertising agent of the POST-DISPATCH in St. Louis. All contracts made by him will by recognized as if made in the office.

DR. G. F. BEATTY,
208 North Eighth street, rooms Nos. 1, 2 and 3 first floor. Office practice a specialty. Particular attention given to chronic and nervous diseases, female troubles and minor surgery. Medicines furnished. Hours, 9 to 4 and 6 to 8.

FOR SALE.—One fifty-gallon coal-oil tank with pump, twenty-five lamps, porcelain shades, hangers and brackets; counter, desk, chairs, office stools, etc. Apply at Counting Room, this office, 111 N. Fifth street.

Mulford & M'Kenzie, brokers, sell R.R. Tickets to all points at reduced rates, 512 Chestnut.

HERBERT'S PARK on Page avenue is a delightful and fashionable resort. Everybody stops there.

DR. WHITTIER, all private matters, hours 8 a. m. till 8 p. m., as for 25 years past, cures blood diseases, impediments to marriage, etc. Charges moderate. Advice free. Call or write.

AFFAIRS IN AUSTRALIA.

...he Latest News Brought by the Sydney Mail—Life Among the Denizens of Oceania.

...YDNEY, June 19.—The land bill has pass... ...he assembly and been transmitted to the ...cil. The assembly has approved the ... for an extension of the railway from ... to Narandara. This extension ...xpected to divert much of ...ool grown in the Southwest ... This colony is from Melbourne and ... The Assembly agreed to a bill to ... Government to appoint two addi... ...ges of the Supreme Court for twelve ... The bill introduced in the Assembly ... the influx of certain foreign crim... intended to apply particularly to New ...onia. The Assembly voted $349,197 ... public instruction. A meet... ...of members of the Roman ... Church appointed a committee ...epare an address of congratulation, and ...ke a memorial presentation to Cardinal ...wman on his recent elevation.

The Sydney Mint has made arrangements for the issue of the new silver coinage. The Hon. Edward Butler, O. C., aged 55, died suddenly in court of heart disease.

Divorce.

Caroline A. Crafton filed a suit for divorce in the Circuit Court to-day against John D. Crafton, Jr. The parties were married at Jefferson City in December, 1874. The allegations in the petition are of the usual kind, habitual drunkenness, neglecting to support his wife, etc.

FOR SALE—We will sell at the Merchants' Exchange Monday, July 21st, at 12 o'clock m., for account whom it may concern, $2,248 of coupons, past due, of bonds of Marion county, Texas. NELSON & NOEL.

Frank J. Kleinman, doing business at No. 24 South Third street, succumbed to the heat this morning, on the corner of Third and Walnut streets. Dr. Neubert, who attended him, has slight hopes of his recovery.

A LADY'S toilet is not complete without a box of Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder.

...d in the ...

...ses of Sunstroke Treated so Far at the Dispensary.

The Thermometer Lower Than Yesterday, with a Maximum Temperature of 97 Degrees.

The sun this morning broke hot and clear; the few banks of clouds which stretched along the horizon and had fallen over each other in the zenith, seemed to be about disappearing, and everything gave promise of a hot and disagreeable day. The morning hours up to nine followed up this promise closely, but at that hour the clouds began to gather and obscure the rubicund face of Old Sol. The lower heavens were filled with drifting smoke, which made the distances look hazy and warm. Above the smoky Indian-summer-like mist great heaps of clouds, presaging a possible thunderstorm, gathered.

Standing at the lofty windows of the United States Signal Office one could see in every direction that not a breath of air was stirring, for long lines of smoke from a thousand chimneys traveled straight up into the air with never a tremor in the perpendicular direction. Some of these columns spread out at the top and looked like attenuated palm-trees; when after a little while a slight breeze sprang up from the southeast, all their substance was added to the former haze.

Coming down from the clouds to mother earth, one finds the citizens, one and all, complaining, as in the last few days the thermometer is not high but the heat at the same time is so extremely oppressive that it is dangerous to be out in the sunlight. On the streets the constant splash of the water cart has in a measure cooled the air. If the limestone dust which blew in the air some years ago was now as prevalent as it was then, the discomforts of open air life would be much increased.

Everybody that has a yard now owns a garden hose, and it is a source of more happiness than any other piece of household furniture.

The Temperature.

At the Signal Office the temperature observed to-day was as follows:

Hours.	Degrees.
7 a. m.	83
11:07 a. m.	81
2 p. m.	96
3 p. m.	96

At Aloe's the thermometer ranged as follows:

Hour.	—Degrees— Inside.	Outside.
8	86	86
9	88	88
10	89	89
11	90	90
12	91	92
1	95	96
2	96	97
3	97	97

The maximum temperature was 97°, one degree less than on yesterday.

Weather Probabilities.

Sergeant Weber, after a close study of the maps and telegrams received this morning, inclines to the opinion that a high barometer is forming in the North, and the steadily northerly direction of the winds promises, at any rate, a little present relief from the tropical weather. Local showers may be expected and are more than probable, and if not to-day at least in a little while cooling breezes may be expected from the far away North.

The Flower and Ice Mission.

The officers and members of the Flower and Ice Mission met at room 20 in the Insurance building to do their regular Wednesday business, and perfect their arrangements for taking charge of the ice distribution also.

Among those present were Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Barnard, Mrs. Horace Stone, Mrs. Stockbridge, Mrs. Lawrence, Misses Jenny Cohen, Carrie Plant, Ewell, Cleaver and others.

The long tables were decked with flowers, among the beneficiaries to-day being the POST-DISPATCH, whose help to the mission was recognized in the shape of a couple of beautiful bouquets. On the principle, probably, that the old strawberry finds work for idle hands to do, the newspaper men present were put to work tying up bundles of ice tickets for distribution, and the ladies, whose deft fingers were flying in and out among the flowers, chatted to some purpose about the ways and means of the ice fund.

A number of excellent suggestions were made—the fact being that there is really now more suggestion than there is ice. Some of the ideas advanced will be acted upon. It is announced officially that if any one will furnish a barrel and keep it full of water in a public place, the Mission will furnish the necessary ice upon application to Mr. Jackson, 918 North Main.

It was also decided to find what had become of the old "King Fountain" that used to be near Fourth and Olive, and to see whether the fountain can not be rehabilitated at its old stand.

Five hundred ice tickets were issued yesterday to the police, and 500 more to-day. It is claimed that it will require $30 worth of ice a day to supply those who are endorsed by the police alone. Three hundred tickets were brought to the meeting this morning, and, with the exception of a hundred sent to the Dispensary, were distributed among the ladies present.

It was settled that the only thing necessary to make the scheme a complete success was more money, and an appeal is made to the public to help out the charity.

The flower mission proper had a busy day for the warm weather. They sent three hundred and seventy-five bouquets, of which the City Hospital got three hundred, the Good Samaritan fifty and the St. Luke's twenty-five.

Following right upon the call for more money comes—

THE CHILDREN'S SUBSCRIPTION.

Miss Minnie Burckhart handed in the following paper and $1 85 to the POST-DISPATCH, which will be forwarded to Mrs. Jackson, the Treasurer of the Flower and Ice Mission:

ICE MISSION,

for the benefit of the poor who are suffering for the want of ice during the heated term. Amount collected to be handed over to the Ladies' Flour and Ice Mission.

Minnie Burckhart	25
Harry Burckhart	10
Gerty Burckhart	10
Jennie Burckhart	10
Harry Ertheiler	25
Joe Dimick	5
Dick Dimick	5
Jessie Palmer	10
Walter Palmer	10
Fannie Markham	10
Jennie Frafield	10
Henry Frafield	10
Mamie Kemp	5
Hattie Kemp	5
Harry Dunn	10
Charley Morgan	5
Minnie Betts	5
A. Borman	10
C. Welge	5
	$1 85

Please accept above, which I collected from my little friends, and oblige
MINNIE BURCKHART.

At the Dispensary.

A morning visit to the Dispensary elicited the opinion from the doctors that this afternoon would probably produce several interesting cases. All the machinery of the office is kept in the most thorough order, and the Dispensary is fully equal to any emergency it may be called on to undergo.

W. Blessing, a blacksmith residing on the east side of Bellefontaine Road, between Talcott and Withers avenues, was prostrated by the heat while working in his shop at 6 o'clock last evening. Dr. Sederly was at once called, and through the prompt application of ice and ice water Blessing was restored.

This far fifteen cases of prostration from over heat have been treated at the dispensary; eleven of them were undoubted sunstrokes, and all were successfully restored.

Overheated.

James Kenny is a sensible young man who lives at 1410 Biddle street. He was down near the Iron Mountain Depot looking for work, ... becoming overheated came up to the D... sary and asked to be cooled off. He wa...

... to his ... trade, but ...yed out here. ...und at 3 p. m.

...m Bratscher.

...tscher, a German, aged 38, was ...t the furniture manufactory on ...eth and Davis. He was brought in by ... A. Nord in a grocery wagon and was treated to ice and cold water. The accident happened about 10 o'clock this morning, and some unknown doctor worked on him until 12, when he was sent to the Dispensary.

Closed To-Morrow Morning.

The Merchants' Exchange will not open its doors to business to-morrow until 11:30 a. m. This is to afford the members a chance to attend the funeral of the late Wm. J. Lewis.

Tom Carroll,

a boy of fifteen was prostrated by the heat at Dozier, Weyl & Co.'s. He was thought to be recovered, but relapsed and was brought to the Dispensary. He is doing well.

Hottest Day in New York.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 16.—This is the hottest day for years—102 degs. in the shade.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:42 a.m., July 16.

STATION.	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Rainfall in last 8 hours	Weather.
Boise City	Down				
Cairo	30.00	86	S	....	Clear.
Chicago	29.94	75	N.	....	Clear.
Cincinnati	29.99	78	SE	....	Clear.
Davenport	30.00	73	N	....	Fair.
Denver	30.11	63	NW	1	Fair.
Des Moines	30.04	68	NE	....	Cloudy.
Dodge City	29.62	74	NE	....	Fair.
Fort Gibson	29.91	81	SE	....	Clear.
Indianapolis	29.94	79	....	....	Fair.
Keokuk	29.91	81	N	....	Hazy.
La Crosse	30.01	68	N	....	Clear.
Leavenworth	29.94	76	N	....	Cloudy.
Louisville	30.01	78	SE	....	Fair.
Memphis	29.98	80	S	....	Fair.
Nashville	30.02	85	SE	....	Clear.
New Orleans	30.01	83	W	.51	Fair.
Omaha	30.06	68	NW	....	Cloudy.
Pioche, Nev	30.05	61	S	....	Clear.
Pittsburg	29.94	78	NW	....	Clear.
Sacramento, Cal	29.92	60	....	....	Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.98	73	N	....	Clear.
San Francisco	29.95	54	SW	....	Clear.
Shreveport	29.96	79	SW	....	Cloudy.
St. Louis	29.94	82	S	....	Clear.
St. Paul	30.04	66	NW	....	Fair.
Vicksburg	29.90	80	NW	....	Clear.
Virginia City	....	....	....	....	Clear.
Winnemucca Nev	30.07	49	E	....	Cloudy.
Yankton	30.09	66	....	.71	....
Springfield, Ill	29.97	32	W	....	Clear.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., July 15.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
7 a. m.	83	S.	Clear.
11:07 a. m.	91	NE.	Fair.
2 p. m.	96	NE.	Fair.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

LIVELY TIMES ON THE RIVERS.

Prospect on the Ohio—Weed Dykes—Movements of Steamers—Josie Harry for St. Paul—The Rob Roy's Grand Excursion.

THIS is stated to be the hottest forenoon of the season.

SEE card of Mollie Moore, leaving for Memphis to-morrow.

THE Kountz Liner E. O. Stanard will leave Friday for New Orleans.

CAPT. T. C. SWEENY, of the Corona, returns in a few days to Cincinnati.

FOR Louisiana, the Bald Eagle, Captain Williams, as soon as cargo is out.

KEOKUK U. S. mail packet to-day at 4 p. m., the Golden Eagle, Capt. Asbury.

THE Belle St. Louis got away during the forenoon. The Durfee is the next packet for the Missouri.

CAPTAIN CALVERT will back out the commodious Anchor Line steamer John A. Scudder for New Orleans this evening.

CAPT. HARPHAM, of the Memphis Board of Underwriters, came up on the Josie Harry and will remain in town a few days.

THE Steubenville Gazette expects a lively fall trade on the Ohio, with a full line of packets between Pittsburg and St. Louis.

FOR Glasgow and other points on the Lower Missouri, the fine steamer Belle St. Louis will leave punctually at 5 this evening.

MATT TULLY, pilot of the Alma, is off to-day to Sackett's Harbor, his birth-place, for a month's fishing. Geo. Miller takes his place.

PITTSBURG, July 14.—The Ironsides left with a ton of rails and coal. Alice loading for Louisville. Gray's Iron Line send out 16 barges on this water.

THE Victory, Capt. Rhodes, arrived from the North with one barge, 8,000 bushels bulk corn, and one barge lumber. She leaves to-morrow for Davenport.

THE K. N. Line packet Clinton, Capt. Burk, will leave for St. Paul at noon to-morrow with a large number of happy passengers. They are always well treated on the St. Paul boats.

THE excellent Diamond Jo steamer Josephine, commanded by Capt. B. A. Congar, will leave positively this evening for St. Paul. She did an excellent passenger business last trip.

ON Saturday twenty-seven boats passed through the Davenport bridge draw. It was the busiest day known to the bridge tenders. River commerce on the Upper Mississippi is booming.

RIVER still rising slowly. Rivers almost generally are on the decline. Business active and tonnage abundant. There would be remarkably brisk times if the Ohio had good navigable depth from Pittsburg to the mouth.

THE Bald Eagle brought 3,000 sacks of wheat from Louisiana this morning. The Clinton is also in from the North with a good trip. The river is literally covered with the K.N. Line packets, alternated with Diamond Jo. Packets and raft tugs.

THE grand special excursion of the spacious Rob Roy to St. Paul is advertised in another column. Com. Davidson has brought his boat to the front in handsomer style than ever, and shippers and travelers have good reason to be well pleased with his arrangements for their accommodation. The Rob Roy leaves on Monday next at noon. Secure tickets from Jas. A. Lyon on board the wharfboat. He will soon occupy his handsome office on Fourth street.

THE Josie Harry, an elegant and fast sternwheeler, enters the St. Paul trade for the season. See her card elsewhere. She is commanded by the prompt and energetic Capt. Milt. Harry, who has become one of the most popular boatmen on Southern tributaries, and whose boundless ambition leads him to the fair domain of the Upper Mississippi Valley. Mr. Walker Outlaw, the Josie's clerk, is an experienced and gentlemanly officer, and Phineas Starr, the mate, is well known here, having formerly boated in the upper rivers. The Josie Harry is a first-class boat of 550 tons capacity, with full cabin; has 16-inch cylinders, 6 feet stroke and the finest furnished captain's room on the river.

THE "weed dyke" is the newest shore preserver and channel maker. A Government engineer is using it on the Missouri. He uses poles and fixes them with leaves and calls them artificial trees. Doubtless the plan will be successful. When asked why he doesn't use the trees which are at hand in large supply, he said this would infringe Capt. C. M. Scott's patent, and he saves to the Government the royalty which Scott would be entitled to. This is about the meanest thing yet—using the poor old pilot's ideas and cheating him out of his reward by a mere technicality. The Government charges Scott all the same, however, ten dollars a year for a renewal of his license. But the weed dyke is Scott's invention, even to the anchoring of the trees to the bottom of the river.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Referring to an article taken from the New Orleans Times, my informant, Capt. J. H. Baldwin, asserts without fear of successful contradiction, that the Anchor Line steamboats, or any other boats, now running in the New Orleans trade, cannot, as a tri-weekly line, make their trips in thirteen days, make 252 mail landings each way and carry sufficient freight to make it profitable. But a line of boats built of suitable dimensions, with sufficient speed to make twelve miles an hour, can carry sufficient freight to make it profitable, and perform all the mail service required by Col. Price's contract, namely, thirteen days for the round trip, making 252 mail landings. This accomplished would certainly give greater satisfaction than has yet been attained on this important route.
J. G.

River Telegrams.

By Western Associated Press.

CAIRO, July 16.—Arrived—Fawn, Evansville, 10 p. m.; City of Helena, 11 p. m.; Colorado, Vicksburg, 5 a. m.; Vint Shinkle, Cincinnati, 11 a. m. Departed—Halliday, New Orleans, 11 p. m.; Fawn, Evansville, 11 p. m.; Colorado, St. Louis, 7 a. m.; City of Helena, Vicksburg, 8 a. m.; J. S. Mercer, Pittsburg, 11 a. m. Weather clear and hot.

LOUISVILLE, July 16.—River falling, 3 feet 4 inches in canal. Arrived and departed: Ben Franklin, Cincinnati, to Cincinnati; B. S. Rhea, Henderson, to Henderson; Robin and barges, Pomeroy, to Pomeroy; Ariadne, Cairo to Cincinnati; Kate Hooper, Mound City to Cincinnati.

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 16.—Arrived: Silver Cloud, 1 a. m. No departures. Clear and hot. Wind from the South. River stationary; 3 feet 6 inches.

PITTSBURG, July 16.—River 2 feet 8 inches, falling. Weather fair; hot. Abner O'Neal arrived ... m. and departed at 12 m.

ME... TENN., July 16.—River falling. Depa... ...ty of Alton, St. Louis. Weather clear ... ...m.

CR... ...ITY, MO., July 16.—Up: Illinois, 8; J... Means, 10. Down: A. J. Baker, 7 a. m...

W...LING, W. VA., July 16.—River six feet and ...ing.

FINANCIAL.

T...ere is absolutely nothing new to report in lo...l monetary affairs. The demand for money ...ontinues light, while business generally pos...sesses the peculiar characteristics that mark ... Discount applications are made ...r carrying and shipment, ... bills and business ... large supply, and rates are made very easy to gilt-edge borrowers. From the country there is very little paper offered, but the call for currency is steady and free. Counter business was quiet. New York exchange was a thorough drug, and although small sales of fancy were made early in the day at 50c discount, later in the day there was really no quotation possible, as buyers could not be found at any price. Save a little call for 4 per cent consols there was little doing in securities. Everything was quiet.

Stocks and Bonds.

Corrected by L. A. Coquard, stock and bond broker corner of Third and Pine streets.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	When Payable.	Rate Int.	Coupons Due.	Buying.	Selling.
5-20s	1881	6 ₩c gold.	Jan. & July.	103¼	104¼
New 5s	1881	5 ₩c gold.	quarterly	103⅛	104
New 4½s '76	1891	4½ ₩c g'd	quarterly	105⅛	106
New 4s 1877	1907	4 ₩c gold.	quarterly	101⅜	102⅛

RAILROAD BONDS.

N. Mo. 1st m	'95	7 ₩c cur.	Jan. & July.	113	113¾
Mo. Pa. 1st m	'88	6 ₩c cur.	Feb. & Aug.	107⅞	108⅜
I. M. 1st m.		7 ₩c gold.	Feb. & Aug.	115⅝	115⅞
K. Pac. 1st m		6 ₩c gold.	Feb. & Aug.	118	119

MISSOURI SIXES.

Due 1882	103	Due 1888	105
Due 1886	104	Due 1889	106¼
Due 1887	104¼		

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6s, gold	106¼@107¼
City 6s, gold sterling bonds	106¼@107¼
City 6s, currency	106¼@107¼
City 6s water bonds	106 @107
County 6s, gold	105¼@106¼
County 7s, currency	106 @107

Interest to seller.

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$155	$175
Land warrants, 120 acres	115	120
Land warrants, 80 acres	75	80
Land warrants, 40 acres	35	40

COIN AND EXCHANGE.

New Orleans Exchange, sight	par.	2.50

MONEY.

Bank Discounts for 1st class paper	7 @ 9 ₩ cent.
Outside discounts for 1st class paper	1½@ 2½ ₩ cent.
Real estate securities	7 @10 ₩ cent.

ST. LOUIS CLEARING HOUSE.

Clearings	$ 2,888,550
Balances	217,731

Money and Stocks by Telegraph.

By Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 16, 12 M.—Money easy, 2½@3. Sterling steady, 85⅜@87½. Bar silver here 113½. Subsidiary silver coin ⅜@⅞ per cent discount. Governments firm. Railroad securities steady. State bonds dull. Stocks buoyant, with an advance of ⅛@4⅛ per cent, the latter for Hannibal & St. Joe preferred. Western Union, 89⅞; Pacific Mail, 14⅜; Adams Express, 106; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 97¾; American Express, 48; United States Express, 48; New York Central, 118⅜; Erie, 27½; preferred, 51⅛; Harlem, 154; Mich. Cent. 78½; Panama, 150; U.P., 76; Lake Shore, 76; Illinois Central, 88; Pittsburg, 99⅛; Northwestern, 69⅜; prefd., 97⅛; Cleveland and Columbus, 52; New Jersey Central, 51⅛; Rock Island, 139⅜; St. Paul, 55⅛; preferred, 93⅜; Wabash, 35⅞; Ft. Wayne, 109⅛; C., C. & I. C., 6⅛; Chicago, St. Paul and Minnesota, 33⅛; St. Louis and Iron Mountain, 26; O. and M., 15⅞; preferred, 39⅜; Del. and Lackawanna, 57⅛; Atlantic and Pacific Tel., 35⅛; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 116⅛; Hannibal and St. Joe, 19; preferred, 39⅛; Canada Southern, 56; Louisville and Nashville, 56; Kansas Pacific, 57; Kan. and Tex., 14⅞; St. Louis and San Francisco, 8; preferred, 10; first preferred, 21⅛; St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern, 17⅛; preferred, 47⅜.

Quotations of Active Stocks at New York

Compiled exclusively for the POST-DISPATCH by John J. White, Manager Public Grain and Stock Exchange, rooms 125 to 131 Chamber of Commerce:

STOCKS.	Closing Yesterday	Opening to-day	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Northwestern	68⅝	68¾	69⅞	68⅝	69⅞
Do. pref.	97½	97⅝	97¾	97⅜	97⅞
St. Paul	54⅜	54¾	55⅝	54⅜	55⅛
Do. pref.	93	93⅝	93⅝	93½	93⅜
Michigan Central	77½	78	78⅝	78	78⅝
Lake Shore	75	75¼	76	75¼	75¼
Erie	27⅜	27⅜	27¾	27⅜	27¾
Wabash	35⅝	35¾	36	35¾	35¾
K. C. & N.	17	17½	17½	17	17
Do. pref.	46¾	47	47¾	47	47½
W. U.	89⅝	89½	90	89½	90
D., L. and W.	57⅛	57¼	58⅛	57¼	58⅛
N. J. C	51⅜	51¼	52	51¼	51⅞
D. and H.	47⅛	47⅜	47⅝	47½	47⅝
O. and M.	15	15⅝	15⅜	15⅛	15¼
H. and St. J.	18⅛	18⅛	20⅝	18	20⅛
Do. pref.	37⅝	37¾	43	37¾	43
Pac. Mail	14⅝	14¾	14⅞	14⅜	14⅝

COMMERCIAL.

On 'Change To-Morrow.

In consequence of the occurrence of the funeral ceremonies of the late Wm. J. Lewis at 8:30 a. m. to-morrow, it was decided to dispense with the regular morning call. Therefore the doors of the Exchange will not be opened to-morrow until 10:30.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles

For the 24 hours ending on Wednesday, July 16, 1879, and corresponding day in 1878, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1879.	1878.	Shipments by Rail. 1879.	1878.
Apples, brls	93	87	111	40
Barley, sacks	....	....	....	....
Barley, in blk, bu.	....	....	....	....
Butter, ℔s	10,709	7,980	1,305	1,300
Corn, sacks	1,248	804	....	84
Corn, in bulk, bu.	22,050	4,000	16,178	....
Eggs, pkgs	735	574	....	....
Flour brls	2,746	3,250	6,949	5,175
Highwines	....	50	1	....
Hay, bales	538	390	....	....
Hides, lbs	31,066	5,777	72,166	85,355
Lard, lbs	25,350	31,950	7,650	181,396
Lead, pigs	1,785	....	644	2,212
Oats, sacks	5,658	1,632	277	10
Oats, in blk, bu.	3,000	650	701	....
Pork, brls	....	....	3	1
Hams, lbs	....	40	19,368	14,251
Meats, ℔s	3,935	140,767	194,706	121,292
Potatoes, sks, brls.	40	7	652	72
Potatoes, blk. bu.	....	....	....	2,566
Rye, sacks	376	....	416	....
Rye, in blk, bu	450	700	857	....
Tallow, ℔s	10,450	21,060	36,270	38,808
Tobacco, hhds	112	131	54	169
Turpentine, bbls.	....	28	....	....
Wheat, sacks	14,053	20,745	....	....
Wheat, in blk, bu	51,850	30,100	63,602	11,784
Wool, ℔s	67,945	170,120	172,710	88,055
Lumber, M feet	220	249	310	90

Receipts and Withdrawals of Wheat

FROM ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDED 6 P. M. JULY 15.

	Receipts.	Ship'ts.
St. Louis	24,725	8,891
Central A. & B. & W.	8,018	11,354
E. St. Louis	20,520	9,502
Advance	11,758	7,650
Venice	6,720	1,858
Total	71,741	39,255

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis

FROM ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING 6 P. M., JULY 15.
(Warehouses not included.)

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat, bu	3,289	35,966	....	39,255
Corn, bu	3,548	....	57,674	61,222
Oats, bu	4,947	....	....	4,947
Rye, bu	....	....	....	....
Barley, bu	....	....	....	....

Grain in Store in St. Louis.

In the various Elevators named, at 6 p. m., July 15, 1879.

Elevators	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
St. Louis	83,216	417,918	12,089	10,890	....
Central*	67,445	191,125	4,822	4,290	832
E. St. L.	46,301	942	312	....	....
Advance	29,536	45,800	....	....	....
Venice	40,056	22,808	....	846	....
Total	266,554	678,593	18,223	16,026	832

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat at Principal Points.

	—Receipts— To-day	Yes'day	—Shipments— To-day	Yes'day
St. Louis	83,469	135,819	63,602	82,054
Chicago	73,169	105,396	140,293	20,274
Milwaukee	27,900	23,900	28,200	37,900
Toledo	49,000	122,000	37,000	21,000
New York	228,000	130,000	....	....
Baltimore	212,127	231,237	....	....

Comparative Closing Values of Leading Articles at 1 P. M.

	To-day.	Yesterday.
No. 2 red wheat, cash	98¼@99	98@98¼
" " July	98¼	98
" " Aug.	97	97¾ bid
" " Sept.	97⅞	97⅞
" " Oct.	97¾ bid	98⅛
" " year	96 bid	96 bid
No. 3 red wheat cash	95¼@96¼	96¾
No. 4 red wheat cash	89@90	90
No. 2 spring, cash	....	....
No. 2 Mediterranean	98¾ bid	97 nom
No. 2 mixed corn, c'h	34¾	34¾ bid
" " July	34¾ nom	
" " Aug.	34¾	34¾
" " Sept.	35⅜	35⅜
" " Oct.	35⅛	35⅛
" " year	32¾ bid	32 7-16
Rejected corn, cash	33⅛	33¼@⅜
No. 2 wh. mxd c. cash	41¾@42	42@42¼
No. 2 oats, cash	30@30¼	30¼
" " July	30	30@30¼
" " Aug.	24 11-16	25¼
" " Sept.	24 9-16	25⅛
Rejected oats, cash	27 bid	29 bid
No. 2 white oats	30¾ bid	31 bid
No. 2 rye, cash	48¾	49¾ bid
Rejected rye, cash	45	43 bid
Mess pork, cash	$9 75	$9.75
D. S. shoulders	....	....
D. S. clear ribs	4.60	4.60
" clear	....	....
Bacon shldrs, cash	....	....
" clear rib, cash	5¼@5.30	5¼@.30
" July	....	....
" Aug.	....	....
" clear, cash	5.55@60	5.55@.60
Canvased S. C. Hams	10@11	10@11
Tallow, prime	5⅝@⅞	5⅜@5⅝
Lard, prime steam	5 nom	5⅞ nom

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

Wheat was lower and near the close very dull. Cash No. 2 red sold at 98¼@99c as to location; No. 3 at 95¾@95⅞c this side, 95¾c in the Venice elevator and 96¾ in the East; No. 4 89@90c as to location. Futures were better than at the afternoon board yesterday, but dead dull. Sales of July were at 98@99¼c, August 96¾@97c, September 97@78¾c. Corn was slow and easier all through. Cash No. 2 mixed sold at 34¼c, rejected at 33½c, No. 2 white mixed 41¾@42c. Futures were also lower and thoroughly dull—almost nothing doing. July was nominal at 34¼c, August sold at 34⅜@34c, September at 35¼@35⅜c, October at 35⅛c.

Oats was firm and rather stronger for cash and July; other months lower, and all dull. Cash No. 2 sold at 30@30¼c, rejected 27c bid, No. 2 white 30½c bid. July sold at 30¼@30c, August 24¾@24 11-16c, September 24 9-16.

MORNING BOARD—9:30 A. M. TO 1 P. M.

Flour, though steady and firm, was quiet, buyers showing little disposition to take hold at prices asked, although there were inquiries for about all descriptions save fancy. We quote the closing rates: Fine $2 50@2 75; superfine $2 95@3 20; x $3 55@3 75; xx $4 00@4 25; xxx $4 70@4 95; family $5 00@5 10; choice $5 15@5 25; fancy $5 45@5 75.

Wheat—Grades—A much lighter shipping movement noticeable, mainly attributed to the scarcity of Eastern rolling stock, and movement largely decreased. No. 3 red sold early a shade better this side than yesterday's latest rates, but closed steady at 98¾c this side and 99c East side, in Ad.—at very close, an exporter bid 98¾c regular for 50,000 bu; No. 3 ruled ⅛@¾c lower this side and steady East side, closing at 95¾c and 95⅝c respectively; No. 4 slow and 1c lower at 89c this side; No. 2 white 1c lower at 97c; No. 2 Mediterranean dull and sharply lower at 98c this side—East side on Call offered at 98¾c with 98⅜c (⅜c lower) bid for it; for No. 3 white, 92c was bid—none offered. Samples met a dull market all day, by comparison with late movement; shippers' purchases were noticeably much lighter, while the milling demand was anything but brisk. None to speak of sold until midday; afterward, a moderately fair shipping and consumptive inquiry resulted, on basis of ½@1c decline—market ruled weak throughout, and closed 1c lower on sacked. For strictly choice Red, 98c was the top of the market, second qualities selling at 97¼@97c, sacked No. 2 at 97¾@96c (bulk do E. trk at 99@98¾c), medium at 95@94c, No. 3 at 94@93c, selections No. 4 and better at 90c, tough and damp at 88c to 80c; Mediterranean—No. 2 on E. trk at 98¾c, tough and damp (No. 4 and rejected in elev.) at 92c to 87c; white—strictly choice and choice at 97c and 96c, medium at 95c, No. 3 at 93@92c, tough and cockled at 90c to 85c. Sales; Grades (st fr. unless otherwise stated)—4 cars No. 2 Mediterranean this side at 98c: 1 car No. 2 white this side at 97c; No. 2 red, in East and Venice—37 cars (including 4 in Ad.) at 99c; this side—8 cars (early and late) at 98¾c. 3 cars in C. at 98¾c, 18 at 98¾c; No. 3 red in E. and V.—3 cars at 96¾c early to 95¾c late; this side—28 cars at 95¾c, 10 at 95¾c; No. 4—4 cars this side at 89c, 1 do in E. at 90c. [Spring—yesterday, 2 cars No. 3 sold at 82c.]

Corn—Grades—No. 2 mixed dull and unchanged, but weak at 34¼c for cars and round lots—but a straight lot of 50,000 bu was offered late at that and unsold. No. 2 white mixed unsettled and irregular—lower; sold at from 42¼c in Advance early down to 41¾c in same house later—closing sale at 42c in St. L.; 42@42¼c in V. and this side 41¾c in E. in the interim. Rejected sold ½c better at 33½c; rejected white-mixed (single car) steady at 41c. Samples—In very light offering; white-mixed sold at 42c for No. 2 and 43c for choice; choice white on the cob at 46c; St. Charles at 49½c; mixed at 35c in bulk and 38¾@38½c in sacks.

Sales: Grades—12,000 bu No. 2 mixed reg. and 1 car do in St. L. at 34¼c; 800 bu No. 2 white mixed in Ad. (early) at 42¼c, 3 cars do this side at 42¼c, 7 do in V. and 1 do in St. L. at 42c, 5 do in E. and do in Ad. at 41¾c; 1 car rej. white mixed in C. at 41c, 5 cars rej. this side at 33½c.

Oats—Grades No. 2 dull and ¼@½c lower at 30@30¼c—sold to feeders alone; 30½c bid for No. 2 white, and 27c for rejected—none of either offered. Samples—sacked in larger supply; sold freely to feeders and order buyers on basis of 34c (steady) for prime mixed.

Provisions, Etc.—Brisk order movement in pork; lard quiet and unchanged at 5¾c for prime summer steam, which is scarce. Bacon—short clear steady, but firmer—supply scant, clear rib very scarce and stiffer—wanted, shoulders dull and easier. Bulk meats entirely nominal—none offering; nor any demand. Sales: Pork—brls in job and order lots f. o. b. East side at $9 75@87½; untaken at $9 75 f. o. b. this side; Order—120 brls at $10 15. Lard—75tcs loose prime steam p. t. 50 tcs do yes. p.m. at 5.55c. Refined on orders dull at ¼c to 7c in tcs. ly at latter; 50,000 lbs loose short clear at 5.45c. 15,000 do at 5.45@.47½c, 21 casks do at 5⅝c, 57 pkgs do at 5.60c, seqeral pkgs breadfast sides at 7⅛c, a few c. s. c. hams (scarce) at 10@11c. Orders (100 pkgs) shoulders 4¾c, clear rib 5⅜c, clear 5⅝c. Breakfast sides 8@8⅛c, c. s. c. hams 10@11½c. Futures—yes. p. m., 250,000 ℔s Aug. clear rib sold at 5.10c.

AFTERNOON BOARD—2:15 P. M.

Wheat—Steady. Sales 10,000 July at 98¼c, 45,000 August at 7 1-16c to 7⅛c, 15,000 September at 97⅛c@97½c. Cash salable at 98¼c and October salable at 97⅛c.

Corn—Dull, but firm; sales 20,000 August at 34½c and 10,000 September at 35½c. Cash and July salable at 34½c, October at 35½c and year at 32⅞c.

Oats weak and lower; sales 5,000 September at 24½c. Cash salable at 29⅞c, July at 30c and August salable at 24⅛c.

Closing Prices at Other Points.

Closing prices at other markets, reported by Mr. Jno. J. White, manager Public Grain and Stock Exchange, rooms 125 to 131 Chamber of Commerce.

CHICAGO, July 16, 2:30 p. m.
Wheat—97¾c August, 95⅞c September.
Corn—36¾c August, 36⅛c September.
Oats—26⅞c August, 25⅝c September.
Pork—$8 70 August, $8 80 September.
Lard—5.82½c August, 5.90c September.

The Cotton Market.

The demand was a good deal better for spots, 418 bales changing hands, which are larger sales than have been made here for a long time past. Prices were steady and quotations unchanged. New York and Liverpool easy, but no quotable change in either market.

QUOTATIONS.

	St. Louis.	New York.
Low ordinary	10	....
Ordinary	10½	10⅝
Good ordinary	11	11⅛
Low middling	11¼	11⅞
Middling	11⅝	12 1-16
Good middling	12⅛	12⅜
Middling fair	12¾	13 5-16

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSE.

Stocks to-day, 4,602; same day last year, 1,993 bales.

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

	Receipts, bales.	Shipments bales.
To-day	12	71
Same day last year	....	....
Total for season to date	329,731	327,700
Same time last year	243,993	244,449

NEW YORK.

Futures closed steady. Sales 63,000 bales. Future quotations: January, 10.86; February, 10.95; March, 11.08; April, —; May, —; June, —; July, 12.01; August, 12.06; September, 12.04; October, 11.23; November, 10.89; December, 10.83.

RECEIPTS AT OTHER POINTS.

New York, —; Savannah, 48; Galveston, 11; Wilmington, —; Baltimore, —; Boston, 107; Cincinnati, —; City Point, —; New Orleans, 40; Charleston, 16; Mobile, 7; Norfolk, 20; Philadelphia, 6; Memphis, 16; Port Royal, —; other points, —.

NET RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR 5 DAYS.

Receipts this week, 1,269 bales; same time last year, 2,536 bales. Exports this week, 11,590 bales. Stocks to-day, 156,167 bales; same day last year, 136,193 bales.

LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

Uplands, 6 13-16d; Orleans, 6 ⅞d. Sales 8,000 bales.

RAIL FREIGHTS ON COMPRESSED COTTON.

St. Louis to Boston, 53; Providence, 53 New York, 48; Philadelphia, 46; Baltimore 45.

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—8 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 1 car No. 2 white winter, 65 cars No. 2 red winter, 42 cars No. 3 red winter, 10 cars No. 4 winter, 4 cars rejected winter. Total—130 cars.

Corn—22 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 2 cars rejected white-mixed, 11 cars No. 2 mixed, 1 car rejected. Total—36 cars.

Oats—3 cars No. 2. Total—3 cars.

General Markets.

LEAD—Soft Missouri firm at $4, with small sales at that figure.

RYE FLOUR—In fair demand, at $3 10 @3 20 for choice in first hands.

CORNMEAL—Active and higher. Sales city on orders at $2 25@2 30.

HIGHWINES—Steady and in good demand, at $1 05.

CHEESE—Plenty and dull. We quote: Choice full cream and slightly skimmed 6@6½c; good skimmed 5@5½c; off lots 1@2c.

WHITE BEANS—Very little doing. We quote: Medium Eastern (from store) $1 35@1 40; do navy $1 60@1 65; Western—Common, mixed and off-color 75c@$1; fair to good medium $1 10@1 20; navy $1 20@1 30.

GRASS SEED—No consignments of prime seed offering. We quote (prime seed) on orders: Buckwheat 80@85; Hungarian $1 2@@135; German millet $1 25; white millet $1 15 @1 25; red top 40@45; timothy $1 50@1 75.

WOOL—Dull and weak, but not quotably changed. Tub-washed Prime to choice 37@38, medium 34@36c, dingy and low 30@32c; unwashed—medium and combing mixed 25½@26c, medium 24@25c, light fine 20@22c, heavy 10 17@19c; coarse 21@23c, Southern Burry ℔ @13c; burry, black and cotted 3c to 10c ₩ do less.

HIDES—Demand good and feeling firm and unchanged. We quote: No. 1 dry flint 15@15½c; No. 2 do 12c. Dry salted—No. 1 12c; damaged 10c. Green salted—No. 1 (light) 8c; do heavy 7c; damaged 6c; bulls and stags 5c; calf (No. 1) 9½@10c; green salted kips sell at hide prices.

FEATHERS—Market steady and firm. We quote: Prime live geese 44@45c, top rate for small sacks; No. 2 do 35@37c; good mixed 25@30c; poor mixed 7@20c; tare 3 ₩ cent on large sacks and 10c on small.

SHEEP PELTS—Green—Small to medium 50@65c; large 75c@$1 25; dry—large 60@90c; small 25@50c; shearlings, dry and green 5@25c.

ROOTS—Receipts liberal, demand brisk and market steady and unchanged. We quote: Large Western ginseng at 95c@$1; small Southern 75@85c; seneca choice, free of tops, at 25@27½c; toppy and inferior 10@15c; golden seal 6½@7c; snake 10@15c; black 4@5c; May apple 2½@3c ₩ lb.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime wanted at $1 50 ₩ bu.

HEMP SEED—In demand at $1 40@1 45.

NUTS—Pecans—5½@7c, as in size and condition. Peanuts—Red—4@5½c; white 5@5½c.

FLAXSEED—Steady at $1@1 30, as in quality.

BEESWAX—Steady at 21@22c.

DRIED FRUIT—Market firm. We quote: Peaches—Mixed 2½@3½c, as in quality; fair halves 3¾@3½c; choice do 4c. Apples—Choice Western 3½@4c; prime 3½@¾c; common and fair 2@3c.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Lemons in good demand at $3 50@5 ₩ box for repacked (as in quality) Messina and Palermo. Oranges—$7@8 ₩ box. Coconauts steady at $40 ₩ thousand—higher in a small way; bananas in good demand at $2@3 ₩ bunch on orders

MELONS—Choice large watermelons scarce and in good demand at $20@25 per hundred. Cantelopes quiet at $1 25 ₩ dozen for choice Southern.

PEACHES—Receipts light, demand good and feeling firm and unchanged. Choice Alabama and Texas Crawfords brought $1 50@1 65, mainly at $1 50; China clings $1 40@1 50; other varieties of medium to choice sound $1 00@1 25; small to medium 75@90c; green and out of condition 40@60c ₩ ⅓ bushel box.

PEARS—California quiet at $3 75@4 50 ₩ box as in size and condition. Green cooking from near by were selling at $2 75@3 ₩ bbl. Choice eating varieties salable at 75c@$1 25 ₩ ⅓ bu box as in quality.

GRAPES—Receipts from Arkansas all more or less out of condition, and slow sale at $1 ₩ ⅓ bu box. Choice Hartfords sold at 9c and Ives' seedling and Concord at 10@12½c ₩ ℔.

PLUMS—Choice large blue from Texas brought $1 75@2 ₩ ⅓-bu box. Homegrown Chickasaws were selling on orders at $1 25@1 35 ₩ bu.

CURRANTS—Receipts from nearby and Northern Illinois found ready buyers at $2 25@2 50 ₩ 6-gallon case.

BLACKBERRIES—Demand good at $2 ₩ 6-gallon case for small wild from Kentucky. Choice large home-grown were selling at 75c ₩ gallon loose.

WHORTLEBERRIES—Choice fresh stock from Northern Indiana and Wisconsin found ready buyers at $1 ₩ 2½@3 gallon box, but sott stock, which comprise the bulk of the offerings, were selling slow at 50c.

TOMATOES—Choice fresh receipts were selling at 15@20c ₩ bu box in a small way; off lots unsalable.

CABBAGE—In demand and firm at $2 00 ₩ crate in shipping order.

SQUASH—Southern unsalable.

CUCUMBERS—Home grown in shipping order 20@25c ₩ doz. Shipments not wanted.

EGG PLANT—No demand for shipments—will not bring charges.

ONIONS—Scarce in good demand and higher at $3@3 25 ₩ brl measure loose from wagons; 50c ₩ brl higher on orders.

Groceries.

CANDLES—Star, full weight; 6's and 8's, 40 lbs, per lb, 12c; star, short weight, 14 oz. to the lb, 6s and 8's, 40 lbs, per lb, 11c; star, half-boxes, ⅛ higher; quarter-boxes, 1c highe.

CANNED GOODS, ETC.—Peaches ₩ doz, 2-℔s, $1 80; 3-℔, $2 40@2 60; Strawberries, 2-℔, $1 15@1 30; Raspberries, 2-℔ $1 40@1 45; Gooseberries, 2-℔, $1 15; Whortleberries, 2-℔, $1 50; Pine Apples, 2-℔, $1 25@1 50; Cherries, red, $1 20@25; do, white, $2 35@40; Pears, $1; Damsons, $1 15; Tomatoes 2-℔, 90@95c; 3-℔, $1 15@1 20; String Beans, 2-℔ $1@1 10; Lima Beans 2-℔, $1 15 @1 60; Green Peas, 2-℔ $1 25@1 50; Yarmouth Corn 2-℔, $1 40; Erie Corn, 2-℔, $1 50; Sardines, hf-boxes in case, 19c; quarters, 12@12½c; Oysters: full weights, 2-℔, $1 15@20; do, do, 1-℔, 75@80c, do, light weights, 2-℔, 90c; do light weights, 1-℔, 52@55c. Lobsters, 2-℔, $2 25; 1-℔, $1 85. Salmon, 1-℔, ₩ doz, $1 55; do 2-℔, $2 65.

CHEESE—New York factory, full cream, 8@9c, Swiss, genuine, 32c; Swiss, imitation, 18c; Limburger, 14c.

COFFEE—Rio, common 11@12½c; fair to good 13@14c; prime 14¾@15½c; choice 16@16½c; Singapore Java —; O. G. Java 25@27½c, Mocha 27½c; Mexican —c.

FRUITS FOREIGN—Currants, crop of 1878, small quantities, ₩ ℔, 6c; new, 1878, by the barrel, ₩ ℔, 5c; figs, layers, 2, 6 and 8 ℔s. crop 1878, ₩ ℔ 18c; prunes, 1878, choice, Bosnia, ₩ ℔ 6½@7c; raisins, layers, new crop, 1878, ₩ box, $1 70; layers, raisins, new, 1878, ½-bx, 80c; ¼ box, $1 05; layers, in fractions, new, 1878, ₩ box, $1 05; London layers, new, 1878, $2 20; muscatels, loose, new crop, 1878, $1 80; Valencias, new crop, 1878, ₩ ℔, 8½c citron, Leghorn, any quantity, new, 1878, ₩ ℔, 18c, dates, Persian, 200-℔ frails, ₩ ℔, 8c—less quantity ₩ ℔, 9c; lemon peel, ₩ ℔, 20c; lemons, ₩ box, $5 50; oranges, ₩ box, $7 50; cocoanuts, each, 6c.

REFINED SUGARS—Cut loaf 9⅞c; crushed 9⅞c; granulated, standard 9½; granulated, St. Louis, 9c; powdered 9⅞c; fine do 9⅞c; coffee, standard A, 8⅞c; coffee, St. Louis A, 8¾c; coffee, Missouri A 8⅝c; coffee, extra C, 8½c; coffee, standard C, 8⅜c; coffee, yellow C, 8⅛c.

PICKLES—Glass—Pts, 1 doz in case, ₩ doz, 90c; glass, qts, 1 doz, in case, ₩ doz, $1 60; glass, ½ gals, ½ doz, in case, ₩ doz, $2 65; glass, 1 gal, plain, ½ doz, in case, ₩ doz, $3 75 1 gal, hexagon, ½ doz, in case, Am. style, ₩ doz, $8; 1 gal, hexagon, ½ doz, in case, English style ₩ doz, $9; Gherkins, Eng. style, ₩ doz, pts, $2 25, qts, $4 50; chow chow, Eng. style, ₩ doz, pts, $2 25, qts, $4 50; mixed, English style, ₩ doz, pts, $2 25, qts, $4 50; cauliflower, Eng. style, ₩ doz, pts, $3 00, qts, $6 00; onions, English style, ₩ doz, pts, $4, qts, $6. Pickles in wood—Medium, in brls, 1,200, $6 50; do, in ½ brls, 600, $4 00; small, in brls, 2 400, $7 75; do in ½ brls, 1,200, $4 50; gherkins, in brls, 3,500, $8 25; do, ½ brls, 1,750, $4 75; do, in 10 gallon kegs, $4 00; do, in 5 gallon kegs, $2 75. (Crosse & Blackwell's.)—Gherkins 2 doz, in case, pts, ₩ doz, $3 50; do, 1 doz, in case qts, ₩ doz, $6 75; chow chow, 2 doz, in case, pts, ₩ $3 50; chow chow, 1 doz, in case, qts, ₩ doz, $6 75; mixed, 2 doz, in case, pts, ₩ doz, $3 50; do, 1 doz, in case, qts, ₩ doz, $6 75; cauliflower, 2 doz, in case, pts, ₩ doz, $3 50; do, 1 doz, in case, qts, ₩ doz, $6 75; onions 2 doz, in cases, $4 50, ₩ doz Less than case 25c ₩ doz, extra.

RICE—Carolina, choice per lb, 8c; Louisiana, choice 7⅝c; Louisiana, prime per lb, 7⅛c; Louisiana, fair per lb, 7¼c; Rangoon, 7⅛c. Tapioca per lb, 10c. Sago, East India per lb, 9c; sago, German per lb, 10c.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES—New Orleans molasses—reboiled 39c. Belcher's—Golden syrup, 38c brls, 42c hf brls, 45c kegs, 50c hf kegs; sugar house syrup molasses, 33c brls, 36c hf brls, 40c kegs, 45c hf kegs.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Pittsburg saponifier, $3 25; Greenwich, $3 25; Universal, $3 25; Excelsior granulated $3; Globe, $3 50. All above 4 doz in case

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Western prime, 3½c; Western choice bright, 4c; N. Y. sliced, 5½c; No. 1 Alden, 15c; No. 2 Alden, 12½c. Peaches, Etc.—Western, halves, 4½c; Western mixed, 4c; Western peeled, 13c. Blackberries, dried, 7½c. Raspberries, dried, 38c. Cherries, pitted, 26c.

NUTS—Almonds, Ivicas, ₩ ℔, 18c; Brazil, new ₩ ℔, 9c; filberts, Sicily, ₩ ℔, 11½c; pecans, choice Texas, ₩ ℔, 10c; pecans, choice Indian Territory, ₩ ℔, 8c; peanuts, raw, choice white, in sacks, ₩ ℔, 8c; peanuts, raw, choice red, in sacks, ₩ ℔, 6c; peanuts, roasted, choice red, in sacks, ₩ ℔, 8c; peanuts, roasted, choice white, in sacks, ₩ ℔, 9c; walnuts, Naples, ₩ ℔, 15c.

NAILS—$2 10@15, rates.

N. O. SUGAR—Kettle, 6¾@7⅛c; clarified, 8@8⅛c.

SPICES—Whole—Allspice (sacks about 100 ℔s, ½c less), ₩ ℔ 19c; Cinnamon, in mats, ₩ ℔ 25c; Cloves, best quality, ₩ ℔ 50c; Ginger, Race, ₩ ℔ 10c; Ginger, Jamaica, ₩ ℔ 25c; Mace, ₩ ℔ $1 25; Nutmegs, No. 1 Penang, ₩ ℔ 95; Pepper, sifted Singapore, ½c less in sacks, ₩ ℔ 13½c. Ground—Cream Tartar, 10-℔ cans, ₩ ℔ 30c; Cinnamon, Java, Screw-tops, 6-℔ cans, ₩ ℔ 65c, pure, 6-℔ cans, ₩ ℔ 50c; Ginger, Borneo, Screw-tops, 6-℔ cans, ₩ ℔, 35c; Ginger, African, Pure, 6-℔ cans, ₩ ℔, 25c; Mustard, pure, Screw-tops, 6-℔ cans, ₩ ℔, 35c; Mustard, fine, 6 and 10-℔ cans, ₩ ℔, 30c; Mustard, Superfine, 6-℔ cans, ₩ ℔, 34c; Pepper, Black shot, Screw-top, 6-℔ cans, ₩ ℔, 27½c; Pepper, Black pure, 10-℔ cans, ₩ ℔, 25c; Pepper, Cayenne, African, 6-℔ cans, ₩ ℔, 30c.

Drugs.

(Jobbers' Quotations.)

Acid, citric, ₩ ℔, 65c; tartaric, powdered, 55c. Ammon, carb., 24c; assafoetida, 30c; balsam copaiva, 45c; bismuth subnit, $2 25; blue mass, 40c; blue vitriol, 10c; borax, ref., 12@14c, calomel Amer., 75c; do, English, $1 35; camphor, 32; cream tartar, pure, 32c; cinchonidia sulp., $1 25@1 35; chloroform, 80c; corros. sub. 55c; glycerine, 20@25c; morphine, sulph. $ doz., $3 85; opium, ₩ ℔, $5 50; do, powdered, $7 50; bergamot sand, $3 00; oil lemon sand, $3 00; potash, bichrom, 20c; do, bromide, 55c; do, chlorate, 25c; do, iodide, $4 50; powdered rhubarb, $1 00; powdered ipecac, $1 50; powdered jalap, 40c; quinine, R. & Sons, or P. & W., oz., $3 50; root, gentian, ₩ ℔ 12c; root ginger (Jamaica), ₩, 30c; root rhubarb (E. India), $1 25; root seneca, 50c; root squills 18c; sal epsom, 2¼@3½c, sal nitre com, 6@8c; sal nitre ch.., pure, 14@18c; sal Rochelle, 37c; seed canary, 6c; do cardam, malabar, $3 00; do, hemp, —c; do, mustard, white, 12½c; silver nitrate cryst, ₩ oz., 85c; do, fused, ₩ oz., 85c; soap, castile, mottled, ₩, 9@11c; do, do, white, 15@18c; strychnine, cryst, ₩ oz., $1 75; powdered, $1 60; sulphur, ₩ ℔ 5@6c; zinc, sulphate, 12c

LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1878:

	Receipts. 1879.	1878.	Shipments. 1879.	1878.
Cattle	2,841	3,973	345	1,282
Hogs	3,643	2,718	1,040	1,025
Sheep	942	367	200	....

CATTLE—Grass Texans and Indians in large offering and dull. The demand from the different classes of buyers limited, and they all hold back with considerable unanimity; as a result the proceedings this forenoon were of a light character and prices even a shade lower than at the established declines of yesterday. Chicago and other points are glutted with this kind of stock, and prices in Chicago especially are slaughtered, ranging from $2@2 75 ₩ 100 ℔s for common to good Texan steers. All the Texans will not find sale to-day and at the close will, like on yesterday, lay over a goodly number. For range of prices see the sales given below. The supply of native steers was light, and all offered found prompt and immediate disposal at advances of 10@15c per 100 ℔s. Good and prime cornfed native steers of 1,300 to 1,600 ℔s average in strong demand at $4 85@5 per 100 pounds. Stock and feeding steers slow and unchanged. Milch cows with calves dull.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Export steers	$5 00@5 10
Prime native steers, av. 1,400 to 1,500 ℔s	4 75@4 90
Good to prime graded steers, av. 1,100 to 1,350	4 40@4 70
Fair graded steers, av. 1,050 to 1,200	4 00@4 35
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,200	3 70@4 00
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	2 75@3 40
Good to prime native cows and heifers	2 65@3 25
Common to fair native cows and heifers	2 25@2 60
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	3 00@3 75
Common to good grass Texan steers	2 00@3 00
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 25@4 65
Common to good veal calves, per head	4 00@11 00

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
29	good native steers	1,686	$5 00
17	fair native steers	1,217	4 45
34	good Colorado steers	1,367	4 35
21	fair native steers	1,239	4 95
18	fair native steers	1,275	4 25
12	medium native steers	1,265	4 10
63	light native steers	1,189	3 90
16	light native steers	1,195	3 90
13	light native steers	1,050	3 90
30	fair grass native steers	1,164	3 50
18	fair grass Indian steers	935	2 90
21	fair native butchers	957	2 75
16	fair Indian mixed	775	2 50
24	common Texan mixed	706	2 10
27	common Southwest mixed	537	1 60
29	good Texan steers	877	2 90
44	good Texan steers	895	2 85
40	fair Texan steers	1,035	2 75
19	fair Texan steers	860	2 75
20	fair Texan steers	973	2 70
21	fair Texan steers	878	2 55
41	common Texan mixed	822	2 12½

HOGS—There was considerable activity in the hog market this forenoon, and the moderate supply found ready disposal at strong prices, Yorkers and Baltimores selling quite readily and bringing $3 85@3 90 ₩ 100 ℔s. Shippers had fair orders to fill and could not find enough hogs. Rough heavy slow and mainly very common. Smooth heavy and select butchers in fair inquiry, and the few offered brought $3 75@3 90 per 100 ℔s. Values quiet at $2 50@3 15 for skips and culls; $3 20@3 55 for rough heavy; $3 80@3 90 for Yorkers and Baltimore, and $3 70@3 90 for smooth heavy and select butchers.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
48	151	$3 70	15	110	$3 25
21	139	3 50	43	222	3 90
50	303	3 90	45	190	3 85
15	141	3 50	40	186	3 85
105	184	3 85	51	130	3 25
54	196	3 90	67	209	3 90
69	153	3 80	35	201	3 85
65	178	3 90	40	184	3 90
104	198	3 85	11	224	3 90
62	180	3 85	37	206	3 90
48	197	3 85	11	277	3 20
106	200	3 9	27	225	....
10	208	3 90	20	190	3 90
29	199	3 90	56	159	3 80
127	173	3 90			

SHEEP—There is no particular change to note whatever in the sheep market. Eastern and butcher demand quite fair for good muttons. Supply scant, and mainly of common and medium mixed grades. Spring lambs in demand. Values quiet.

We quote: $2 25@2 75 for common to medium muttons clipped, $2 85@3 40 for fair to good and $3 50@3 60 for choice. Extra heavy and prime shipping sheep $3 60@3 75 per 100 ℔s. Lambs $1@2 50 per head. Texan sheep $2 25@3 00 per head.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
83	fair native sheep	90	$2 70
61	fair native sheep	91	2 65
38	light native sheep	78	2 40

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, July 16.—Hogs—Light steady and firm, heavy quiet; common at $3 00@3 50; fair to good light $3 65@3 85; packing grades $3 75@3 85; butchers' $3 85@3 90. Receipts, 1,104.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Hogs—Light at $3 85@3 90; heavy shipping $3 70@3 90. Cattle quiet. Receipts 3,500.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

By Western Associated Press.

BALTIMORE, July 16.—Cotton dull; middlings 12½c. Flour steady; Western superfine $3 25@75; extra $4@5; family $5 25@6. Wheat—Western lower; No. 2 Western winter spot $1 13⅛, July $1 13@⅛, August $1 12⅛@⅜, September $1 12¾@⅞. Corn—Western lower; Western mixed spot and July 44⅛@44¼c, August 45⅛@⅜c, September 45⅝@⅞c; steamer 41@¼c. Oats firm and steady; Western white 40@42c, do mixed 38@39c, Pennsylvania 40@42c. Rye steady at 58c. Hay firm and active; prime to choice Pennsylvania and Maryland $15@16. Provisions easier. Mess pork $10 50. Bulk meat—loose shoulders 4⅜c, clear rib sides 5⅜c, hams 11@12c. Lard 7c. Butter quiet; prime to choice Western packed 10@¼c. Eggs dull at 9½@10c.

CHICAGO, July 16.—Wheat unsettled, weak and lower; No. 2 winter $1 01⅛ cash; $1 01 July; $1 00⅞ August; No. 2 spring 98¼c cash; 98c July; $1 07⅛ bid August; $1 05⅛ September. Corn weak and lower; 36c cash; 36⅛c August; 37⅛c September. Oats weak and lower; 30c cash, 26⅝c August; 25⅝c September. Rye and barley steady. Pork firm at $8 75 cash, $7 bid August; $8 bid September. Lard firmer; $5 85 cash; $5 85 bid August; $5 87½ bid September. Whisky $5. Hogs—Receipts 10,000; light $3 95@4 05, closing weak; heavy shipping $3 70@3 90.

NEW YORK, July 16.—Cotton dull and unchanged. Flour without important change; receipts 12,000 brls; sales, 11,000 brls. Rye flour steady. Wheat—Spring quiet and unchanged; winter heavy; 1@1½c lower; receipts 228,000; sales 184,000; No. 2 red July $1 16. Rye quiet, firm and unchanged. Corn ¼@½c lower; receipts 107,000; sales 75,000; price unchanged. Barley nominal. Oats firm; receipts 45,000, sales 30,000; 39¼@44 for white. Pork quiet, steady and unchanged. Beef steady. Lard unchanged.

TOLEDO, July 16.—Wheat dull; amber Michigan cash $1 09; No. 2 red cash $1 09; July $1 04⅛; August $1 02⅛ asked, $1 02 bid; September $1 02; new spot $1 06 asked, $1 04⅛ bid; Western amber new $1 04⅛; No. 2 amber, Illinois, new $1 05. Corn quiet; No. 2 seller July 38⅛c bid; September 38⅝c; rejected 37⅛c. Oats nominal.

MILWAUKEE, July 16.—Wheat declined ⅜@2c. Noon board closed steady at $1 07 hard, 99c No. 2, 98⅛c July, 97⅛c August, 96c September, 87c No. 3, 81c No. 4, 74c rejected. Receipts 27,900, shipments 28,200. Corn, dull 36c for No. 2. Oats dull at 30c No. 2. Rye steady at 53c for No. 1. Barley steady at 67c for No. 2.

CINCINNATI, July 16.—Flour steady. Wheat easier at 98c@$1 04. Corn firm at 40½@41c. Oats quiet at 33@36c. Whisky firm and active at $1 04. Pork nominal. Lard held at 5.90c; bulk meats held at 3.50@4.45@4.75c; bacon 4⅜@5.10@5.20@5⅜c.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., July 16.—Flour—Higher grades quite firm; xxx $4 25@5; family $5 37½@5 75; receipts 1,395 bbls. Corn weak; mixed 47c; white 54c; yellow 49c. Oats easy at 36@37c. Hay dull; choice $20@23; prime $17. Cornmeal quiet at $2 50.

DETROIT, July 16.—Flour steady. Wheat steady; extra, $1 11 asked; No. 1 white $1 10; July $1 09⅛; August $1 05⅛ bid; September $1 05⅛, milling $1 00 asked; amber new July, $1 05 bid. Receipts—Wheat, 5,769. Shipments none.



Notwithstanding the fact that we have the town "by the ears" on our "Famous" Patent-Bound-Bosom-re-enforced Shirt, unlaundried, together with our Wamsutta-Muslin-All-Linen-Bosom-and-Cuffs-Shirt, which we dispose of for $1, and the 4-ply pure Linen Collar 5 for 25 cents, or 55 cents a dozen, and the multitude of other bargains we are giving the public, we wish it to be distinctly understood that we have both Shirts and Collars of as fine fabric and make as can be shown by any house, no matter where. Another important fact not to be lost sight of, we sell made Neckwear in Scarfs for 90 cents that in all "swell" houses are sold for $1 50 and $2 sure. In conclusion, Furnishing Goods of every description can be bought 25 and 50 per cent lower than elsewhere at the

"FAMOUS,"
705 to 715 Franklin Avenue.

THE GREATEST BARGAI...
OF THE SEASON.
Our Marseilles and Duck Vests for Men, at 75c. Please call and see them.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
200 and 202 N. Fifth, Cor. Pine.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIG'S CAVE.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 14, 15 and 16
STEWART COMIC OPERA COMPANY,
Last time of Pinafore.
Thursday evening—THE BELLS OF CORNEVILLE.

OLD WHISKY.
I have for sale a lot of the O. F. C. Taylor, February '74, which I sell low to the trade. This is the best in the market.
ADAM ROTH,
109 and 111 North Main st.

G. S. VAN WAGONER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Insurance Exchange Building,
S. E. Cor. Fifth and Olive Sts., St. Louis.
Attends to all legal business.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms for rent. S.E. corner Ninth and Chestnut sts. 16

GIRL to cook, wash and iron. Must be well recommended. Call at 109 N. Channing ave. (Thirty-fourth street). 16

BY A BOY OF 16 YEARS—Employment with a mechanic or in a store. Resides at home. Is handy with tools. Address J. P., No. 225 Elm street. 16

STATIONER—A well qualified and reliable man wishes to engage as stationer for a railroad or some large manufacturing company. Address BLANKS, this office. 16

ONE true friend (with means) wanted, by a lady, stranger in the city. His word must be law. Triflers need not address KATHRENA, this office.

GOOD GIRL—A girl for housework in a small family. Call for two days, 1213 Poplar st.

IN a wholesale grocery house, an assistant bookkeeper who has had experience and is competent and accurate. Salary $10 per week. Address GROCER, care Mr. More, letter carrier. 16

DIED.

McDONALD.—On Tuesday, July 15, at 11 o'clock p. m., MRS. MARGARET McDONALD, aged 64.

Funeral Thursday, July 17, at 4 o'clock p. m., from the residence of Mrs. Somerville, 813 N. Sixteenth street.

LOTTERIES.

L.S.L.
A Splendid Opportunity to win a fortune. Eighth Grand Distribution, Class H, at New Orleans, Tuesday, August 12, 1879—111th Monthly Drawing
Louisiana State Lottery Comp'y.
This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, for the term of Twenty-five years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its grand single number distribution will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution:
CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.
100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH. HALF-TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.
LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize	$30,000
1 Capital Prize	10,000
1 Capital Prize	5,000
2 Prizes of $2,500	5,000
5 Prizes of 1,000	5,000
20 Prizes of 500	10,000
100 Prizes of 100	10,000
200 Prizes of 50	10,000
500 Prizes of 20	10,000
1000 Prizes of 10	10,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.	
9 Approximation Prizes of $300	2,700
9 Approximation Prizes of 200	1,800
9 Approximation Prizes of 100	900
1,857 Prizes, amounting to	$110,400

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.
Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the Home Office in New Orleans.
Write, clearly stating full address, for further information, or send orders to
M. A. DAUPHIN,
P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La.,
or
E. KAUB & CO.,
421 Walnut st., St. Louis, Mo.
All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of Gens. G. T. Beauregard and Jubal A. Early.

Louisiana, Missouri & Havana Lotteries.
Tickets for sale and sealed circulars sent by addressing
E. KAUB & CO.,
417 Walnut street, St. Louis, Mo.

ESTABLISHED 1855.
General Agency of the Missouri, Louisiana, Havana, Kentucky, Commonwealth and all German Lotteries.
Tickets for sale, sealed circulars sent, and all information given by applying to HENRY LEHNDORF, No. 110 SOUTH FOURTH STREET. St. Louis, Mo.

Kentucky State Lottery,
$15,000 for $1.
DRAWS on the 15th and 31st of every month. Authorized Western Agency, where tickets are sold and prizes cashed. HENRY LEHNDORF, 110 South Fourth Street.

STEAMBOATS.

MISSOURI RIVER.

KANSAS CITY PACKET CO.—STAR LINE.
For Augusta, Jefferson City, Boonville, Glasgow, Cambridge and New Frankfort.
Str. BELLE ST. LOUIS.......CARTWRIGHT, Master.
Leaves every Tuesday, at 5 p. m.

For Augusta, Washington and Hermann.
Str. MATTIE BELLE.......WM. BALL, Master.
Leaves every Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m.

Jefferson City, Boonville, Glasgow, Cambridge, New Frankfort, Lexington and Kansas City.
Str. E.H. DURFEE.......Keith, Master.
Leaves Wednesday, July 16, at 5 p. m., from wharf-boat foot of Olive st.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, HUNTER BEN JENKINS, Agents.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.
Summer Arrangement for 1879.
For Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy, Clarksville, Keokuk, Burlington, Muscatine, Rock Island, Davenport, Galena, Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona and St. Paul.
The New and Elegant Passenger Steamer
JOSIE HARRY,
MILT. HARRY, MASTER,
Will leave foot of Washington avenue at 3:30 p. m., as follows: THURSDAY, July 17; SATURDAY, July 26; MONDAY, August 4; WEDNESDAY, August 13, and continue in the trade throughout the season. "Opposition is the life of trade." I ask a liberal share of the business. For freight or passage apply on board or to P. S. DROWN, Agent.
SPECIAL.—Will leave on first trip FRIDAY, 18th at 3:30 p. m.

Keokuk Northern Line Packet Co.
For Burlington, Muscatine, Rock Island, Davenport, Dubuque, La Crosse, Winona and St. Paul.
CLINTON.......Burk, Master.
Leaves THURSDAY, July 17.

For Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Clarksville and all way Landings.
Str. BALD EAGLE.......Williams, Master.
Leaves WEDNESDAY, 16.

For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Keokuk.
Str. WAR EAGLE.......Thompson, Master.
Leaves TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 p. m.

For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy and Keokuk.
STR. GOLDEN EAGLE.......Asbury, Master.
Leaves MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 4 p. m.
W. F. DAVIDSON, President.

DIAMOND JO. LINE,
For Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, McGregor, St. Paul and Minneapolis.
Str. JOSEPHINE,
Congar.......Master.
Leaves WEDNESDAY evening, July 16. Loading at the foot of Washington avenue. Through rates given to all points on the Han. and St. Jo. and M.. I. and N. Railroads.
T. J. BUFORD, Agent. 517 North Levee.

SPECIAL EXCURSION STEAMER
Monday Noon, July, 21,
The large, fine packet
ROB ROY
(Just thoroughly repaired and painted)
Will leave St. Louis for St. Paul and Minneapolis.
Engage state-rooms early.

EAGLE PACKET COMPANY.
For Madison, Alton and Grafton.
Str. SPREAD EAGLE.......H. Leyhe, Master.
Leaves this day at 3 p. m.
Receiving at Eagle Packet Company's wharfboat, foot of Vine street.
HENRY LEYHE, Supt.
TRUE DODGE, Agent.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.
FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.
STEAMER
ANNIE P. SILVER.
Silver.......Master.
Leaves SATURDAY, July 19, at 5 p. m.
STEAMER
JNO. A. SCUDDER,
CALVERT.......Master.
Leaves WEDNESDAY, July 16, at 5 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on wharfboat, foot of Market street.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. Ft. Agt.

KOUNTZ LINE.
For Chester, Cape Girardeau, Grand Tower, and all way landings, the steamer
JOHN D. SCULLY.
O. T. IRONS.......Master.
Leaves every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 5 p. m., from Kountz Line wharfboat.
JOHN W. KING, Agent.

KOUNTZ LINE.
For Memphis and all Way Landings.
Str. MOLLIE MOORE.......John B. Davis, Master.
Leaves THURSDAY EVENING July 17, at 5 p.m. Wharfboat foot of Myrtle st. JOHN W. KING, Agent.

KOUNTZ LINE RATES.
For New Orleans and all way-landings, Memphis, Greenville, Helena, Vicksburg, Natchez, Baton Rouge, and all landings.
Str. E. O. STANARD,
SEAMAN.......Master.
Leaves FRIDAY Evening, July 18th.

RATES.	Bacon, Heavy ft. ₩100.	Flour, Meal, ₩brl.	Pork, ₩brl.	Light Mdse. ₩100
Memphis and N. Orleans	10	20	30	....
Wharf boat landings	12½	25	37½	....
Bank landings	15	30	45	....

JOHN W. KING, Agent.

PLEASURE YACHT
The new and elegant steam yacht FROLIC ... able for picnic and moonlight excursion parties ... be secured by applying on board to ... HUNTER BEN JENKINS, ... Line Wharfboat.